

Course Code: MAT 2014

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Dep: Computer Science

$$(i) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \cos x}{x}$$

$$-1 < \cos x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (-1) = -1$$

$$=$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \cos x}{x}$ does not exist

$$(ii) -3 \tan 7x - e^{3x} \quad 7x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dy}{dx} + v \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$3 \tan 7x - e^{3x} = -2 \sec^2 x + 3 \tan x$$

$$d^2y/dx^2 = 3e^{3x} \quad v = e^{3x}$$

$$dy/dx = -3 \tan 7x (3e^{3x})$$

$$= -3 \tan 7x (3e^{3x}) + e^{3x} (-2 \sec^2 7x)$$

$$(iii) y = \cos 3x$$

$$y' = \Delta y = \cos(3x + \Delta x)$$

$$y + \Delta y = \cos(3x + 3\Delta x)$$

$$y + \Delta y - y = \cos(3x + 3\Delta x) - \cos 3x$$

$$\text{Recall } \cos A - \cos B = -2 \sin \frac{A+B}{2} \sin \frac{A-B}{2}$$

$$\Delta y = -2 \sin \left(\frac{6x + 3\Delta x}{2} \right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right)$$

$$= -2 \sin \left(\frac{3x + 3\Delta x}{2} \right) \sin \frac{3\Delta x}{2}$$

$$\Delta y / \Delta x = \frac{-2 \sin \left(\frac{3x + 3\Delta x}{2} \right) \times \sin \left(\frac{3\Delta x}{2} \right)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= -2 \sin \left(\frac{3x + 3\Delta x}{2} \right) \frac{\sin \frac{3\Delta x}{2}}{\Delta x}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} -2 \sin \left(\frac{3x + 3\Delta x}{2} \right) \times \sin \frac{3\Delta x}{2} \frac{1}{\Delta x}$$

$$\text{recall } \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \sin \theta = \theta$$

$$\Delta x \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -3 \sin 3x$$

$$(iv) f(x) = 2x^3 - 7x$$

$$g(x) = 3x$$

$$(f-g)(x) = 2x^3 - 7x - (-3x)$$

$$= 2x^3 - 7x + 3x$$

$$= 2x^3 - 4x$$

(vi) $y = x^2 \cos x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x \cos x + V \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$y = x^2 \quad V = \cos x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$

$$-2x^2 \sin x + \cos x (2x)$$

$$-2x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$$

$$(f-g)' = 2(5) - 4(5)$$

$$= 10 - 20$$

$$= -10$$

(v) $f_{xy}(x,y)$

$$\text{if } f(x,y) = 4x^2 + 2y$$

$$g(x,y) = 2x + 3$$

$$2x + 3 = 0$$

$$x = -3/2$$

$$f_{xy} = 4 \left(-\frac{3}{2} \right)^2 + 2$$

$$4 \left(\frac{9}{4} \right) + 2$$

$$9 + 2 = 11$$

(vi) $x^2 + 2xy + y^2$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x \frac{dx}{dx} + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$2x + 2y + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (2x + 2y) = -2x - 2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2x - 2y}{2x + 2y} = -1$$