

→ $y = e^{x^2+x}$

$y' = (2x+1) e^{x^2+x}$

$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)(2x+1) e^{x^2+x}$

$y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$

$y' (2x+1) + 2y$

$= (2x+1) e^{x^2+x} \cdot (2x+1) + 2(e^{x^2+x})$

$= (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x} + 2e^{x^2+x}$

but $y'' = 2e^{x^2+x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{x^2+x}$

$y'' = y' (2x+1) + 2y$

$A = y', A' = y'' \quad A^n = y^{2+n}$

$B = y' (2x+1)$

$u = y', u' = y^{n+1}$

$v = 2x+1$

$v' = 2 \quad v'' = 0$

$B^n = (y^{n+1}) (2x+1) + n(y^n)(2) + 0$

$B^n = (2x+1) y^{n+1} + 2ny^n$

$C = 2y$

$C^n = 2y^n$

$A^n = B^n + C^n$

$y^{n+2} = (2x+1) y^{n+1} + 2ny^n + 2y^n$

$y^{n+2} = (2x+1) y^{n+1} + 2y^n(n+1)$

$y^{n+2} = (2x+1) y^{n+1} + 2(n+1) y^n$

→ i, $y = x^3 e^{4x}$, determine $y^{(5)}$

let $u = e^{4x}, u' = 4e^{4x}, u'' = 16e^{4x}, u''' = 64e^{4x}, u^{(4)} = 256e^{4x}$

let $v = x^3, v' = 3x^2, v'' = 6x, v''' = 6, v^{(4)} = 0, v^{(5)} = 0$

by Leibnitz theorem

$y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} \times x^3 + 5 \times 4^4 e^{4x} \times 3x^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} \times 4^{n-2} e^{4x} \times 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} \times 4^{n-3} e^{4x} \times 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{4!} \times 4^{n-4} e^{4x} \times 6x + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)(n-4)}{5!} \times 4^{n-5} e^{4x} \times 0$

$$y^n = 4^n e^{4x} x 2x^3 + 3x^2 n x 4^{n-1} e^{4x} + 3n(n-1) x 4^{n-2} e^{4x} x x + n(n-1)(n-2) x 4^{n-3} e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = 4^5 e^{4x} x x^3 + 3x^2(5) x 4^{5-1} e^{4x} x x + 5(4)(3) x 4^2 e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = 1024 e^{4x} x x^3 + 3840 e^{4x} x x^2 + 3840 e^{4x} x x + 960 e^{4x}$$

$$y^5 = 64 e^{4x} (16x^3 + 60x^2 + 60x + 15)$$

ii, $x^2 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ Show that $x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + n y^{(n)} = 0$

$$A = x^2 y''$$

$$u = y^{(n+2)}, \quad u^n = y^{(n+2)}$$

$$v = x^2, \quad v' = 2x, \quad v'' = 2, \quad v''' = 0$$

$$A^n = (y^{(n+2)}) x^2 + n(y^{(n+1)}) 2x + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} x (y^{(n)}) x 2 + 0$$

$$A^n = x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2x n y^{(n+1)} + n(n-1) y^{(n)}$$

$$B = x y'$$

$$u = y, \quad u^n = y^{(n+1)}$$

$$v = x, \quad v' = 1, \quad v'' = 0$$

$$B^n = (y^{(n+1)}) x + n(y^{(n)}) x 1 + 0$$

$$= x y^{(n+1)} + n y^n$$

$$C = y$$

$$C^n = y^n$$

$$A^n + B^n + C^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2x n y^{(n+1)} + (n^2 - n) y^n + x y^{(n+1)} + n y^n + y^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + x y^{(n+1)} (2n+1) + y^n (n^2 + n + n + 1) = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) x y^{(n+1)} + (n^2+1) y^n = 0$$