

$$v) y = e^{2x+2x}$$

$$y' = (2x+1)e^{2x+2x}$$

$$y'' = 2xe^{2x+2x} + (2x+1)(2x+1)e^{2x+2x}$$

$$y''' = 2e^{2x+2x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{2x+2x}$$

$$y' \neq 2x+1 + 2y$$

$$\therefore (2x+1)e^{2x+2x} \cdot (2x+1) + 2(2x+1)e^{2x+2x}$$

$$= (2x+1)^2 e^{2x+2x} + 2e^{2x+2x}$$

$$\text{but } y'' = 2e^{2x+2x} + (2x+1)^2 e^{2x+2x}$$

$$\therefore y'' = y'(2x+1) + 2y$$

from the equation above

for A

$$A = y'', A' = y''', A'' = y^{2x}$$

B

$$B = y'(2x+1),$$

$$u = y', u' = y''$$

$$v = 2x+1, v' = 2$$

$$\therefore B'' = (y''+1)(2x+1) + n(y'')(2x+1) + 0$$

$$B'' = (2x+1)y'' + 2ny''$$

- C,

$$C = 2y$$

$$C' = 2y'$$

$$A'' = B'' + C''$$

$$y'' + 2x + 1 = (2x+1)y'' + 2ny'' + 2y'$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)y'' + 2ny'' + 2y'$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)y'' + 2ny'' + 2y'$$

$$y'' = (2x+1)y'' + 2(n+1)y'$$

$$y = x^3 e^{4x}$$

$$\text{Let } u = e^{4x}, u' = 4e^{4x}$$

$$\text{Let } v = x^3, v' = 3x^2, v'' = 6x, v''' = 6$$

By Leibniz theorem

$$y' = u^n e^{4x} + n \cdot u^{n-1} e^{4x} \cdot v'$$

$$y'' = n^2 e^{4x} \cdot v' + n(n-1)u^{n-2} e^{4x} \cdot v'^2 + n \cdot u^{n-1} e^{4x} \cdot v''$$

$$y''' = 4^n e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4^{n-1} e^{4x} + 3n(n-1) \cdot 4^{n-2} e^{4x}$$

$$\therefore y^{(5)} = 4^5 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4^3 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4^2 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4^1 + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4^0$$

$$= 1024 e^{4x} \cdot x^3 + 3840 e^{4x} + 600 e^{4x} + 60 e^{4x} + 6 e^{4x}$$

$$= 1024 x^3 e^{4x} + 3906 e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 1024 x^3 e^{4x} + 3906 e^{4x}$$

$$y^{(5)} = 64 e^{4x} (16x^3 + 60x^2 + 60x + 6)$$

$$\text{ii) } x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$

$$\text{For } A = x^2 y''$$

$$u = y', u' = y''$$

$$v = x^2, v' = 2x, v'' = 2, v''' = 0$$

$$A^n = (y'' + 2x) x^2 + n(y'' + 2x) \cdot 2x + n(n-1) \cdot \frac{2}{2!}$$

$$= (y'' + 2x) \cdot 2 + 0$$

$$A^n = 2x^2 y'' + 2xy' + 2xy' + n(n+1) + n(n-1)y''$$

for B

$$B = xy'$$

$$u = y', u' = y''$$

$$v = x, v' = 1, v'' = 0$$

$$-v = x, v' = 1, u' = 1, u'' = 0$$

$$B^n = (y'' + 1) \cdot x + n(y'') \cdot 1 + 0$$

$$= xy'' + ny''$$

for C

$$C = y$$

$$C^n = y^n$$

$$A^n + B^n + C^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2xy^n y^{(n+1)} + (n^2 - n) y^n + 2xy^{(n+1)} + ny^{2n}$$

$$+ y^n = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + 2xy^{(n+1)} + y^n \binom{n^2 - n + n + 1}{n^2 - n + n + 1} = 0$$

$$= x^2 y^{(n+2)} + (2n+1) xy^{(n+1)} + (n^2 + 1) y^n = 0$$