

Name: OTOR CHUKWUEBUKA EMMANUEL

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COURSE MAT104

2  $y = -3 \tan 7x e^{3x}$   
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5$

3  $y = \cos 3x$   
 $y + \Delta y = \cos 3[x + \Delta x] - \cos 3x \quad \text{①}$   
Recall  $\cos A - \cos B = \frac{-2 \sin \frac{A+B}{2} \sin \frac{A-B}{2}}{2} \dots \text{②}$

Hence

$$\Delta y = -2 \sin(3x + 3\Delta x) \sin \left[ \frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-2 \sin(3x + 3\Delta x) \sin \left( \frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right)}{\Delta x}$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-2 \sin(3x + 3\Delta x) \sin \left( \frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right) \times \frac{1}{2}}{\Delta x \times \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-\sin(3x + 3\Delta x) \sin \left( \frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right)}{\Delta x \frac{1}{2}}$$

Taking  $\lim$  as  $\Delta x \rightarrow 0$

$$\lim \Delta y = -\sin(3x + 3\Delta x) \\ = -\sin(3x) = -\sin 3x$$

$$\lim \Delta y = \sin \left( \frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right) \\ = \sin(0) = 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -3 \sin 3x$$

$$F(x) = 2x^3 - 7x \quad g(x) = -3x$$

$$F'(x) = 6x^2 - 7 \quad g'(x) = -3$$

$$5 - (f - g) = 2x^3 - \cancel{7x} - (-3x)$$

$$[(6x^2 - 7) - (-3)] = 2x^2 + 10x$$

$$(6x^2 - 4) \cdot 5 \quad (f - g) \cdot 5 = 5(2x^3 + 10x)$$

$$30x^2 - 20 = 10x^2 - 5x$$

5  $F \circ g(x)$  if  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 2$  and  $g(x) = 2x + 3$

$$= f(g(x)) = f(2x + 3)$$

$$= 4(2x + 3)^2 + 2$$

$$= 4(4x^2 + 12x + 9) + 2$$

$$= 16x^2 + 48x + 36 + 2$$

$$F \circ g(x) = 16x^2 + 48x + 38$$

7  $v = x^2 \quad v = \cos x$

$$\frac{dv}{dx} = 2x \quad \frac{dv}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{u dv}{dx} + \frac{v du}{dx}$$

$$= x^2(-\sin x) + \cos x(2x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$$