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Assignment  
 1.  $A = 2i - j$ ,  $B = 3i + j - 11k$ ,  $C = 4i + 4j - 5k$

1I)  $-3A + 7B - 8C$

$$\begin{aligned} -3A + 7B - 8C &= -3(2i - j) + 7(3i + j - 11k) - 8(4i + 4j - 5k) \\ &= -6i + 3j + 21i + 7j - 77k - 32i - 32j + 40k \\ &= -17i - 22j - 37k \end{aligned}$$

1II)  $K = 2A + 4B - C$

$$\begin{aligned} 2A + 4B - C &= 2(2i - j) + 4(3i + j - 11k) - (4i - 4j + 5k) \\ &= 4i - 2j + 12i + 4j - 44k - 4i + 4j - 5k \\ &= 4i + 12i - 4i - 2j + 4j - 4j + 4j - 49k + 5k \\ &= 12i - 2j - 39k \\ |K| &= \sqrt{(2)^2 + (-2)^2 + (-39)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{4 + 4 + 1521} \\ &= \sqrt{1569} \\ &= 40.85 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L &= \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1669}} \\ m &= \cos \beta = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{1669}} \\ n &= \cos \gamma = \frac{-39}{\sqrt{1669}} \end{aligned}$$

1III)  $A \times (B \times C)$

$$B \times C = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 3 & 1 & -11 \\ 4 & 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix}$$



$$i \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -11 \\ 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -11 \\ 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$i(-5 - (-44)) - j(-15 - (-44)) + k(12 - 4)$$

$$i(-5 + 44) - j(-15 + 44) + k(12 - 4)$$

$$39i - 29j - 8k$$

$$A \times (B \times C) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 39 & -29 & -8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$i \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -29 & -8 \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 39 & -8 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 39 & -29 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$i(8 - (-0)) - j(-16 - (0)) + k(-58 - (-39))$$

$$i(8 + 0) - j(16 - 0) + k(-58 + 39)$$

$$8i - 16j - 19k$$

1IV)  $(3A \times B) - (A \times 2B)$

$$3A = 3(2i - j) = 6i - 3j$$

$$(6i - 3j) \times (3i + j - 11k) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & j & k \\ 6 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -11 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 1 & -11 \end{vmatrix} + j \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 3 & 11 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} 6 & -3 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i(33 - 0) - j(66 - 0) + k(6 + 9)$$

$$= 33i - 66j + 15k$$

$$A \times 2B = 2i - j \times 2(3i + j - 11k)$$

$$A \times 2B = (2i - j) \times (6i + 2j - 22k)$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -22 \end{vmatrix} = i \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -22 \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 6 & -22 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 6 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i(22 - 0) - j(-44 - 0) + k(4 + 6) = 22i - 44j + 10k$$

$$(3A \times B) - (A \times 2B) = |3A \times B| |A \times 2B| \cos \theta$$

P.T.D



$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark A - 2B - C &= 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 2(3\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 11\hat{k}) - 4\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 5\hat{k} \\
 &= 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 6\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 22\hat{k} - 4\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 5\hat{k} \\
 &= 2\hat{i} - 6\hat{i} - 4\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 2\hat{j} - 4\hat{j} + 22\hat{k} + 5\hat{k} \\
 &= -8\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + 27\hat{k}
 \end{aligned}$$

Q Perpendicular vectors: Two vectors are said to be perpendicular if  $A \cdot B = 0$

Coplanar vectors: Three vectors are said to be coplanar if  $A \cdot (B \times C) = 0$

Continuation of NO 1 IV

$$3A \times B = 33\hat{i} - 66\hat{j} + 15\hat{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |3A \times B| &= \sqrt{(33)^2 + (-66)^2 + (15)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{1089 + 4356 + 225} \\
 &= \sqrt{5670}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A \times 2B = 22\hat{i} - 44\hat{j} + 10\hat{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |A \times 2B| &= \sqrt{(22)^2 + (-44)^2 + (10)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{484 + 1936 + 100} \\
 &= \sqrt{2520}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3A \times B) \cdot (A \times 2B) = \sqrt{5670} \times \sqrt{2520} \cos \theta$$

$$\underline{U} \cdot \underline{V} = |\underline{U}| |\underline{V}| \cos \theta$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\underline{U} \cdot \underline{V}}{|\underline{U}| |\underline{V}|}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{U} \cdot \underline{V} &= (33\hat{i} - 66\hat{j} + 15\hat{k}) \cdot (22\hat{i} - 44\hat{j} + 10\hat{k}) \\
 &= 726 + 2904 + 150 \\
 &= 3780
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{3780}{\sqrt{5670} \cdot \sqrt{2520}} = 1$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 1$$