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Matric Number: 17/ENG04/027

### Assignment

1) The dynamic model of a body in motion performing damped free vibration is an equation (1)  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$

(a) Using the auxiliary equation method, obtain the solution of the model in form of an expression having  $x$  as a function of  $t$ .

(b) With aid of MATLAB mfile program plot the relationship between  $x$  and  $t$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 15$  time unit using a step size of 0.01 unit and

(c) Write the steady state solution of the model in form of  $x = k \sin(t + a)$

Solution:

$$a \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

$$\text{Auxiliary Equation: } m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$= m^2 + 2m + 3m + 6 = 0$$

$$m(m+2) + 3(m+2) = 0$$

$$m = -3 \text{ or } -2$$

$$\text{Complementary function: } x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t}$$

$$\text{Particular Integral Assume } x = C \cos t + D \sin t$$

$$\therefore \frac{dx}{dt} = -C \sin t + D \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -C \cos t - D \sin t$$

Putting the value of  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$ ;  $\frac{dx}{dt}$  in the equation

$$-C \cos t - D \sin t + 5(-C \sin t + D \cos t) + 6(C \cos t + D \sin t) = \cos t$$

Comparing coefficients

$$\text{Coefficient of } \cos t: -C + 5D + 6C = 1 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$\checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad \sin t: -D - 5C + 6D = 0 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$\text{from eqn i} \quad 5C + 5D = 1 \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

$$\text{from eqn ii} \quad 5D - 5C = 0 \quad \text{--- (iv)}$$

from eqn (i)  $5D = 1 - 5C$  - - - - - (v)

Put eqn (v) in eqn (iv)

$$1 - 5C - 5C = 0$$

$$1 - 10C = 0$$

$$C = \frac{1}{10}; 0.1$$

$$\therefore 5D = 1 - 5C$$

Put the value of C in eqn (v)

$$5D = 1 - 5(0.1)$$

$$D = \frac{0.5}{5} = 0.1$$

Particular solution;  $x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t} + 0.1\sin t + 0.1\cos t$

when  $t = 0$ ;  $x = 0.1$ ,  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$

$$0.1 = A + B + 0.1$$

$$A + B = 0$$
 - - - - - (vi)

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -3Ae^{-3t} - 2Be^{-2t} + 0.1\sin t + 0.1\cos t$$

