

KISSANG ROSEMARY
 ELECT/ELECT ENGINEERING
 17/ENG04/023

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \text{Cost}$$

In auxiliary form

$$C.F = m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$m^2 + 2m + 3m + 6 = 0$$

$$m(m+2) + 3(m+2)$$

$$m = -2, m = -3$$

$$x = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t}$$

$$\phi.I = \text{Cost}$$

$$x = C \cos bt + D \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -C \sin t + D \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -C \cos t - D \sin t$$

$$\phi.II = -(C \cos t + D \sin t) - 5C \sin t + 5D \cos t + 6C \cos t + 6D \sin t = \text{Cost}$$

$$-C \cos t + 6C \cos t - D \sin t + 6D \sin t - 5C \sin t + 5D \cos t = \text{Cost}$$

$$5D \cos t + 5D \sin t + 5D \cos t - 5C \sin t = \text{Cost}$$

$$5C + 5D = 1 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$5D - 5C = 0 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

Using simultaneous equations

$$5C + 5D = 1$$

$$\underline{-5C + 5D = 0}$$

$$10D = 1$$

$$D = 1/10$$

Sub $D = 1/10$ into eqn 1(i)

$$5C + 5(1/10) = 1$$

$$5C = 1/2$$

$$C = 1/10$$

$$G \cdot S = C \cdot F + P \cdot I$$

$$= Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t} + 1/10 (\sin t + \cos t)$$

When $t = 0$, $x = 0.1$

$$0.1 = Ae^{-2(0)} + Be^{-3(0)} + 1/10 (\sin 0 + \cos 0)$$

$$0.1 = A + B + 0 + 1/10$$

$$A + B = 0 \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

When $t = 0$, $dx/dt = 0$

$$dx/dt = -2Ae^{-2t} - 3Be^{-3t} + 0.1 (\cos t - \sin t)$$

$$0 = -2Ae^{-2(0)} - 3Be^{-3(0)} + 0.1 (\cos(0) - \sin(0))$$

$$0 = -2A - 3B + 0.1$$

$$-0.1 = -2A - 3B$$

recall, $A + B = 0$

$$A = -B \quad \text{--- (iv)}$$

$$-0.1 = -2(-B) - 3B$$

$$-0.1 = 2B - 3B$$

$$-0.1 = -B$$

$$B = 0.1$$

From eqn (iv)

$$A = -0.1$$

$$P.S = -0.1e^{-2t} + 0.1e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{10}(\sin t + \cos t)$$

2 ~~Q~~

2 ~~Q~~ Command window

2 1 Command window

2 2 Clear

2 3 clc

2 4 close all

2 5 $x = \left(\frac{1}{10} * \exp(-2*t) - \left(\frac{1}{10} * \exp(-3*t) + \left(\frac{1}{10} (\sin t) + \cos t \right) \right) \right)$

2 6 $t = 0:0.01:15$

2 7 plot(t, x)

2 8 x label('t')

2 9 y label('x')

2 10 grid on

2 11 grid minor

3 At steady state

$t \rightarrow \infty$

$t \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \text{steady state} = 0 \cdot \cos t + 0 + \sin t$

$$0 \cdot \cos t + 0 \cdot \sin t = K \sin(t + a)$$

$$\cancel{K \sin(t+a)} = K \sin t \cos a$$

$$K \sin(t+a) = K(\sin t \cos a + \cos t \sin a)$$

Coefficient of $\cos t = K \sin a$

Coefficient of $\sin t$ is $K \cos a$

When equating both sides

$$K^2 \sin^2 a + K^2 \cos^2 a = 0.1^2 + 0.1^2$$

$$K^2 (\sin^2 a + \cos^2 a) = 0.02$$

$$K^2 = 0.02$$

$$K = 0.1414 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$$

$$\frac{K \sin a}{K \cos a} = \frac{0.1}{0.1} = 1$$

recall $\sin / \cos = \tan$

$$\tan a = 1$$

$$\tan^{-1}(1) = a$$

$\rightarrow 45^\circ$ or $\pi/4$ radian

Steady state

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin(t + \pi/4)$$

