

ADEBAYO OLUWASEUN

COLLINS

17/ENG 07/002

PETROLEUM

ENGINEERING

$$x(x-1)y'' + (3x-1)y' + y = 0$$

Applying Leibnitz Method

for  $G_1 \Rightarrow x(x-1)y''$

$$u = y'' \quad v = x^2 - x$$

$$u' = y''' \quad v' = 2x - 1$$

$$u'' = y^{(n+2)} \quad v'' = 2$$

$$v''' = 0$$

$$u''v + nu''v' + \frac{n(n-1)}{2}u''v'' + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3}u''v'''$$

$$(y^{n+2})(x^2-x) + n(y^{n+1})(2x-1) + n(n-1)(y^n)$$

$$x^2-x(y^{n+2}) + 2xn - n(y^{n+1}) + n^2 - n(y^n)$$

for  $G_2 \Rightarrow (3x-1)y'$

$$u = y' \quad v = (3x-1)$$

$$u'' = y^{(n+1)} \quad v' = 3$$

$$v'' = 0$$

$$(y^{n+1})(3x-1) + n(y^n)(3)$$

for  $G_3 \Rightarrow y$

$$u'' = y'' \quad v = 1$$

$$u' = y' \quad v' = 0$$

Combining

$$x^2-x(y^{n+2}) + n(2x-1)(y^{n+1}) + n(n-1)(y^n) + (3x-1)(y^{n+1}) + 3n(y^n) + y''$$

Solving

$$x^2-x(y^{n+2}) + n(2x-1)(3x-1)(y^{n+1}) + [n(n-1) + 3n + 1]y^n$$

$$x^2-x(y^{n+2}) + n(2x-1)(3x-1)y^{n+1} + (n^2 + 2n + 1)y^n$$

$$\text{at } x=0$$

$$[n(-1) + (-1)]y^{n+1} + (n^2 + 2n + 1)y^n = 0$$

$$(-n-1)y^{n+1} + (n^2 + 2n + 1)y^n = 0$$

$$-(n+1)y^{n+1} = -(n^2 + 2n + 1)y^n$$

$$(y^{n+1})_0 = \frac{f(n+1) \cancel{(n+1)} y^n}{\cancel{f(n+1)}}$$

$$(y^{n+1})_0 = (n+1)y^n - \text{Recurrent Equation}$$

$$n=0$$

$$y' = y_0$$

$$n=1$$

$$y'' = 2y'$$

$$n=2$$

$$y''' = 3y'' = (2)(3)(y') = 3!(y')_0$$

$$n=3$$

$$y^{(4)} = 4y''' = (2)(3)(4)(y') = 4!(y')_0$$

$$n=4$$

$$y^{(5)} = 5y^{(4)} = (2)(3)(4)(5)(y') = 5!(y')_0$$

$$n=5$$

$$y^{(6)} = 6y^{(5)} = (2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(y') = 6!(y')_0$$

$$n=6$$

$$y^{(7)} = 7y^{(6)} = (2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7)(y') = 7!(y')_0$$

### Maclaurin Series

$$y = y_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!}(y'')_0 + \frac{x^3}{3!}(y''')_0 + \frac{x^4}{4!}(y^{(4)})_0 + \frac{x^5}{5!}(y^{(5)})_0 + \frac{x^6}{6!}(y^{(6)})_0 + \frac{x^7}{7!}(y^{(7)})_0$$

$$y = y_0 + x(y')_0 + \frac{x^2}{2!}(2y'_0) + \frac{x^3}{3!}(3!y'_0) + \frac{x^4}{4!}(4!y'_0) + \frac{x^5}{5!}(5!y'_0) + \frac{x^6}{6!}(6!y'_0)$$

$$+ \frac{x^7}{7!}(7!y'_0)$$

$$y = y_0 + (y'_0)x + x^2y'_0 + x^3y'_0 + x^4y'_0 + x^5y'_0 + x^6y'_0 + x^7y'_0$$
$$= y_0 + y'_0[x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7]$$

$$\text{but } y' = y_0$$

$$y = y' [1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7]$$

$$y' = 0.0005$$

$$y = 0.0005 [1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7]$$

⑥

when  $x = 5m$

$$y_5 = 0.0005 [1 + 5 + 5^2 + 5^3 + 5^4 + 5^5 + 5^6 + 5^7]$$

$$= 0.0005 [97656]$$

$$= 48.828$$

$$\approx \underline{48.83}$$

When  $x = 8m$

$$y_8 = 0.0005 [1 + 8 + 8^2 + 8^3 + 8^4 + 8^5 + 8^6 + 8^7]$$

$$= 0.0005 [2396745]$$

$$= 1198.3725$$

$$\approx \underline{1198.37}$$

When  $x = 10m$

$$y_{10} = 0.0005 [1 + 10 + 10^2 + 10^3 + 10^4 + 10^5 + 10^6 + 10^7]$$

$$= 0.0005 [11111111]$$

$$= 5555.5555$$

$$\approx \underline{5555.56}$$

Command Window

Clear all

clc

Close all

Syms x y

x = 0:0.1:10

y = [(0.0005) \* (1 + x + x.^2 + x.^3 + x.^4 + x.^5 + x.^6 + x.^7)]

Yn = Subs(y)

Ynn = double(Yn)

Plot = (x, Ynn)

x label = ('x')

y label = ('T')

grid on

grid minor

axis tight