$$0 = -3A - 2B + 0.1$$

from eqn (vi)  $B = -A$

$$0 = -3A - 2(-A) + 0.1$$

$$0 = -A + 0.1$$

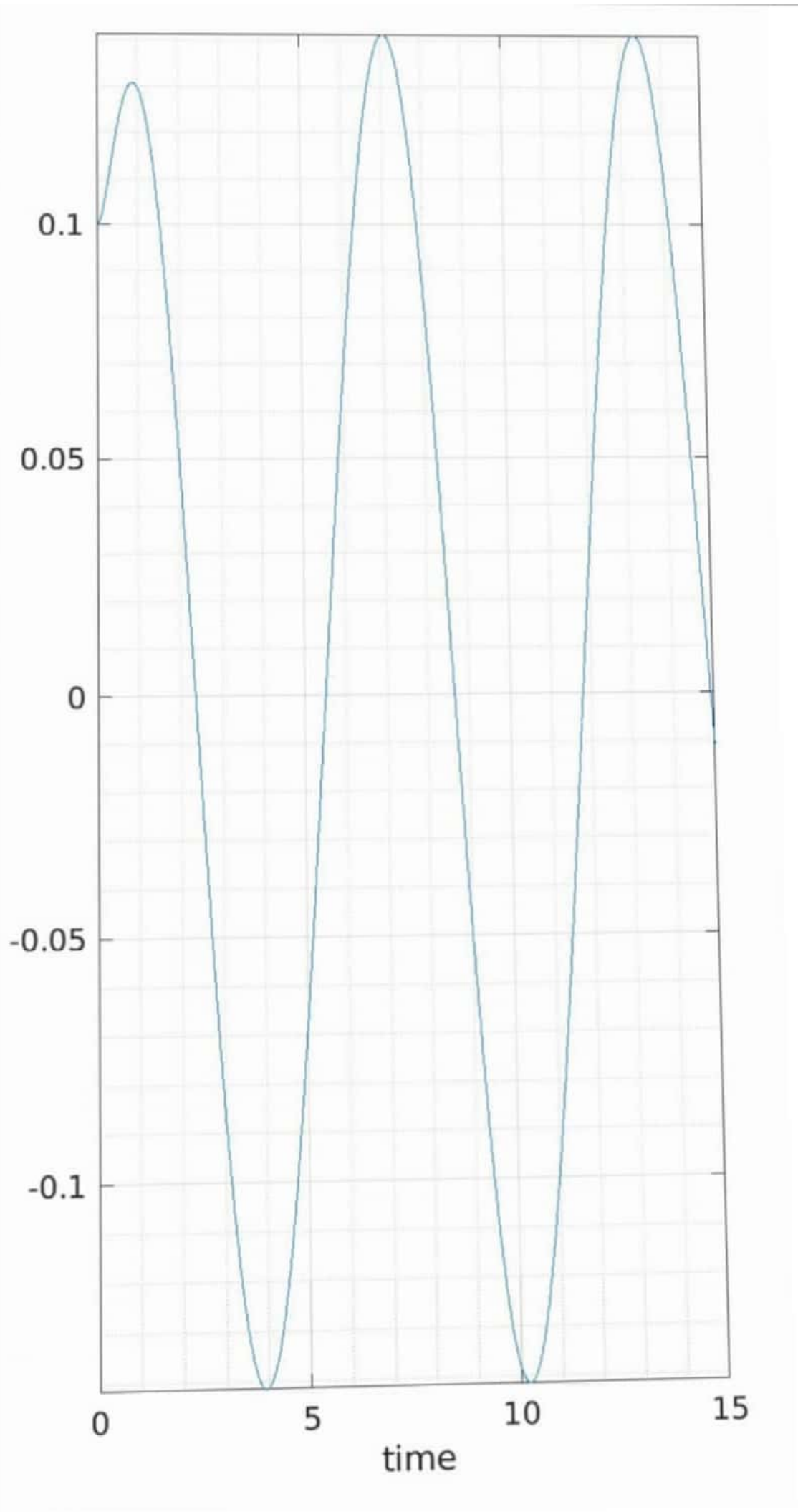
$$A = 0.1$$

and  $B = -A$

$$B = -0.1$$

General solution:  $x = 0.1e^{-3t} - 0.1e^{-2t} + 0.1\sin t + 0.1\cos t$

```
2 command window
clear
clc
close all
syms x t
x = 0.1*exp(-3*t) - 0.1*exp(2*t) + 0.1*cos(t) + 0.1*sin(t)
t = 0:0.01:15
xn = subs(x)
plot(t, xn)
xlabel('time')
grid on
grid minor
axis tight
```



$$c \quad 0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = \frac{\sin}{k}(t+a) \quad [\text{steady flow}]$$

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = k \sin t \cos a + k \sin a \cos t$$

Comparing coefficient

$$\text{coefficient of } \cos t: 0.1 = k \sin a$$

$$\text{coefficient of } \sin t: 0.1 = k \cos a$$

Square  $k \sin a$  and  $k \cos a$  and equate it to the addition

$$k^2 \sin^2 a + k^2 \cos^2 a = 0.1 + 0.1$$

$$k^2 (\sin^2 a + \cos^2 a) = 0.2$$

$$k^2 = 0.2$$

$$[\sin^2 a + \cos^2 a = 1]$$

$$k^2 = 2$$

$$100$$

$$k = \sqrt{2}$$

$$10$$

$$k \sin a = 0.1$$

$$k \cos a = 0.1$$

$$\tan a = 1$$

$$a = \tan^{-1}(1)$$

$$a = 45^\circ \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$4$$

∴  $x$  steady state:

$$\underline{\underline{x_{ss} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + t\right)}}$$