

Name: ALEGBELEYE OLUWATERRI CADIPUPO  
Matric No. 17/ENG04/011  
Department: ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

### ENG200 ASSIGNMENTS SOLUTION

a. Define Mathematical modelling

Mathematical modelling is a mathematical representation of a system and simulation of a system, which involves solving the model and obtaining its output variable for different values of its input variable or as input variable is changed from one value to another.

b. Methods of obtaining a Model

- Differentiating.
- Use of Balance Law

c. Solution

$$T(0) = 10^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$T(\infty) = 20^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\text{Actual temp.} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} = T_a$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = k(T - T_a)$$

$$dT = k(T - T_a) dt$$

$$\frac{dT}{(T - T_a)} = k dt$$

Integrating both sides

$$\ln(T - T_a) = kt + C$$

$$T - T_a = e^{kt + C}$$

$$\text{Let } e^C \text{ be } A.$$

$$T - T_a = e^{kt} \cdot A$$

$$T - T_a = Ae^{kt}$$

$$T = Ae^{kt} + T_a$$

when  $T = 10$

$$10 = Ae^{k(0)} + 25$$

$$10 = A + 25$$

$$A = 10 - 25$$

$$A = -15$$

$$T = 25 - 15e^{kt}$$

$$\text{At } t(s) = 20$$

$$20 = 25 - 15e^{k(20)}$$

$$20 = 25 - 15e^{5k}$$

$$15e^{5k} = 25 - 20$$

$$15e^{5k} = 5$$

$$e^{5k} = 0.3333$$

$$5k = \ln 0.3333$$

$$5k = -1.0986$$

$$k = -0.22$$

$$T(t) = 25 - 15e^{-0.22t} \rightarrow \text{Relating Equation}$$

## ii Using Microsoft Excel

• Pick a cell box insert 't'

• Pick another box insert 'T'

• Under the already labelled box 1 't'

- insert a value of 0 in an empty box

- Go to **Formulas** Fill

- Adjust **Click on Series**

- Insert a step value of 1

- Change the ~~type~~ <sup>Series in</sup> to columns

- Insert a stop value of 60

- **Preview** Under the already labelled box 2 'T'

- Pick a box

- insert  $=25 - (15 * \text{EXP}(-0.22 * A2))$

- Auto fill

- Go to insert

- Pick a graph of choice

- Label the graph.

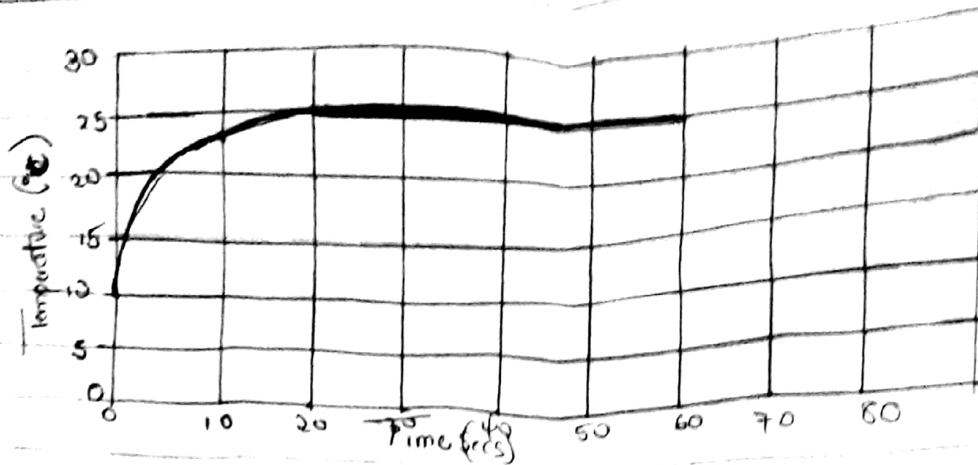
Output

Temperature (°C)	30
	25
	20
	15
	10
	5
	0

Class

Co
cl
cl
cl
cl
t =
T =
Pl
c

Output



(Using MATLAB

Command window

clear

clc

close all

t = 0:1:60

$$T = 25 - 15 * \exp(-0.22 * t)$$

Plot (t, T)

grid on

grid minor

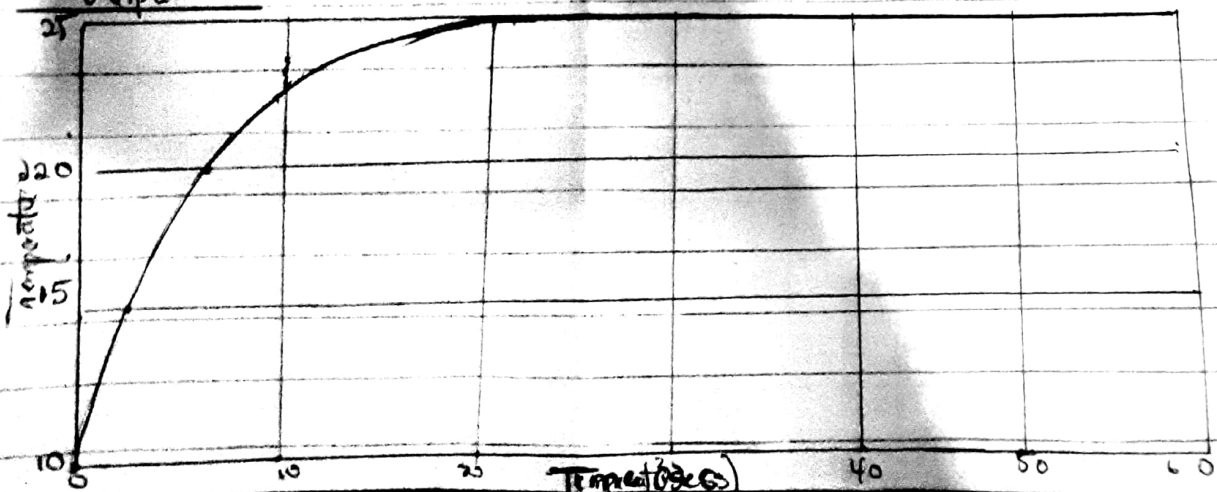
xlabel('Time(secs)')

ylabel('Temperature')

grid on

grid minor

output



2) ~~Using Excel's dynamic response, the steady-state temperature of the system would be 25°C at 20 minutes.~~

✓) Using the developed model equation, the temperature of the thermometer at  $t \rightarrow \infty$  will be 25°C.