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$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

Given that when $t=0$, $x=0.1$ and $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$

Using auxiliary method,

$$m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

Solving for complementary function (C.F.),

$$m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$m^2 + 3m + 2m + 6 = 0$$

$$m(m+3) + 2(m+3) = 0$$

$$(m+2)(m+3) = 0$$

$$m = -2 \text{ or } m = -3$$

$$x = Ae^{mx} + Be^{nx}$$

$$x = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t} \quad (\text{Complementary function})$$

Solving for Particular Integral (P.I.),

$$f(t) = \cos t$$

$$x = D\cos t + E\sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -D\sin t + E\cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -D\cos t - E\sin t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

$$-(D\cos t + E\sin t) + 5(-D\sin t + E\cos t) + 6(D\cos t + E\sin t) = \cos t$$

$$-D\cos t - E\sin t - 5D\sin t + 5E\cos t + 6D\cos t + 6E\sin t = \cos t$$

$$(-D + 5E + 6D)\cos t + (-E - 5D - 6E)\sin t = \cos t$$

$$(5E + 5D)\cos t + (5E - 5D)\sin t = \cos t$$

Equating

$$5D + 5E = 1 \quad \dots \text{①}$$

$$5E - 5D = 0 \quad \dots \text{②}$$

$$5R + 50 = 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{i}$$

$$-(5R - 50 = 0) \quad \dots \textcircled{ii}$$

$$\hline 100 = 1$$

$$\therefore 0 = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

Substitute $D = \frac{1}{10}$ into eqn \textcircled{i}

$$5R - 50 = 0$$

$$5R = 50$$

$$5R = 5\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)$$

$$5R = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

$$\therefore D = \frac{1}{10}, R = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{10} \cos t + \frac{1}{10} \sin t$$

$$x = \frac{1}{10} (\cos t + \sin t) \quad \text{--- P.I}$$

$$x = C.F + P.I \quad \text{--- General solution}$$

$$x = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t} + \frac{1}{10} (\cos t + \sin t) \quad \text{--- General solution}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -2Ae^{-2t} - 3Be^{-3t} - \frac{1}{10} \sin t + \frac{1}{10} \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 4Ae^{-2t} + 9Be^{-3t} + \frac{1}{10} (-\cos t - \sin t)$$

When $t = 0$, $x = 0.1$ and $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$

$$0.1 = Ae^{-2(0)} + Be^{-3(0)} + \frac{1}{10} (\cos(0) + \sin(0))$$

$$0.1 = A + B + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$A + B = 0.1 - 0.1$$

$$A + B = 0 \quad \text{--- \textcircled{iii}}$$

$$0 = -2Ae^{-2(0)} - 3Be^{-3(0)} - \frac{1}{10} \sin(0) + \frac{1}{10} \cos(0)$$

$$0 = -2A - 3B + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$2A + 3B = \frac{1}{10} \quad \text{--- \textcircled{iv}}$$

Multiply eqn (iii) by 2

$$A + B = 0 \quad \dots (iii) \times 2$$

$$2A + 2B = 0 \quad \dots (iv)$$

$$-(2A + 3B = \frac{1}{10} \dots (v))$$

$$+B = +1/10$$

$$B = 1/10$$

Substitute $B = 1/10$ into eqn (iii)

$$A + B = 0$$

$$B = -A \quad \text{or} \quad A = -B$$

$$A = -B$$

$$A = -1/10$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{10}e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10}e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{10}\cos t + \frac{1}{10}\sin t$$

$$x = \frac{1}{10}(e^{-3t} - e^{-2t} + \cos t + \sin t) \quad \dots \dots \text{Particular solution}$$

MATLAB

matlab program

Command Window

Close all;

Clear all;

Cls;

syms t

$$x = 1/10 * (exp^{-3*t} - exp^{-2*t} + cos*t + sin*t)$$

$$t = 0:0.01:15$$

$$xt = subs(x, t)$$

$$xt_n = double(xt)$$

plot(t, xt, 'tn')

x label('x')

y label('t')

grid on

grid minor

Steady state equation

$$t \neq 0 \quad x = 0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t$$

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = k \sin(t + \alpha)$$

On left + on right same

$$k \sin(t + \alpha) = k \sin t \cos \alpha + k \cos t \sin \alpha$$

$$\text{Coefficient of } \cos t = k \sin \alpha$$

$$\text{Coefficient of } \sin t = k \cos \alpha$$

Squaring both sides

$$k^2 \sin^2 \alpha + k^2 \cos^2 \alpha = 0.1 + 0.1$$

$$k^2 (\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) = 0.2$$

$$k^2 = 0.2$$

$$k = \sqrt{0.2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{100}}$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$$

$$\frac{k \sin \alpha}{k \cos \alpha} = \frac{0.1}{0.1} = 1$$

Recall $\frac{\sin}{\cos} = \tan$

$$\tan \alpha = 1$$

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1}(1)$$

$$\alpha = 45^\circ / \frac{\pi}{4} \text{ rad}$$

$$\therefore k \sin(t + \alpha)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

Steady state solution

