

Bashir ABUBAKAR IDRIS

18 (ENG011011)

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

1) $y = 3e^{3x}$ and $y = 3e^{-x}$ at the point $x=1$ and $x=2$ find the area bounded by the curves. Soln $A = \int_1^2 3e^{2x} dx - \int_1^2 3e^{-x} dx$

$$\text{Area} = \left[\frac{3}{2} e^{2x} + c \right]_1^2 - \left[-3e^{-x} + c \right]_1^2$$
$$= \left[\frac{3}{2} (e^2 - e^4) + c - c \right] - \left[-3e^{-2} + 3e^{-1} + c - c \right]$$

$$= [70.81] - [0.698]$$
$$A = 70.112 \text{ units}^2$$

2) $y = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right)$, $x = 2 + 2t - 2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right)$ at ordinates $t_2 = 10$ and $t_1 = 0$

Soln

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2 - 2 \cdot \left(-\sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right)\right) \times \frac{\pi}{10}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2 + \frac{\pi}{5} \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right)$$

$$dx = \left(2 + \frac{\pi}{5} \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) \right) dt$$

Area bounded by the parametric equations (A) = $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} y dx$

$$A = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) dx$$

$$A = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) \left(2 + \frac{\pi}{5} \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) \right) dt$$

$$A = \int_0^{10} 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) + \frac{2\pi}{5} \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) dt$$

$$A = \int_0^{10} 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) dt + \int_0^{10} \frac{2\pi}{5} \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) dt$$

But, $\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = \cos 2x$

$$1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x = \cos 2x$$

$$1 - 2\sin^2 x = \cos 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$$

2

$$\therefore \int \sin^2 x dx = \int \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (1 - \cos 2x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + c \right]$$

$$\therefore A = \left[4 \times \frac{10}{\pi} \times -\cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) + c \right]_0^{10} + \left[\frac{2\pi}{5} \times \frac{10}{\pi} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi t}{10} - \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi t}{10}\right) \right) \right]_0^{10}$$

$$A = \left[\frac{-40}{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{10}\right) + C \right]_0^{10} + \left[2\left(\frac{\pi t}{10} - \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2 \times \pi t}{10}\right)\right) + C \right]_0^{10}$$

$$A = \left[\frac{-40}{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{\pi \times 10}{10}\right) + C + \frac{40}{\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi \times 0}{10}\right) \right) - C \right] + \left[2\left(\frac{\pi \times 10}{10} - \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2 \times \pi \times 10}{10}\right)\right) + C - 2\left(\frac{\pi \times 0}{10} - \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2 \times \pi \times 0}{10}\right)\right) - C \right]$$

$$A = \left[\frac{-40}{\pi} \cos(\pi) + \frac{40}{\pi} \cos(0) \right] + \left[2\pi - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(0) \right]$$

$$A = \left[\frac{-40 \times -1}{\pi} + \frac{40}{\pi} \right] + \left[2\pi - 0 + 0 \right]$$

$$A = \frac{80}{\pi} + 2\pi$$

$$A = 31.75 \text{ units}^2$$

2)