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17/ENG05/001

CIVIL ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING MATHS III

1) Let $y = e^{x^2+x}$... (i)

$$\therefore y' = (2x+1)e^{x^2+x}$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{x^2+x} + 2 \cdot e^{x^2+x}$$

Consider equation (i) and (ii)

$$\therefore y'' = (2x+1)y' + 2 \cdot y$$

From the solution above it has been proven that

$$y'' = (2x+1)y' + 2 \cdot y$$

2) Prove that $y^{(n+2)} = (2x+1)y^{(n+1)} + 2(n+1)y^{(n)}$

From $y'' = (2x+1)(y') + 2y$

Let $w_1 = y''$

$$w_2 = (2x+1)(y')$$

$$w_3 = 2y$$

From; $w_1 = y''$

$$u = y'' \quad v = 1$$

$$u^n = y^{n+2}$$

$$\therefore w_2 = (2x+1)(y')$$

$$u = y' \quad v = 2x+1$$

$$u^n = y^{n+1} \quad v' = 2$$

$$u^{n-1} = y^n \quad v'' = 0$$

$$w_3 = 2y$$

$$u^n = y^n \quad v = 2$$

$$u^n = y^n \quad v' = 0$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3$$

Using the formula $u^n v + n u^{n-1} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} u^{n-2} v''$

$$w_1 \Rightarrow y^{n+2} \cdot 1$$

$$w_2 \Rightarrow y^{(n+1)} (2x+1) + ny^n \cdot 2$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{(n+1)} (2x+1) + 2ny^n$$

$$w_3 \Rightarrow y^n \cdot 2$$

$$\therefore w_1 = w_2 + w_3$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{n+2} = y^{(n+1)} (2x+1) + 2ny^n + 2y^n$$

$$y^{n+2} = y^{(n+1)} (2x+1) + y^n (2n+2)$$

$$y^{n+2} = y^{(n+1)} (2x+1) + 2(n+1)y^n$$

(Q-5.6)

Question 2.

Q. $y = x^3 e^{4x}$ (Determine $y^{(5)}$)

$\therefore u = e^{4x}$ $v = x^3$

$\therefore u^n = 4^n e^{4x}$ $v' = 3x^2$

$u^{n-1} = 4^{(n-1)} e^{4x}$ $v'' = 6x$

$u^{n-2} = 4^{(n-2)} e^{4x}$ $v''' = 6$

$u^{n-3} = 4^{(n-3)} e^{4x}$ $v^{(4)} = 0$

Using Leibnitz Formula

$$y^n = \sum u^n v + n u^{n-1} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{(n-2)} v'' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u^{(n-3)} v''' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{4!} u^{(n-4)} v^{(4)}$$

$$\frac{(n-3)}{4!} u^{(n-4)} v^{(4)}$$

$$i) y^n = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + n(4^{(n-1)} e^{4x}) \cdot 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} (4^{(n-2)} e^{4x}) \cdot 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} (4^{(n-3)} e^{4x}) \cdot 6 + 0$$

$$e^{4x} \cdot 6 + 0$$

$$y^n \Rightarrow 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + n(4^{(n-1)} e^{4x}) \cdot 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} (4^{(n-2)} e^{4x}) \cdot 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} (4^{(n-3)} e^{4x}) \cdot 6 + 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^n = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3x^2 n(4^{(n-1)} e^{4x}) + 3x(n(n-1)) (4^{(n-2)} e^{4x}) + n(n-1)(n-2) (4^{(n-3)} e^{4x})$$

$$y^{(5)} = x^3 4^5 e^{4x} + 3x^2 \cdot 5(4^{(5-1)}) e^{4x} + 3x(5(5-1)) 4^{(5-2)} e^{4x} + 5(5-1)(5-2) (4^{(5-3)} e^{4x})$$

$$y^5 = 1024x^2 e^{4x} + 3840x^3 e^{4x} + 3840x^4 e^{4x} + 1960e^{4x}$$

$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

$$\text{Show that } x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1)y^n = 0$$

$$\text{From } x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

$$\therefore x^2 y'' + x y' + y = 0$$

$$W_1 = x^2 y^n$$

$$W_2 = x y^n$$

$$W_3 = y^n$$

$$\text{From } W_1 = x^2 y^n$$

$$u = y^n \quad u' = n y^{n-1} \quad u'' = n(n-1) y^{n-2} \quad u''' = n(n-1)(n-2) y^{n-3}$$

$$v = x^2 \quad v' = 2x \quad v'' = 2 \quad v''' = 0$$

$$\text{From } W_2 = x y^n \quad u = y^n \quad v = x$$

$$u^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$v' = 1$$

$$\text{From } W_3 = y^n$$

$$u = y \quad v = 1$$

$$u^n = y^n$$

$$v = 0$$

$$\text{Using Leibniz's formula}$$

$$= u^n v + n u^{(n-1)} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{(n-2)} v'' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u^{(n-3)} v''' + \dots$$

$$W_1^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)} \cdot x^2 + n y^{(n+1)} \cdot 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)} \cdot 2 + 0$$

$$W_2^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)} \cdot x + n y^n \cdot 1 + 0$$

$$W_3 = y^n \cdot 1$$

$$\therefore W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{n+2} \cdot x^2 + y^{(n+1)} (2x + n) + y^{(n)} (n^2 + n + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{n+2} \cdot x^2 + y^{(n+1)} x (2n+1) + y^n (n^2 - n + n + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^{n+2} \cdot x^2 + y^{(n+1)} x (2n+1) + y^n (n^2 + 1) = 0$$

∴ From the solution it has been shown that

$$x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1)xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1)y^n = 0$$