

$$4. f(x) = 2x^2 + 7x \quad g(x) = -3x$$

$$(f-g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$$

$$= [2(x)^2 + 7(x)] - [-3(x)]$$

$$= (250 + 35) - (-15)$$

$$= 215 + 15$$

$$= 230$$

$$5. f(x) = 4x^2 + 2 \quad g(x) = 2x + 3$$

$$f \circ g(x) = 4(2x+3)^2 + 2$$

$$= 4(4x^2 + 12x + 9) + 2$$

$$= 16x^2 + 48x + 36 + 2$$

$$= 16x^2 + 48x + 38$$

6. Find the gradient of $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 1020$

$$(x+y)^2 = 1020 \quad x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 1020$$

$$x+y = \pm \sqrt{1020}$$

$$x+y = \pm 2\sqrt{255}$$

$$x+y = +2\sqrt{255}$$

$$x+y = -2\sqrt{255}$$

$$2x + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$2x + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = -2x - 2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}(2x+2y) = -2x-2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2x-2y}{2x+2y}$$

$$= \frac{-x-y}{x+y}$$

$$7. y = x^2 \cos x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x \cos x$$

$$u = x^2 \quad v = \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x \quad \frac{dv}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= x^2(-\sin x) + \cos x(2x)$$

$$= -x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$$

$$= -x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$$

1. Find the limit of the function $\left(\frac{x - \cos x}{x}\right) x \rightarrow 0$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 + \sin x}{1} \quad x \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{1 + 0}{1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1$$

2. If $y = -3 \tan 7x e^{3x}$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

Let $u = -3 \tan 7x$ $v = e^{3x}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \operatorname{sec}^2 x \quad \frac{dv}{dx} = 3e^{3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= -3 \tan 7x (3e^{3x}) + e^{3x} (2 \operatorname{sec}^2 x)$$

3. $f = \cos 3x$

using first principle

$$f + \Delta f = \cos(3x + \Delta x)$$

$$\Delta f = \cos(3x + \Delta x) - f$$

$$\Delta f = \cos(3x + \Delta x) - \cos 3x$$

Recall $\cos A - \cos B = -2 \sin \frac{A+B}{2} \sin \frac{A-B}{2}$

$$A = 3x + \Delta x; B = 3x$$

$$A+B = \frac{3x + \Delta x + 3x}{2} = \frac{6x + \Delta x}{2} = 3x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}$$

$$A-B = \frac{3x + \Delta x - 3x}{2} = \frac{\Delta x}{2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = -2 \sin\left(3x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{\Delta x}$$

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = -\sin(3x + 0) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{3\Delta x}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{3\Delta x}{2}\right)}$$

since $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{3\Delta x}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{3\Delta x}{2}\right)} = 1$

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = -3 \sin 3x$$