

The model for the deformation (y) of a structural element is represented by the expression given in equation (1):

$$x(x-1)y'' + (3x-1)y' + y = 0$$

Given that $y(0) = 0.0005m$ and $y'(0) = 0.0005$, applying Leibnitz-Maclaurin method.

- (a) Obtain the power series solution of the model up to and including the term in x^7
- (b) Estimate the approximate deformation when $x=5, 8$ and $10m$ and
- (c) With the aid of a MATLAB mfile program, plot the response of the structural element for $0 \leq x \leq 10m$.

Solution 1.

(a) $(x^2 - x)y'' + (3x - 1)y' + y = 0$

$w_1 = (x^2 - x)y''$	$w_2 = (3x - 1)y'$	$w_3 = y$
$u = y^{(2)} \quad v = x^2 - x$	$u = y^{(1)} \quad v = 3x - 1$	$u = y \quad v = 1$
$u^{(n)} = y^{(n+2)} \quad v' = 2x - 1$	$u^{(n)} = y^{(n+1)} \quad v' = 3$	$u^{(n)} = y^{(n)} \quad v' = 0$
$u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n+1)} \quad v'' = 2$	$u^{(n-1)} = y^{(n)} \quad v'' = 0$	
$u^{(n-2)} = y^{(n)} \quad v''' = 0$		

Using Leibnitz theorem

$$u^{(n)}v + n u^{(n-1)}v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u^{(n-2)}v'' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u^{(n-3)}v''' + \dots$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 0$$

$$y^{(n+2)}(x^2 - x) + n y^{(n+1)}(2x - 1) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^{(n)}(2) + y^{(n+1)}(3x - 1) + n y^{(n)} \cdot 3 + y^{(n)} = 0$$

assuming $x = 0$

$$n \binom{n+2}{0} (-1) + n(n-1) \binom{n}{0} + \binom{n+1}{0} (-1) + 3n \binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{0} = 0$$

$$-n \binom{n+2}{0} - \binom{n+1}{0} + n^2 - n \binom{n}{0} + 3n \binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{0} = 0$$

$$\binom{n+2}{0} (-n-1) + \binom{n}{0} (n^2 - n + 3n + 1) = 0$$

$$(n-1) \binom{n+1}{0} = -(n^2 + 2n + 1) \binom{n}{0} = 0$$

$$(y^{n+1})_0 = \frac{f(n^2+2n+1)}{f(n+1)} (y^n)_0$$

$$(y^{n+1})_0 = \frac{n^2+2n+1}{n+1} (y^n)_0$$

$$(y^0)_0 = 0.0005 \text{ m}$$

$$(y^1)_0 = 0.0005 \text{ m}$$

when $n=1$

$$y^{1+1} = (y^2)_0 = \frac{1^2+2(1)+1}{1+1} (y^1)_0 = \frac{4}{2} (y^1)_0 = 2(y^1)_0 = 2 \times 0.0005 = 0.001$$

when $n=2$

$$y^{2+1} = (y^3)_0 = \frac{2^2+2(2)+1}{2+1} (y^2)_0 = 3(y^2)_0 = 3 \times 0.001 = 0.003$$

when $n=3$

$$y^{3+1} = (y^4)_0 = \frac{3^2+2(3)+1}{3+1} (y^3)_0 = 4(y^3)_0 = 4 \times 0.003 = 0.012$$

when $n=4$

$$y^{4+1} = (y^5)_0 = \frac{4^2+2(4)+1}{4+1} (y^4)_0 = 5(y^4)_0 = 5 \times 0.012 = 0.06$$

when $n=5$

$$y^{5+1} = (y^6)_0 = \frac{5^2+2(5)+1}{5+1} (y^5)_0 = 6(y^5)_0 = 6 \times 0.06 = 0.36$$

when $n=6$

$$y^{6+1} = (y^7)_0 = \frac{6^2+2(6)+1}{6+1} (y^6)_0 = 7(y^6)_0 = 7 \times 0.36 = 2.52$$

maclaurin series ;

$$y = (y^0)_0 + x (y^1)_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!} (y^2)_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!} (y^3)_0 + \frac{x^4}{4!} (y^4)_0 + \frac{x^5}{5!} (y^5)_0 + \frac{x^6}{6!} (y^6)_0 + \frac{x^7}{7!} (y^7)_0 + \dots$$

$$y = 0.0005 + 0.0005x + \frac{x^2}{2!} \cdot 0.001 + \frac{x^3}{3!} \cdot 0.003 + \frac{x^4}{4!} \cdot 0.012 + \frac{x^5}{5!} \cdot 0.06 + \frac{x^6}{6!} \cdot 0.36 + \frac{x^7}{7!} \cdot 2.52 + \dots$$

$$y = 0.0005 + 0.0005x + 0.0005x^2 + 0.0005x^3 + 0.0005x^4 + 0.0005x^5 + 0.0005x^6 + 0.0005x^7 + \dots$$

b) $y = 0.0005(1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7 + \dots)$
 when $x = 5m$

$$y = 0.0005(1 + 5 + 5^2 + 5^3 + 5^4 + 5^5 + 5^6 + 5^7)$$

$$y = 48.828m$$

when $x = 8m$

$$y = 0.0005(1 + 8 + 8^2 + 8^3 + 8^4 + 8^5 + 8^6 + 8^7)$$

$$y = 1198.3725m$$

when $x = 10m$

$$y = 0.0005(1 + 10 + 10^2 + 10^3 + 10^4 + 10^5 + 10^6 + 10^7)$$

$$y = 5555.5555m$$

(c) Command window

clear

clc

close all

syms x

$$y = 0.0005 * (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$$

$$x = 0:1:10$$

$$y_n = \text{subs}(y)$$

$$y_{nn} = \text{double}(y_n)$$

$$\text{plot}(x, y_{nn})$$

grid on

grid minor

