

## Solution to Assignment 1

$$CF = m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$(m+3)(m+2) = 0$$

$$m_1 = -3; m_2 = -2$$

$$x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t}$$

$$f(t) = \cos t$$

$$x = C \cos t + D \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -C \sin t + D \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -C \cos t - D \sin t$$

Substituting

$$= -C \cos t - D \sin t + 5(-C \sin t + D \cos t) + 6(C \cos t + D \sin t) = \cos t$$

$$= \cos t (-C + 5D + 6C) + \sin t (-D + 6D - 5C) = \cos t$$

$$\cos t (5D + 5C) + \sin t (5D - 5C) = \cos t$$

$$5D + 5C = 1$$

$$5D - 5C = 0$$

$$10D = 1$$

$$D = \frac{1}{10}$$

to find C

$$5\left(\frac{1}{10}\right) + 5C = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + 5C = 1$$

$$C = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$G.S = x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t} + 0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t$$

Subst ( $x = 0.1$ ),  $t = 0$ 

$$0.1 = Ae^{-0} + Be^{-0} + 0.1 \cos(0) + 0.1 \sin(0)$$

$$0.1 = A + B + 0.1$$

$$A + B = 0 \quad \text{--- eqn (1)}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -3Ae^{-3t} - 2Be^{-2t} - 0.1 \sin t + 0.1 \cos t$$

$$0 = -3A - 2B + 0.1$$

$$3A + 2B = 0.1 \quad \text{--- eqn (2)}$$

$$A + B = 0 \quad \text{--- } x_2$$

$$3A + 2B = 0.1 \quad \text{--- } 1$$

$$2A + 2B = 0$$

$$3A + 2B = 0.1$$

$$-A = -0.1$$

$$A = 0.1$$

to find B

$$0.1 + B = 0$$

$$B = -0.1$$

$$\begin{aligned} G.S &= 0.1e^{-3t} - 0.1e^{-2t} + 0.1\cos t + 0.1\sin t \\ &= 0.1 \left( e^{-3t} - e^{-2t} + \cos t + \sin t \right) \end{aligned}$$

ii MATLAB File

Command window

clear

clc

close all

$$t = 0:0.01:15$$

$$x = 0.1 * [\exp(-3*t) - \exp(-2*t) + \cos(t) + \sin(t)]$$

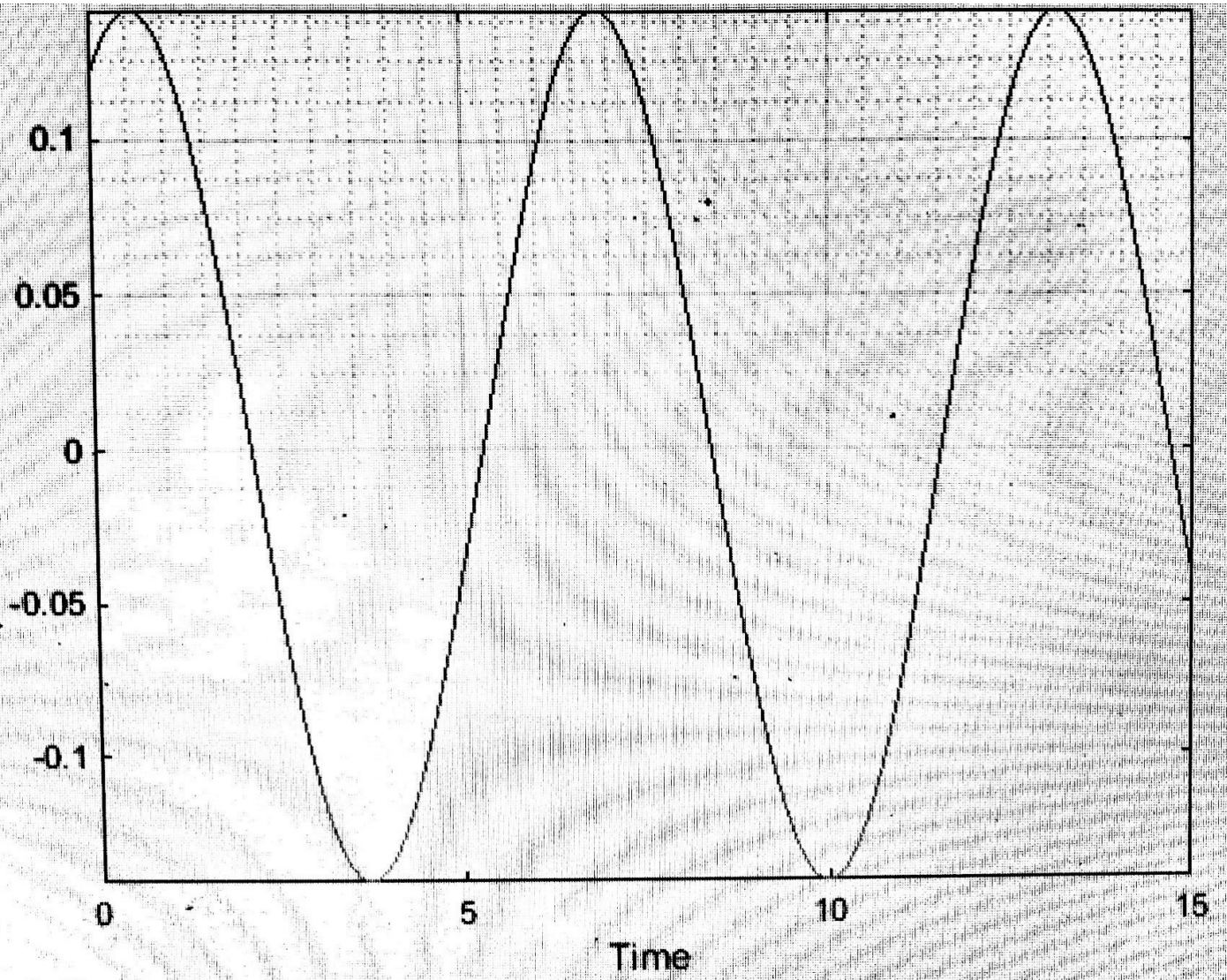
$x_n = \text{subs}(x)$

Plot (t,  $x_n$ )

axis tight

grid on

grid minor



$$\sum \quad x = x_t \Rightarrow \infty = 0 \cdot 1 \cos t + 0 \cdot 1 \sin t = K \sin(t + \alpha)$$

$$x_{ss} = K \sin t \cos \alpha + K \cos t \sin \alpha$$

$$0 \cdot 1 = K \sin \alpha ; 0 \cdot 1 = K \cos \alpha$$

$$\text{Dividing: } K^2 \sin^2 \alpha + K^2 \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100}$$
$$K^2 (\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) = \frac{2}{100}$$

$$K^2 = \frac{2}{100} \quad (\text{since } \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1)$$

$$K = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$$

$$\frac{K \sin \alpha}{K \cos \alpha} = \frac{0 \cdot 1}{0 \cdot 1} = 1$$

$$\tan \alpha = 1, \quad \alpha = \pi/4$$

$$x_{ss} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin \left( t + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

The steady-state solution of the model

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin \left( t + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$