

DAFE MERCY EBELE

16/ENG1014

Elect / Eled Engineering  
ENG1382

### Question

If the dynamics of a crude oil spreading system is described by the expression given in Equation (1) where  $d$  is the distance of spread,  $t$  &  $\beta$  are model constants, and the time series data generated from the experiments carried out on the system are as given in Table 1, estimate the values of  $t$  and  $\beta$

- manually
- with the aid of Microsoft Excel using the regression tool,
- with the aid of MATLAB using the regress command and

d) In each of the cases a) to c) estimate the values of the

- Correlation Coefficient ( $R$ )
- square of the Correlation Coefficient ( $R^2$ ) and
- Comment on the results obtained in d)

$$d = t\beta^t$$

Table 1

$t$ (hr)	$d$ (m)
0	2
1	5
2	19
3	50
4	151
5	470
6	1435
7	4512

8	12936
9	41125
10	111021

Answer

$$d = \alpha \beta^t$$

$$\log d = \log \alpha + \log \beta^t \quad (\text{Taking the log of both sides})$$

$$\log d = \log \alpha + t \log \beta$$

Where

$$Y = a_0 + a_1 x$$

$$a = \log \beta, x = t, a_0 = \log \alpha, Y = \log d$$

$$Yx = a_0 x + a_1 x^2$$

$$\sum Y = N a_0 + a_1 \sum x \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\sum Yx = a_0 \sum x + a_1 \sum x^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Where  $N = 11$

from the table below calculated

$$\sum Y = 29.4113$$

$$\sum x = 55$$

$$\sum Yx = 199.8269$$

$$\sum x^2 = 103.962$$

$$\sum x^2 = 385$$



t (sec)	d (m)	log d (y)	yx	x <sup>2</sup>	y <sup>2</sup>	
0	2	0.30103	0	0	0.090619	
1	5	0.69897	0.69897	1	0.488559	
2	19	1.278754	2.552507	4	1.635211	
3	50	1.69897	5.09091	9	2.886499	
4	151	2.178977	8.715908	16	4.747941	
5	470	2.672048	13.36049	25	7.140107	
6	1435	3.156858	18.44111	36	9.965714	
7	4512	3.654369	25.58058	49	13.35441	
8	12936	4.1118	32.8944	64	16.9069	
9	41125	4.614106	41.52695	81	21.28997	
10	111021	5.045405	50.45405	100	25.46511	
Σ	55	171726	29.41133	199.8269	385	103.962

$$29.41133 = 11a_0 + 55a_1 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$199.8269 = 55a_0 + 385a_1 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

making  $a_0$  subject of the formula

$$29.41133 - 55a_1 = 11a_0$$

$$a_0 = \frac{29.41133 - 55a_1}{11} \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

Sub (iii) into (i)

$$199.8269 = 5 \left[ \frac{29.41133 - 55a_1}{11} \right] + 385a_1$$

$$199.8269 = 5(29.41133 - 55a_1) + 385a_1$$

$$199.8269 = 147.05665 - 275a_1 + 385a_1$$

$$199.8269 - 147.05665 = 385a_1 - 275a_1$$

$$52.77025 = 110a_1$$

$$a_1 = \frac{52.77025}{110}$$

$$a_1 = 0.4797$$

$$a_0 = \frac{29.41133 - 55 \times 0.4797}{11}$$

$$a_0 = 29.41133 - 26.3235 = a_0 = 0.2752$$

$$a_0 = \log \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \log^{-1} 0.2752$$

$$\alpha = 1.8845$$

$$a_1 = \log \beta$$

$$\beta = \log^{-1} 0.4797$$

$$\beta = 3.0178$$

Correlation Coefficient (R)

$$R = \frac{N \sum xy - (\sum x)(\sum y)}{\sqrt{(N \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2)(N \sum y^2 - (\sum y)^2)}}$$

$$R = \frac{(11 + 199.8569) - (55 + 29.41133)}{\sqrt{(11 + 385) - 55^2)(11 + 103.962 - (29.41133)^2}}$$

$$R = 0.9998460887$$

$$R^2 = (0.9998460887)^2$$

$$= 0.9996922011$$

$$R = 0.9998$$

$$R^2 = 0.9997$$

e) From the answer above, it shows that  $R^2 < R$