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Dept: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Md no: HENG061013

Course: Mathematical

Solution

$$x(x-1)y'' + (3x-1)y' + y = 0$$

Let

$$W_1 = x(x-1)y''$$

$$W_2 = (3x-1)y'$$

$$W_3 = y$$

For W_1

$$u = y^2 \quad v = x(x-1) = x^2 - x$$

$$u^n = y^{2n+1} \quad v' = 2x - 1$$

$$u^{n+1} = y^{2n+3} \quad v'' = 2$$

$$u^{n+2} = y^{2n+5} \quad v''' = 0$$

For W_2

$$u = y' \quad v = 3x - 1$$

$$u^n = y'^{n+1} \quad v' = 3$$

$$u^{n+1} = y'^{n+2} \quad v'' = 0$$

For W_3

$$u = y \quad v = 1$$

$$u^n = y^n \quad v' = 0$$

Result

$$y = u_1 v_1 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} u_1^{n-2} v_1^2 + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} u_1^{n-3} v_1^3 + \dots$$

$$y = y^{(2n+2)} \cdot (x^2-x) + n(y^{(2n+1)}) \cdot (3x-1) + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} y^n \cdot 2 + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} (y^{(n-1)}) \cdot 0 + (y^{(n+1)}) \cdot (3x-1)$$

$$+ n y^n \cdot 3 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} (y^{(n-1)}) \cdot 0 + y^n \cdot 1 + n y^{(n-1)} \cdot 0$$

$$= (x^2-x)(y^{(2n+2)}) + n(3x-1)(y^{(n+1)}) + n(n-1)(y^n) + (3x-1)(y^{(n+1)}) + n^2(y^n)(3x-1)$$

$$= (x^2-x)(y^{(2n+2)}) + (y^{(n+1)}) \cdot (3nx-1) + (3x-1) + (y^n) \cdot (n(n-1) + 3n + 1)$$

$$= (x^2-x)(y^{(2n+2)}) + (y^{(n+1)}) \cdot (2nx-n+3x-1) + (y^n) \cdot (n^2-n+3n+1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (y^{(n+1)})_0 = (y^{(n)})_0 (n+1) \\
& - (y^{(n)})_0 (n+1) + (y^{(n)})_0 (n+1) = 0 \\
& - (y^{(n)})_0 (n+1) + (y^{(n)})_0 (n+1) = 0 \\
& (y^{(n+1)})_0 = (y^{(n)})_0 \frac{(n+1)(n+1)}{n+1}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(y^{(n+1)})_0 = (y^{(n)})_0 (n+1)$$

Recall $(y^0)_0 = 0.0005$
 $(y^{(1)})_0 = 0.0005$

$n=0$
 $(y^{(2)})_0 = (y^0)_0 (2+1)$
 $(y^{(2)})_0 = 1(y^0)_0$

$n=1$
 $(y^{(3)})_0 = (y^{(1)})_0 (3+1)$
 $(y^{(3)})_0 = 2(y^0)_0$

$n=2$
 $(y^{(4)})_0 = (y^{(2)})_0 (4+1)$
 $(y^{(4)})_0 = 3y^2 = 3 \times 2(y^0)_0 = 6y^0$

$n=3$
 $(y^{(5)})_0 = (y^{(3)})_0 (5+1)$
 $(y^{(5)})_0 = 4(y^3)_0 = 4 \times 6(y^0)_0 = 24(y^0)_0$

$n=4$
 $(y^{(6)})_0 = (y^{(4)})_0 (6+1)$
 $(y^{(6)})_0 = 5(y^4)_0 = 5 \times 24(y^0)_0 = 120(y^0)_0$

$n=5$
 $(y^{(7)})_0 = (y^{(5)})_0 (7+1)$
 $(y^{(7)})_0 = 6(y^5)_0 = 6 \times 120(y^0)_0 = 720(y^0)_0$

$n=6$
 $(y^{(8)})_0 = (y^{(6)})_0 (8+1)$
 $(y^{(8)})_0 = 7(y^6)_0 = 7 \times 720(y^0)_0 = 5040(y^0)_0$

Using Leibnitz Method theory

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (y^{(8)})_0 = 2(y^7)_0 + \frac{2^2}{2!}(y^6)_0 + \frac{2^3}{3!}(y^5)_0 + \frac{2^4}{4!}(y^4)_0 + \frac{2^5}{5!}(y^3)_0 + \frac{2^6}{6!}(y^2)_0 + \frac{2^7}{7!}(y^1)_0 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2!}{2!} \qquad \qquad \frac{3!}{3!} \qquad \qquad \frac{4!}{4!} \qquad \qquad \frac{5!}{5!} \qquad \qquad \frac{6!}{6!} \qquad \qquad \frac{7!}{7!}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = (4^0) \cdot 0.5 \cdot (4^0) + \frac{x^2}{2!} (24) + \frac{x^3}{3!} (64) + \frac{x^4}{4!} (256) + \frac{x^5}{5!} (1024) + \frac{x^6}{6!} (4096) + \dots$$

$$\dots + \frac{x^9}{9!} (5040)$$

$$y = 4^0 \cdot 0.5 (100) + (x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7) (4)$$

$$y = 0.0005 (100) + 0.0005 (x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$$

Wenn $x = 5$

$$y = 0.0005 (100) + 0.0005 (5^2 + 5^3 + 5^4 + 5^5 + 5^6 + 5^7)$$

$$= 115.525 \text{ m}$$

$x = 6$

$$y = 0.0005 (100) + 0.0005 (6^2 + 6^3 + 6^4 + 6^5 + 6^6 + 6^7)$$

$$= 119.345 \text{ m}$$

$x = 10$

$$y = 0.0005 (100) + 0.0005 (10^2 + 10^3 + 10^4 + 10^5 + 10^6 + 10^7)$$

$$= 5555.5555 \text{ m}$$

Matlab für

Command window

clear

ac

close all

$x = 0:0.01:10$

$y = (0.0005 * c(x)) + (6 * x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7) * 0.0005$

$Y_n = \text{russ}$

Plot (x, Yn)

• label ('m')

Y label ('Deflection')

axis on

grid on

grid minor

