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Computer Engineering

ENG 382

- ① The model for the temperature distribution in a rod of length  $L = 6\text{ cm}$  is as given in eqn 1;

$$\frac{dT(x,t)}{dt} = \frac{C d^2 T(x,t)}{dx^2}$$

Where;  $C = 2.2\text{ cm}^2/\text{hr}$

with the conditions and the temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

$$T(x, 0) = 3x^2$$

$$T(0, t) = 0$$

$$T(L, t) = -108$$

Using  $\Delta t = 0.02\text{ hr}$  and  $\Delta x = 0.3\text{ cm}$ , obtain the temperature profile of the system for  $0 \leq t \leq 0.3\text{ hr}$

- ② Manually, in tabular form, solving up to  $t = 0.02\text{ hr}$  and  $x = 6\text{ cm}$ .  
solution.

Using explicit forward euler method

$$U_i^{k+1} = \gamma [U_{i+1}^k + U_{i-1}^k] + [1 - 2\gamma] U_i^k$$

When  $i = 1$

$$U_{1,j+1} = \gamma U_{2,j} + \gamma U_{0,j} + (1 - 2\gamma) U_{1,j}$$

$$\text{but } \gamma = \frac{C \cdot \Delta t}{(\Delta x)^2} = \frac{2.2 \times 0.02}{0.3^2} = 0.49$$

$$[1 - (2 \times 0.49)] = 0.02$$

Rewriting the explicit forward euler method;

For when  $i = 1$  to  $19$

$$U_{1,j+1} = 0.49 U_{0,j} + 0.49 U_{2,j} + 0.02 U_{1,j}$$

$$U_{2,j+1} = 0.49 U_{1,j} + 0.49 U_{3,j} + 0.02 U_{2,j}$$

$$U_{3,j+1} = 0.49 U_{2,j} + 0.49 U_{4,j} + 0.02 U_{3,j}$$

$$U_{4,j+1} = 0.49 U_{3,j} + 0.49 U_{5,j} + 0.02 U_{4,j}$$

$$U_{5,j+1} = 0.49 U_{4,j} + 0.49 U_{6,j} + 0.02 U_{5,j}$$

$$U_{6,j+1} = 0.49 U_{5,j} + 0.49 U_{7,j} + 0.02 U_{6,j}$$

$$U_{7,j+1} = 0.49 U_{6,j} + 0.49 U_{8,j} + 0.02 U_{7,j}$$

$$U_{8,j+1} = 0.49 U_{7,j} + 0.49 U_{9,j} + 0.02 U_{8,j}$$

$$U_{9,j+1} = 0.49 U_{8,j} + 0.49 U_{10,j} + 0.02 U_{9,j}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
u_{10,j+1} &= 0.49u_{9,j} + 0.49u_{11,j} + 0.02u_{10,j} \\
u_{11,j+1} &= 0.49u_{10,j} + 0.49u_{12,j} + 0.02u_{11,j} \\
u_{12,j+1} &= 0.49u_{11,j} + 0.49u_{13,j} + 0.02u_{12,j} \\
u_{13,j+1} &= 0.49u_{12,j} + 0.49u_{14,j} + 0.02u_{13,j} \\
u_{14,j+1} &= 0.49u_{13,j} + 0.49u_{15,j} + 0.02u_{14,j} \\
u_{15,j+1} &= 0.49u_{14,j} + 0.49u_{16,j} + 0.02u_{15,j} \\
u_{16,j+1} &= 0.49u_{15,j} + 0.49u_{17,j} + 0.02u_{16,j} \\
u_{17,j+1} &= 0.49u_{16,j} + 0.49u_{18,j} + 0.02u_{17,j} \\
u_{18,j+1} &= 0.49u_{17,j} + 0.49u_{19,j} + 0.02u_{18,j} \\
u_{19,j+1} &= 0.49u_{18,j} + 0.49u_{20,j} + 0.02u_{19,j}
\end{aligned}$$

For the boundary condition.

$T(x, 0) = 3x^2$  with  $x$  ranging from 0 to 6 cm with step size of 0.3

$$T(x_0, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(0.3)^2 = 0.27$$

$$T(x_1, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(0.6)^2 = 1.08$$

$$T(x_2, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(0.9)^2 = 2.43$$

$$T(x_3, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(1.2)^2 = 4.32$$

$$T(x_4, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(1.5)^2 = 6.75$$

$$T(x_5, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(1.8)^2 = 9.72$$

$$T(x_6, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(2.1)^2 = 13.23$$

$$T(x_7, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(2.4)^2 = 17.28$$

$$T(x_8, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(2.7)^2 = 21.87$$

$$T(x_9, 0) = 3x^2 = 3(3)^2 = 27$$

$$T(0, t) = 0, T(6, t) = 108$$

temperature has a range of 0 to 0.3 hr with step size of 0.02 hr. To get to 0.02 hr,  $j=0$ .

