

$$y = e^{2x+x}$$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

$$= (2x+1)e^{x^2+x} \cdot (2x+1) + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

$$= (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$$

but $y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$

$$\therefore y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

from the equation above,

Part A,
 $A = y''$, $A' = y'''$, $A^n = y^{n+2}$

Part B,
 $B = y'(2x+1)$
 $u = y'$, $u^n = y^{n+1}$
 $v = 2x+1$, $v' = 0$

$$\therefore B^n = (y^n + 1)(2x+1) + n(y^n)(2) + 0$$

$$B^n = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2ny^n$$

Part C,
 $C = 2y$
 $C^n = 2y^n$
 $\therefore A^n = B^n + C^n$
 $y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2ny^n + 2y^n$
 $y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2y^n(n+1)$
 $y^{n+2} = (2x+1)y^{n+1} + 2(n+1)y^n$

2. $y = x^3 e^{4x}$ (5)

Let $u = e^{4x}$, $u' = 4e^{4x}$, $u'' = 16e^{4x}$, $u^n = 4^n e^{4x}$

Let $v = x^3$, $v' = 3x^2$, $v'' = 6x$, $v''' = 0$

By Leibniz theorem,

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + n \cdot 4^{n-1} e^{4x} \cdot 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \cdot 4^{n-2} e^{4x} \cdot 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} \cdot 4^{n-3} e^{4x} \cdot 0$$

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3x^2 n \cdot 4^{n-1} e^{4x} + 3n(n-1) \cdot 4^{n-2} e^{4x} x$$

$$\therefore y^5 = 4^5 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3x^2(5) \cdot 4^4 e^{4x} + 3(5)(4) \cdot 4^3 e^{4x} x + (5)(4)(3) \cdot 4^2 e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = 1024 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3740 e^{4x} \cdot x^2 + 3840 e^{4x} \cdot x + 960 e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = 64 e^{4x} (16x^3 + 60x^2 + 60x + 15)$$

(ii) $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$

For Part A, $A = x^2 y''$
 $u = y''$, $u^n = y^{n+2}$
 $v = x^2$, $v' = 2x$, $v'' = 2$, $v''' = 0$

$$u^n = y^{n+2}, u^n = y^{n+2}, A^n = (y^{n+2})x^2 + n(y^{n+1}) \cdot 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} (y^n) \cdot 2 + 0$$

$$A^n = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2x n y^{(n+1)} + n(n-1) y^n$$

For Part B,
 $B = xy'$
 $u = y'$, $u^n = y^{n+1}$
 $v = x$, $v' = 1$, $v'' = 0$

$$B^n = (y^{n+1}) \cdot x + n(y^n) \cdot 1 + 0$$
$$= xy^{(n+1)} + ny^n$$

For Part C,

$$C = y$$

$$C^n = y^n$$

$$\therefore A^n + B^n + C^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2xny^{(n+1)} + (n^2 - n)y^n + 2xy^{(n+1)} + ny^n + y^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + x y^{(n+1)} (2n+1) + y^n (n^2 - n + n + 1) = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1)y^n = 0$$