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17/ENGG 61002

MECHANICAL ENGR

ENGG 381

$$1. \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 5 \frac{dx}{dt} + 6x = \cos t$$

when $t = 0$, $x = 0$ and $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$

Soln

a) Using auxiliary eqn method,

$$m^2 + 5m + 6 = 0$$

by factorizing

$$(m+3)(m+2) = 0$$

$$\therefore m_1 = -3 \text{ and } m_2 = -2$$

$$\therefore x = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t}$$

for P.I

$$x = C \cos t + D \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -C \sin t + D \cos t$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -C \cos t - D \sin t$$

put it into the original eqn,

$$-(C \cos t - D \sin t) + 5(-C \sin t + D \cos t) + 6(C \cos t + D \sin t) = \cos t$$

$$-C \cos t - D \sin t - 5C \sin t + 5D \cos t + 6C \cos t + 6D \sin t = \cos t$$

equating coefficients

$$-C + 5D + 6C = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$-D - 5C + 6D = 0 \quad (ii)$$

$$SD + SC = 1 \quad (i)$$

$$SD - 5C = 0 \quad (ii)$$

subtract eqn (ii) from (i)

$$10C = 1$$

$$C = \frac{1}{10}$$

from eqn (i)

$$5D + 5\left(\frac{1}{10}\right) = 1$$

$$5D + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$5D = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\therefore x = P \cdot I = \frac{1}{10} [\cos t + \sin t]$$

$$\therefore x = C.F + P.I = Ae^{-3t} + Be^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10} [\cos t + \sin t]$$

when $t = 0, x = 0.1$

$$0.1 = Ae^0 + Be^0 + \frac{1}{10} [\cos 0 + \sin 0]$$

$$0.1 = A + B + 0.1$$

$$0 = A + B$$

$$A = -B \quad \dots \dots \dots \text{(iii)}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -3Ae^{-3t} - 2Be^{-2t} + \frac{1}{10} [-\sin t + \cos t]$$

when $t = 0, \frac{dx}{dt} = 0$

$$0 = -3A - 2B + \frac{1}{10}$$

$$0 = -3A - 2B + 0.1$$

$$-0.1 = -3A - 2B \quad \dots \dots \dots \text{(iv)}$$

but from eqn (iii), $A = -B$

$$-0.1 = -3(-B) - 2B$$

$$-0.1 = +3B - 2B$$

$$-0.1 = B$$

$$\therefore A = -(-0.1) = 0.1$$

$$\therefore x = 0.1e^{-3t} - 0.1e^{-2t} + 0.1 [\cos t + \sin t]$$

2) command window

clear

clc

close all

sym sc. t

$$x = [0.1 * \exp(-3*t)] - [0.1 * \exp(-2*t)] + [0.1 * (\cos t) + \sin t]$$

$$t = 0 : 0.01 : 15$$

$$k_n = \text{subs}(x)$$

$$\text{plot}(t, k_n)$$

k label ['time']

grid on

grid minor

axis tight

3) At - steady state,

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = k \sin(t + \alpha)$$

$$0.1 \cos t + 0.1 \sin t = k \sin t \cos \alpha + k \cos t \sin \alpha$$

Comparing coefficients,

$$\text{for cost, } 0.1 = k \sin \alpha \quad \dots \dots \dots \quad (i)$$

$$\text{for sint, } 0.1 = k \cos \alpha \quad \dots \dots \dots \quad (ii)$$

Square $k \sin \alpha$ and $k \cos \alpha$ and equate it to $0.1 + 0.1$

$$k^2 \sin^2 \alpha + k^2 \cos^2 \alpha = 0.1 + 0.1$$

$$k^2 (\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) = 0.2$$

$$k^2 (1) = 0.2$$

$$k^2 = 0.2$$

$$[\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1]$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$$

For α ,

$$\frac{k \sin \alpha}{k \cos \alpha} = \frac{0.1}{0.1}$$

$$\tan \alpha = 1$$

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1}[1]$$

$$\alpha = 45^\circ \text{ or } \pi/4$$

∴ k steady state

$$k_{\text{ss}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin(\pi/4 + t)$$