When  $j=0$  [replacing  $u$  with  $T$ ]

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{1,1} &= 0.49u_{0,0} + 0.49u_{2,0} + 0.02u_{1,0} \\
&= 0.49(0) + 0.49(1.08) + 0.02(0.27) \\
&= 0.5346
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{2,1} &= 0.49u_{1,0} + 0.49u_{3,0} + 0.02u_{2,0} \\
&= 0.49(0.27) + 0.49(2.43) + 0.02(1.08) \\
&= 1.3446
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{3,1} &= 0.49u_{2,0} + 0.49u_{4,0} + 0.02u_{3,0} \\
 &= 0.49(1.08) + 0.49(4.32) + 0.02(2.43) \\
 &= 2.6946
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{4,1} &= 0.49u_{3,0} + 0.49u_{5,0} + 0.02u_{4,0} \\
 &= 0.49(2.43) + 0.49(6.75) + 0.02(4.32) \\
 &= 4.5846
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{5,1} &= 0.49u_{4,0} + 0.49u_{6,0} + 0.02u_{5,0} \\
 &= 0.49(4.32) + 0.49(9.72) + 0.02(6.75) \\
 &= 7.0146
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{6,1} &= 0.49T_{5,0} + 0.49T_{7,0} + 0.02T_{6,0} \\
 &= 0.49(6.75) + 0.49(13.23) + 0.02(9.72) \\
 &= 9.9846
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{7,1} &= 0.49T_{6,0} + 0.49T_{8,0} + 0.02T_{7,0} \\
 &= 0.49(9.72) + 0.49(17.25) + 0.02(13.23) \\
 &= 13.4946
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{8,1} &= 0.49T_{7,0} + 0.49T_{9,0} + 0.02T_{8,0} \\
 &= 0.49(13.23) + 0.49(21.87) + 0.02(17.28) \\
 &= 17.5446
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{9,1} &= 0.49T_{8,0} + 0.49T_{10,0} + 0.02T_{9,0} \\
 &= 0.49(17.28) + 0.49(22) + 0.02(21.87) \\
 &= 22.1346
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{10,1} &= 0.49T_{9,0} + 0.49T_{11,0} + 0.02T_{10,0} \\
 &= 0.49(21.87) + 0.49(32.67) + 0.02(22) \\
 &= 27.2646
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{11,1} &= 0.49T_{10,0} + 0.49T_{12,0} + 0.02T_{11,0} \\
 &= 0.49(22) + 0.49(38.88) + 0.02(32.67) \\
 &= 32.9346
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{12,1} &= 0.49T_{11,0} + 0.49T_{13,0} + 0.02T_{12,0} \\
 &= 0.49(32.67) + 0.49(45.63) + 0.02(38.88) \\
 &= 39.1446
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{13,1} &= 0.49T_{12,0} + 0.49T_{14,0} + 0.02T_{13,0} \\
 &= 0.49(38.88) + 0.49(59.2) + 0.02(45.63) = 45.8946
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{14,1} &= 0.49T_{13,0} + 0.49T_{15,0} + 0.02T_{14,0} \\
 &= 0.49(45.63) + 0.49(60.75) + 0.02(52.92) = 53.1846
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{15,1} &= 0.49T_{14,0} + 0.49T_{16,0} + 0.02T_{15,0} \\
 &= 0.49(52.92) + 0.49(69.12) + 0.02(60.75) = 61.0146
 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{16,1} = 0.49 T_{15,0} + 0.49 T_{17,0} + 0.02 T_{16,0}$$

$$= 0.49(60.75) + 0.49(78.03) + 0.02(69.12) = 69.3846$$

$$T_{17,1} = 0.49 T_{16,0} + 0.49 T_{18,0} + 0.02 T_{17,0}$$

$$= 0.49(69.12) + 0.49(87.48) + 0.02(78.03)$$

$$= 78.2946$$

$$T_{18,1} = 0.49 T_{17,0} + 0.49 T_{19,0} + 0.02 T_{18,0}$$

$$= 0.49(78.03) + 0.49(97.47) + 0.02(87.48) = 87.7446$$

$$T_{19,1} = 0.49 T_{18,0} + 0.49 T_{20,0} + 0.02 T_{19,0}$$

$$= 0.49(87.48) + 0.49(108) + 0.02(97.47)$$

$$= 97.7346$$

Table for solving up to  $t = 0.02 \text{ hr}$  and  $x = 6 \text{ cm}$ .

$x$	0	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.6
$T(0)$	0	0.77	1.08	2.43	4.32	6.75	9.72	13.23	17.28	21.87	27.00	32.67	38.88
0.02	0	0.5346	1.3446	2.6946	4.5846	7.0146	9.9846	13.4946	17.5446	22.1346	27.2646	32.9346	39.1446

$x$	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.7	6.0
$T(0)$	45.63	52.92	60.75	69.12	78.03	87.48	97.47	108
0.02	45.8946	53.1846	61.0146	69.3846	78.2946	87.7446	97.7346	108