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18/ENG 05/010

Mechatronics

(1)

$$5x^2 + y^2 = 5 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$y^2 = 5 - 5x^2$$

$$x^2 + (5 - 5x^2) = 4$$

"

$$5x^2 - x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$4x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x = 1/2 \text{ or } x = -1/2$$

$$\text{at } x = 1/2, y = \sqrt{3}/2$$

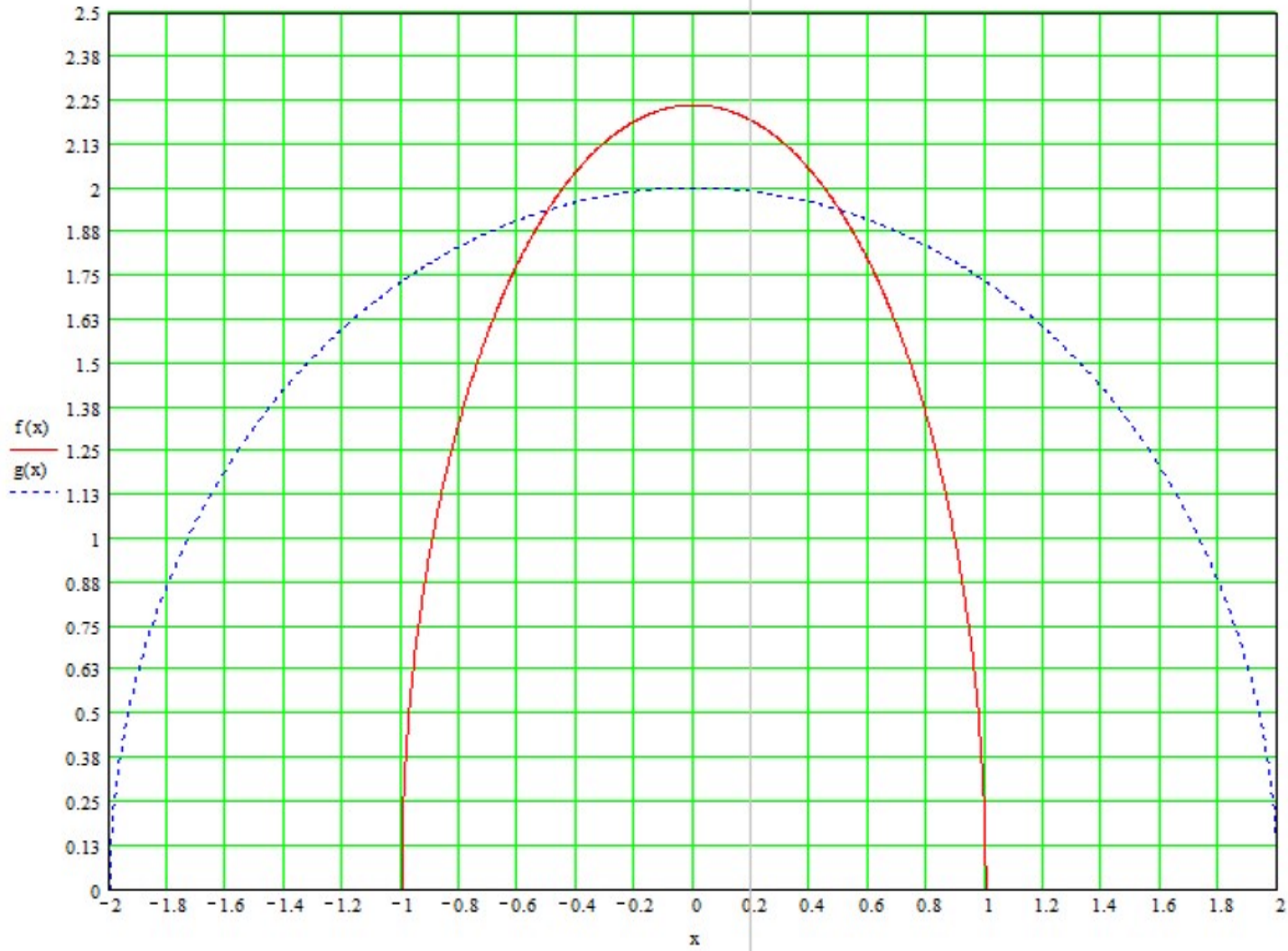
$$\text{at } x = -1/2, y = \sqrt{3}/2$$

dy/dx



10 **B** *I* U 100% ?

$f(x) := \sqrt{5 - 5x^2}$ $g(x) := \sqrt{4 - x^2}$



M... x

- $x =$
- \int
- \lim
- $\alpha \beta$
-

+

$$\tan(\theta_2 - \theta_1) = \frac{M_2 - M_1}{1 + M_2 M_1}$$

when $m_2 = \frac{-\sqrt{15}}{15}$ and $M_1 = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$

$$\tan(\theta_2 - \theta_1) = \frac{\frac{-\sqrt{15}}{15} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}}{1 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}\right)\left(\frac{-\sqrt{15}}{3}\right)} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}$$

when $m_2 = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{15}$ and $m_1 = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$

$$\tan(\theta_2 - \theta_1) = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{15}}{15} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}}{1 + \left(\frac{15}{15}\right)\left(\frac{15}{3}\right)} = \frac{-15}{5}$$

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}}{5}\right) = 37.76^\circ$$

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{15}}{5}\right) = -37.76^\circ$$

The angle between them

$$180 - 37.76 = 142.24^\circ$$

$$5x^2 - x^4 - 1 = 0$$

$$4x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x = 1/2 \text{ or } x = -1/2$$

$$\text{at } x = 1/2, y = \sqrt{15}/2$$

$$\text{at } x = -1/2, y = \sqrt{15}/2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ of } 5x^2 + y^2 = 5$$

$$10x + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-10x}{2y} = \frac{-5x}{y}$$

$$\text{differentiate } x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$2x + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2x}{2y} = \frac{-x}{y}$$

$$\text{at } x = 1/2 \text{ and } y = \sqrt{15}/2$$

$$\frac{-5x}{y} = \frac{-5(1/2)}{\sqrt{15}/2} = \frac{-\sqrt{15}}{3}$$

$$\text{at } x = 1/2 \text{ and } y = \sqrt{15}/2$$

$$\frac{-x}{y} = \frac{-1/2}{\sqrt{15}/2} = \frac{-\sqrt{15}}{15}$$