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 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.
 ASSIGNMENT I
 ENGG282

A differential equation is a relationship between an independent variable (x) and dependent variable (y) and one or more derivative of y w.r.t to x

Eg $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 2 + y/x$

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = y + y/x$

~~6~~ $y = Ae^{-4x} + Be^{-6x}$

i) A second order differential equation

ii) A second order differential equation can be formed because it contains 2 constants in the degenerate equation

iii) $y = Ae^{-4x} + Be^{-6x}$

Solution

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = -4Ae^{-4x} - 6Be^{-6x}$ (1)

$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = 16Ae^{-4x} + 36Be^{-6x}$ (2)

Solving eqn (1) and (2) simultaneously

Multiply eqn 1 by 6.

$\therefore 6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = -24Ae^{-4x} - 36Be^{-6x}$ (3)

$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = +16Ae^{-4x} + 36Be^{-6x}$ (4)

$6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = 8Ae^{-4x}$

$\therefore A = \frac{6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}}{8e^{-4x}}$ (5)

Substituting eqns into eqn 1

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 4 \left(\frac{6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}}{8e^{-4x}} \right) e^{-4x} - 6Be^{-6x}$

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}}{2} - 6Be^{-6x}$

Multiply through by 2

$2 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} - 12Be^{-6x}$

$2 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} - 6 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} - 12Be^{-6x}$

$-4 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = -12Be^{-6x}$

$-4 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = -12Be^{-6x} \therefore \frac{4 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}}{12e^{-6x}} = B$