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Assignment 1

The dynamic model of a body in motion performing damped force vibration is an equation (1)

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

Given that when $t=0$, $x=0.1$ and $\frac{dx}{dt}=0$

- Using the auxiliary equation, obtain the solution of the model in form of an expression having x as a function of t
- With aid of MATLAB mfile program plot the relationship between x and t for $0 \leq t \leq 10$ time unit using a step size of 0.01 unit and
- Write the steady state solution of the model in form of $x = K \sin(\omega t + \phi)$

Solution

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

Auxiliary Equation: $m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$
 $m^2 + 2m + 3m + 6 = 0$
 $m(m+2) + 3(m+2) = 0$
 $(m+3)(m+2) = 0$
 $m = -3$ or -2

Complementary function: $x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t}$

Particular integral: Assume $x = C \cos t + D \sin t$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -C \sin t + D \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -C \cos t - D \sin t$$

Putting the value of $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$ & $\frac{dx}{dt}$ in the equation

$$-C \cos t - D \sin t + 5(-C \sin t + D \cos t) + 6(C \cos t + D \sin t) = \cos t$$

$$-C \cos t - D \sin t - 5C \sin t + 5D \cos t + 6C \cos t + 6D \sin t = \cos t$$

$$-C \cos t + 5D \cos t + 6C \cos t - D \sin t - 5C \sin t + 6D \sin t = \cos t$$

$$\text{Coefficient of } \cos t: -C + 5D + 6C = 1 \quad \dots (1)$$

$$\text{Coefficient of } \sin t: -D - 5C + 6D = 0 \quad \dots (2)$$

$$\text{from equation (1)}: 5C + 5D = 1 \quad \dots (3)$$

$$\text{from equation (2)}: 5D - 5C = 0 \quad \dots (4)$$

$$\text{from equation (3)}: 5D = 1 - 5C$$

$$\text{put equation (3) in (4)}$$

$$= 1 - 5C - 5C = 0$$

$$1 - 10C = 0$$

$$10C = 1, \quad C = \frac{1}{10} \quad \dots (5)$$

put equation 5 in 3

$$\frac{5 \times 1 + 5D}{10} = 1 \quad 5D - 1 = 0$$

$$2$$

$$D = 0.1$$

Particular ~~is~~ general solution: $x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t} + 0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t$

Particular Solution when $t = 0$ $x = 0$, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$

$$0.1 = A + B + 0.1$$

$$A + B = 0 \quad \dots (1)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -3Ae^{-3t} - 2Be^{-2t} - 0.1 \sin t + 0.1 \cos t$$

$$0 = -3A - 2B + 0.1 \quad \dots (2)$$

from equation (1)

$$B = -A \quad \dots (3)$$

put equation 3 in (2)

$$0 = -3A - 2(-A) + 0.1$$

$$0 = -3A + 2A + 0.1$$

$$0 = -A + 0.1$$

$$A = 0.1$$

and $B = -A$

$$\text{So } B = -0.1$$

General solution: $0.1e^{-3t} - 0.1e^{-2t} + 0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t$

b) Command window

clear

clc

close all

syms a t

$$x = 0.1 * \exp(-3 * t) - 0.1 * \exp(-2 * t) + 0.1 * \cos(t) +$$

$$0.1 * \sin(t)$$

$$t = 0; 0.01:15$$

$$x_n = \text{subs}(x)$$

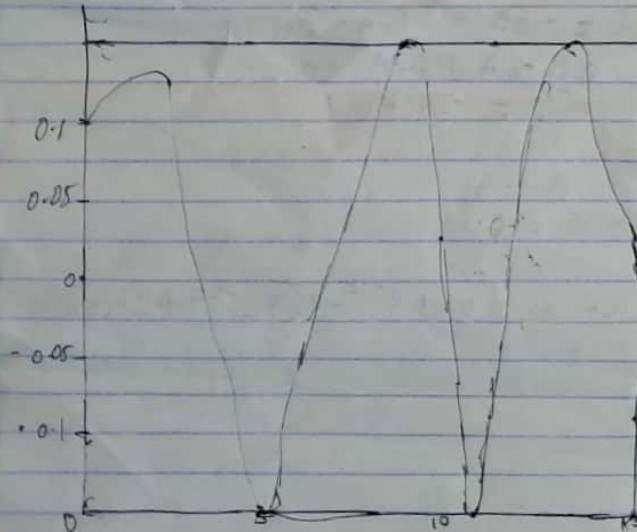
plot(t, x_n)

xlabel('time')

grid on

grid major

axis tight



$$c) \quad 0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = K \sin(\omega t + \phi) \text{ at steady state}$$

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = K \sin a \cos t + K \cos a \sin t$$

Comparing coefficients
 Comparing of coefficients
 Coefficient of $\cos t = 0.1 = K \sin a$
 Coefficient of $\sin t = 0.1 = K \cos a$

Square $K \sin a$ and $K \cos a$ and equate it to the addition

$$K^2 \sin^2 a + K^2 \cos^2 a = 0.1^2 + 0.1^2$$

$$K^2 (\sin^2 a + \cos^2 a) = 0.2$$

$$K^2 = 0.2$$

$$K^2 = \frac{2}{10}$$

10

$$K = \sqrt{\frac{2}{10}}$$

$$K \sin a = 0.1$$

$$K \cos a = 0.1$$

$$\text{from } \frac{\sin a}{\cos a} = \tan a = 1$$

$$a = \tan^{-1}(1)$$

$$a = 45^\circ \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\therefore K \text{ steady state; } K_{ss} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{10}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + t\right)$$