

# Scanned Documents

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## Assignment

- a) Define Mathematical Modelling  
Mathematical modelling is defined as the act of describing a system and its process using mathematical concepts and language.
- b) Outline two methods of obtaining mathematical Model for Engineering system  
→ Transition from the physical situation (Physical System) to its mathematical formulation (i.e. Mathematical Model)  
→ Solution by a Mathematical Method
- c) A thermometer that initially reads  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  is used to measure the temperature of a system. The temperature of the thermometer is discovered to be  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  after 5 mins of insertion into the system, if the actual temperature of the system is  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
  - i) develop a model for the system
  - ii) Simulate the developed model for time  $t=0$  to  $t=60$  mins using a step time of 1 min with the aid of Microsoft excel
  - iii) Obtain the dynamic response of the system with the aid of matlab without using Sys command, for  $t=0$  to  $t=60$  mins using a step of 1 min

Using either  
steady-state  
Using the slow  
the temperature

Let  $T(t)$  be the  
actual temperature  
 $\frac{dT}{dt} = k(T - T_A)$

The  $D$  is variable  
 $\frac{dT}{dt} = k(T - T_A)$   
integrating both

$\int \frac{dT}{T - T_A} = \int k dt$   
 $\ln(T - T_A) = k t + C$   
 $T - T_A = e^{k t + C}$   
 $T - T_A = e^C e^{k t}$   
 $C = e^C \dots \dots$   
 $T(t) = T_A + C$

To find  $C$ , given  
 $T(t) = T_A + C e^{k t}$   
 $10 = 25 + C$   
 $C = 10 - 25$   
 $= -15$

$\therefore T(t) = 25 - 15 e^{k t}$