

Nuguraguru -
 17/ENG/043 Electrical Electronics
 ENG 381 ASSIGNMENT I

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \text{cost}$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = 0$$

$$m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$m^2 + 3m + 2m + 6 = 0$$

$$m(m+3) + 2(m+3) = 0$$

$$(m+2)(m+3) = 0$$

$$m+2 = 0 \quad m+3 = 0$$

$$m = -2, \quad m = -3$$

$$\text{C. F. } x = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t}$$

$$\text{P. I. } f(t) = \text{cost}; \quad x = C \text{cost} + D \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -C \text{cost} - D \sin t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -C \text{cost} - D \sin t$$

$$(-C \text{cost} - D \sin t) + 5(-C \sin t + D \cos t) + 6(C \text{cost} + D \sin t) = \text{cost}$$

$$-C \text{cost} - D \sin t - 5C \sin t + 5D \cos t + 6C \text{cost} + 6D \sin t = \text{cost}$$

$$-C \text{cost} + 5D \cos t + 6C \text{cost} - D \sin t - 5C \sin t + 6D \sin t = \text{cost}$$

$$\text{cost} (-C + 5D + 6C) + \sin t (-D - 5C + 6D) = \text{cost} -$$

$$5C + 5D = 1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$-5C + 5D = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$5D = 1 - 5C \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$-5C + 1 - 5C = 0$$

$$1 - 10C = 0$$

$$1 = 10C$$

$$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{10C}{10} ; \quad C = \frac{1}{10}$$

put C in eqn (11)

$$5D = 1 - \frac{8}{10} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$5D = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$5D = \frac{1}{2} : D = \frac{1}{2} \div 5$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{10}$$

P. I; $x = \frac{1}{10} \cos t + \frac{1}{10} \sin t$

G.S: R.F + P.I

$$x = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t} + \frac{1}{10} \cos t + \frac{1}{10} \sin t$$

$$\text{when } t=0, x=0.1$$

$$0.1 = Ae^{-2(0)} + Be^{-3(0)} + \frac{1}{10} \cos(0) + \frac{1}{10} \sin(0)$$

$$0.1 = A + B + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$A + B = 0.1 - \frac{1}{10}$$

$$A + B = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -2Ae^{-2t} - 3Be^{-3t} - \frac{1}{10} \sin t + \frac{1}{10} \cos t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -2Ae^{-2t} + 3Be^{-3t} - \frac{1}{10}(\sin t - \cos t)$$

$$\text{when } t=0, \frac{dx}{dt} = 0$$

$$0 = -2Ae^{-2(0)} - 3Be^{-3(0)} - \frac{1}{10}(\sin(0) - \cos(0))$$

$$0 = -2A - 3B - \frac{1}{10}(0 - 1)$$

$$0 = -2A - 3B + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$2A + 3B = 0.1 \quad \text{--- (11)}$$

from eqn (1)

$$A = -B$$

$$2(-B) + 3B = 0.1$$

$$-2B + 3B = 0.1$$

$$B = 0.1 = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$A = -0.1 = -\frac{1}{10}$$

particular solution:

$$x = -\frac{1}{10}e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10}e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{10}(\cos t + \sin t)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{10}(e^{-3t} - e^{-2t} + \cos t + \sin t).$$

2) Command Window

Clear

clc

close all

Syms x, t

$$x = 0.1 * (\exp(-3*t) - \exp(-2*t) + \cos(t) + \sin(t))$$

$$t = 0 : 0.01 : 15$$

$$x_n = \text{subs}(x)$$

$$\text{plot}(t, x_n)$$

xlabel('time')

grid on

grid minor

axis tight.

Steady Flow

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = K \sin(t+a)$$

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = K \sin t \cos a + K \sin a \cos t$$

Comparing Coefficients

$$\text{Cost} ; 0.1 = K \sin a$$

$$\sin t ; 0.1 = K \cos a$$

Square $K \sin a$ and $K \cos a$ and equate it to the addition

$$K^2 \sin^2 a + K^2 \cos^2 a = 0.1 + 0.1$$

$$K^2 (\sin^2 a + \cos^2 a) = 0.2$$

$$[\sin^2 a + \cos^2 a = 1]$$

$$K^2 = 0.2$$

$$K^2 = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$K = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$$

$$\frac{K \sin a}{K \cos a} = \frac{0.1}{0.1}$$

$$\tan a = 1$$

$$a = \tan^{-1} 1$$

$$a = 45^\circ \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{4}$$

∴ The steady state;

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + t\right).$$

