

Asamali Team Summer  
 Mechanical Engineering  
 17/ENL600/011

## Assignment 2

1.  $y = e^{x^2+x}$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$$

i.  $y'(2x+1) + 2y$

$$= (2x+1)e^{x^2+x} (2x+1) + 2(e^{x^2+x})$$

$$= (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

but  $y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$

$$y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

from the above equation

Part A

$$A = y'', A'' = y''', A^n = y^{2n}$$

Part B

$$B = y'(2x+1)$$

$$V = y', V^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$V = 2x+1$$

$$V' = 2$$

$$V''' = 0$$

$$B^n = (y^{n+1})(2x+1) + n(y^n)(2) \neq 0$$

$$B^n = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2ny^n$$

Part C,

$$C = 2y$$

$$C^n = 2y^n$$

$$A^n = B^n + C^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2ny^n + 2y^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2y^n(n+1)$$

$$y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2(n+1)y^n$$

2i)  $y = x^3 e^{4x} \cdot y^{(n)}$

Let  $u = e^{4x}$ ,  $u' = 4e^{4x}$ ,  $u'' = 16e^{4x}$ ,  $u^{(n)} = 4^n e^{4x}$

Let  $v = x^3$ ,  $v' = 3x^2$ ,  $v'' = 6x$ ,  $v^{(3)} = 6$ ,  $v^{(4)} = 0$

By Leibniz theorem

$$y^{(n)} = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + n \cdot 4^{n-1} e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cdot 4^{n-2} e^{4x} \cdot 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} \cdot 6 \cdot 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$4^{n+3} e^{4x} + C$$

$$y^{(n)} = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3x^2 n \cdot 4^{n-1} e^{4x} + 3n(n-1) \cdot 4^{n-2} e^{4x} x + n(n-1)(n-2) \cdot 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$\therefore y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3x^2(5) \cdot 4^4 e^{4x} + 3(5)(4) \cdot 4^3 e^{4x} x + (5)(4)(3) \cdot 4^2 e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3840 e^{4x} x^2 + 3840 e^{4x} x + 960 e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 64 e^{4x} (16x^3 + 60x^2 + 60x + 15)$$

ii)  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ , show that  $x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + n^2 y^{(n)} = 0$

for part A,

$$A = x^2 y''$$

$$u = y'', \quad u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)}$$

$$v = x^2, \quad v' = 2x, \quad v'' = 2, \quad v^{(3)} = 0$$

$$A^{(n)} = (y^{(n+2)}) x^2 + n (y^{(n+1)}) \cdot 2x + n(n-1) \cdot (y^{(n)}) \cdot 2 = 0$$

$$A^{(n)} = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2x n y^{(n+1)} + n(n-2) y^{(n)}$$

for part B,

$$B = x y'$$

$$u = y', \quad u^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)}$$

$$v = x, \quad v' = 1, \quad v'' = 0$$

$$B^{(n)} = (y^{(n+1)}) \cdot x + n (y^{(n)}) \cdot 1 = 0$$

$$= x y^{(n+1)} + n y^{(n)}$$

for part C

$$C = y$$

$$C^{(n)} = y^{(n)}$$

$$\therefore A^n + B^n + C^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2 - n)y^n + 2xy^{(n+1)} + ny^{(n+1)} = 0$$

$$= 2x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2xy^{(n+1)} + y^n (n^2 - n + n + 1) = 0$$

$$= 2x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1)y^n = 0$$