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 Chemical Engineering
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It is discovered that 600ft³/min of fresh air flows into a room containing 20000ft³ of air. The mixture which is made practically uniform by circulating fans is exhausted at a rate of 600 cubic feet per minute.

If the room contain no fresh air initially

- 1) develop a model for the amount of fresh air in the room
- 2) calculate the time at which 90% of the air in the room will become fresh
- 3) with Matlab plot the dynamic response of the amount of fresh air in the room for $t = 0$ to $t = 6$ hr using a step of 0.1 min. did the steady state value of the amount of fresh air in the room and compare on the result obtained

So!

let y = amount of air at time t in ft³
 $\frac{dy}{dt}$ = Air-inflow rate - fresh air outflow rate
 fresh air inflow --- 600ft³/min
 air outflow --- $\frac{y}{2000} \cdot 600 = 0.03y$

The amount flowing out of the room is a function of the amount in the room = $0.03y$ ft³/min

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 600 - 0.03y$$

$$= -0.03y + 600$$

$$= -0.03(y - 20000)$$

we can be separated as

$$\frac{dy}{y - 20000} = -0.03 dt$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y - 20000} = \int -0.03 dt$$

$$\ln(y - 20000) = -0.03t + C$$

$$y - 20000 = e^{-0.03t + C}$$

$$y - 20000 = e^{-0.03t} \cdot e^C$$

at $t = 0$ $y = 0$ some rearrangement was undertaken

$$y - 20000 = e^{-0.03t} \cdot C$$

in the room

$$y - 20000 = e^{-0.03t} \cdot C$$

$$C = -20000$$

By substituting $C = -20000$

$$y - 20000 = e^{-0.03t} \cdot -20000$$

$$y = e^{-0.03t} \cdot -20000 + 20000$$

$$y = 20000 - 20000e^{-0.03t}$$

(y = 20000(1 - e^{-0.03t}))
 model for amount of fresh air

b) $90\% = 0.9$ $1 = 0.9$ of 20000

$$16000 = 20000(1 - e^{-0.03t})$$

$$0.9 = 1 - e^{-0.03t}$$

$$e^{-0.03t} = 0.1$$

$$t = \frac{-2.3026}{-0.03}$$

$$= 77 \text{ mins}$$

c) With Matlab
 command window

clear

clc

clear all

$$y = 20000 * (1 - \exp(-0.03 * t))$$

t = 0:0.1:600

y = subs(y)

plot(t,y)

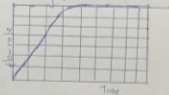
xlabel('Time(min)')

ylabel('Amount of fresh air')

end

grid minor

axis tight



d) The Steady state value of the amount of fresh air is 20000ft³ at 20000ft³ exponential approach

e) The function shows an exponential growth to the limit of 20000ft³ by y increase with time and the steady value was 20000ft³ of 20000ft³ it would for 6 hours