

Opracowa Augustia

15.09.2017

Chem. Erg.

10  $y = e^{2x}$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{2x}$$

$$y'' = 2x+1 \frac{d}{dx}(e^{2x}) + e^{2x} \frac{d}{dx}(2x+1)$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{2x} + e^{2x}(2)$$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{2x}$$

$$y = e^{2x}$$

$$y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

11  $y'' = y'(2x+1) - 2y = 0$

using Leibniz theorem

$$w_1 = y''$$

$$w_2 = y'(2x+1)$$

$$w_3 = 2y$$

degenerate eqn:  $w_1 - w_2 - w_3 = 0$

$w_1$

$$y \quad U = y'' \quad U' = y''' \quad \text{hence } U^n = y^{n+2}$$

$$V = 1 \quad V' = 0$$

$$w_1 = U^n V + nU^{n-1} V' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} U^{n-2} V'' + \dots$$

$$w_1 = y^{n+2} (1) + n y^{n+1} (0)$$

$$w_1 = y^{n+2} \quad \dots (1)$$

$w_2$

$$w_2 = y'(2x+1)$$

$$U = y' \quad U' = y'' \quad U'' = y''' \quad \text{hence } U^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$V = 2x+1 \quad V' = 2 \quad V'' = 0$$

$$w_2 = U^n V + nU^{n-1} V' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} U^{n-2} V'' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} U^{n-3} V''' + \dots$$

$$w_2 = y^{n+1} (2x+1) + n y^n (2) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{n-2} (0)$$

$$w_1 = y^{(n)}(2x+1) + 2ny^{(n-1)} = 0$$

$$w_2 = y^{(n+1)}(2x+2) - 2ny^{(n)}$$

$w_3$

$$u = y \quad u' = y' \quad \text{Hence } u'' = y''$$

$$v = 2 \quad v' = 0$$

$$w_3 = u''v + nu^{(n+1)}v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}u^{(n-2)}v'' + \dots$$

$$w_3 = y''(2) + 2ny^{(n+1)}(0) + \dots$$

$$w_3 = 2y''$$

$$w_1 - w_2 - w_3 = 0$$

$$y^{(n+1)}(2x+2) + 2ny^{(n)} - 2y^{(n)} = 0$$

$$y^{(n+1)}(2x+2) + 2ny^{(n)} + 2y^{(n)}$$

$$y^{(n+1)}(2x+2) + 2y^{(n)}(n+1)$$

$$y^{(n+1)}(2x+1) + 2y^{(n)}(n+1)$$

### Question 2

24  $y = x^3 e^{4x}$

using Leibniz theorem

$$u = e^{4x} \quad u' = 4e^{4x} \quad u'' = 16e^{4x} \quad u''' = 64e^{4x} \quad u^{(4)} = 256e^{4x}$$

$$v = x^3 \quad v' = 3x^2 \quad v'' = 6x \quad v''' = 6$$

Since  $v'' = 6x$

$$y^{(4)} = u^{(4)}v + nu^{(n-1)}v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}u^{(n-2)}v'' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!}u^{(n-3)}v''' + \dots$$

$$+ \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{4!}u^{(n-4)}v^{(4)}$$

$$y^{(4)} = 4^4 e^{4x}(x^3) + 4 \cdot 4^3 e^{4x}(3x^2) + \frac{4(3)}{2!} 4^2 e^{4x}(6x)$$

$$+ \frac{4(3)(2)}{3!} 4 e^{4x}(6) + \frac{4(3)(2)(1)}{4!} 4^0 e^{4x}(0) + \frac{4(3)(2)(1)(0)}{5!} 4^{-1} e^{4x}(0)$$

$$y'' = 4x^2 e^{4x} + 16x^2 4^{n-1} e^{4x} + 8x 2(n-1) 4^{n-2} + n(n-1)(n-2) 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$y'' = e^{4x} 4^{n-3} (64x^3 + 48x^2 n + 16x(n-1) + n(n-1)(n-2))$$

$$y'' = e^{4x} 4^{n-3} (64x^3 + 48n^2 x + 16x(n-1) + 3(n-2)(n-2))$$

$$y'' = 16e^{4x} (64x^3 + 240x^2 + 240x + 36)$$

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + y = 0$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 0$$

$$w_1 = x^2 y''$$

$$u = y \quad u' = y' \quad u'' = y'' \quad u''' = y'''$$

$$v = x^2 \quad v' = 2x \quad v'' = 2 \quad v''' = 0$$

$$w_1 = u''(v) + n(u^{n-1}v') + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{n-2}(v'') + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u^{n-3}v''' + \dots$$

$$w_1 = y''(x^2) + ny^{n-1}(2x) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2 \times 1} y^{n-2}(2) + 0$$

$$w_1 = x^2 y'' + 2xny^{n-1} + y^n n(n-1)$$

$$w_2 = xy'$$

$$u = y \quad u' = y' \quad u'' = y'' \quad \text{hence } u^n = y^{n+1}$$

$$v = x \quad v' = 1 \quad v'' = 0$$

$$w_2 = u^n(v) + nu^{n-1}(v') + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{n-2}v'' + \dots$$

$$w_2 = y^{n+1}(x) + ny^n(1) + 0$$

$$w_2 = xy^{n+1} + ny^n$$

$$w_3 = y$$

$$\frac{u=y}{v=1} \quad \frac{u'=y'}{v'=0} \quad \frac{u''=y''}{v''=0} \quad \text{Hence } u''=y''$$

$$\frac{u=y}{v=1} \quad \frac{u'=y'}{v'=0} \quad \text{Hence } u'=y'$$

$$u_y = u''(v) + n u^{n-1}(v')$$

$$= y'' + 0 = y''$$

$$u_1 + u_2 + u_3 = 0$$

$$y^{n+2} (2x) + n y^{n+1} (2x) + n(n-1)y^n + 2y^{n+1} + n y^n$$

$$+ y^n = 0$$

$$x^2 y^{n+2} + 2x y^{n+1} (2n+1) + y^n (n(n-1) + n+1)$$

$$+ x^2 y^{n+2} + 2x y^{n+1} (2n+1) + y^n (n^2+1) = 0$$