

ETU ON SATSE TOSAN/ DORCAS.
 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

$$x(x-1)y'' + (3x-1)y' + y = 0.$$

Applying Leibnitz-Maclaurin method

$$(x^2-x)y'' + (3x-1)y' + y = 0.$$

$$(x^2-x)y^{(2)} + (3x-1)y' + y = 0.$$

Find the nth derivative

Let $(x^2-x)y^{(2)} = W_1$,

$$y^n = u^n v + n u^{(n-1)} v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} u^{(n-2)} v'' + \dots$$

$$u = y^2 \quad v = x^2 - x.$$

$$u^n = y^{n+2} \quad v' = 2x - 1$$

$$u^{n-1} = y^{n+1} \quad v'' = 2.$$

$$u^{n-2} = y^n \quad v''' = 0.$$

$$W_1^{(n)} = y^{n+2} - x^2 - x + n y^{n+1} \cdot 2x - 1 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} y^n \cdot 2$$

Let $(3x-1)y' = W_2$.

$$u = y' \quad v = 3x - 1$$

$$u^n = y^{n+1} \quad v' = 3$$

$$u^{n-1} = y^n \quad v'' = 0$$

$$W_2^n = y^{n+1} \cdot 3x - 1 + n y^n \cdot 3.$$

Let $y = W_3$

$$W_3^{(n)} = y^n.$$

nth derivative



$$y^{n+2} \cdot (x^2-x) + n y^{n+1} \cdot 2x - 1 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} y^n + y^{n+2} \cdot 3x - 1 + n y^n \cdot 3 + y^n = 0$$

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Assuming $x=0$

$$n(n-1)y'' + 3ny' + y^n - ny^{n+1} - y^{n+1} = 0$$

$$(n^2 + 2n + 1)y'' - (n+1)y^{n+1} = 0$$

$$y^{n+1} = \frac{n^2 + 2n + 1}{n+1} y'' = \frac{(n+1)(n+1)}{(n+1)} y''$$

$y^{n+1} = (n+1)y'' \rightarrow$ Recurrence relation

when $n=0$ $(y')_0 = (y'')_0$

$$n=1 \quad (y'')_0 = 2(y')_0 = 2(y''_0)_0$$

$$n=2 \quad (y''')_0 = 3(y'')_0 = 3 \times 2(y''_0)_0 = 6(y''_0)_0$$

$$n=3 \quad (y^{(4)})_0 = 4(y''')_0 = 4 \times 6(y''_0)_0 = 24(y''_0)_0$$

$$n=4 \quad (y^{(5)})_0 = 5(y^{(4)})_0 = 5 \times 24(y''_0)_0 = 120(y''_0)_0$$

$$n=5 \quad (y^{(6)})_0 = 6(y^{(5)})_0 = 6 \times 120(y''_0)_0 = 720(y''_0)_0$$

$$n=6 \quad (y^{(7)})_0 = 7(y^{(6)})_0 = 7 \times 720(y''_0)_0 = 5040(y''_0)_0$$

Maclaurin Series

$$y = (y''_0)_0 + x(y''')_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!}(y^{(4)})_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!}(y^{(5)})_0 + \dots$$

$$y = (y''_0)_0 + x(y''_0)_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!}(2y''_0)_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!}(6y''_0)_0 + \dots$$

$$+ \frac{x^4}{4!} (24(y^0)_0) + \frac{x^5}{5!} (120(y^0)_0) + \frac{x^6}{6!} (720(y^0)_0)$$

$$+ \frac{x^7}{7!} (5040(y^0)_0) + \dots$$

$$y = (y^0)_0 + x(y^0)_0 + x^2(y^0)_0 + x^3(y^0)_0 + x^4(y^0)_0 + x^5(y^0)_0 + x^6(y^0)_0 + x^7(y^0)_0 + \dots$$

a) Power Series

$$y = (y^0)_0 (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$$

Since $(y^0)_0 = 0.0005 \text{ m}$ and $(y^{(n)}) = 0.0005$

Power series: $y = 0.0005 (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$

b) When $x = 5 \text{ m}$

$$y = 0.0005 (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7 \dots)$$

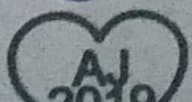
$$y = 0.0005 (1 + 5 + 5^2 + 5^3 + 5^4 + 5^5 + 5^6 + 5^7)$$

$$y = 48.828 \text{ m}$$

When $x = 8 \text{ m}$

$$y = 0.0005 (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$$

$$y = 0.0005 (1 + 8 + 8^2 + 8^3 + 8^4 + 8^5 + 8^6 + 8^7)$$



$$y = 1198.3725 \text{ m}$$

When $x = 10m$

$$y = 0.0005 (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7 + \dots)$$

$$y = 0.0005 (1 + 10 + 10^2 + 10^3 + 10^4 + 10^5 + 10^6 + 10^7)$$

$$y = 55555.55555m$$

MATLAB mFile

- * Command window
- * Clear
- * Cle
- * Close all
- * $x = 0:0.01:10$
- * $y = 0.0005 * (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$
- * $yn = \text{subs}(y)$
- * $\text{plot}(x, yn)$
- * $x\text{label}('m')$
- * $y\text{label}('Deflection')$
- * axis hgt
- * grid on
- * grid minor