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MARTIC NUMBER: 19/ENG03/005

MAT 102 ASSIGNMENT

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- ✓ Civil Engineering
- ✓ 19/ENG03/005
- ✓ MAT 102 Assignment

I. If $A = 2i - j$, $B = 3i + j - 11k$ and $C = 4i + 4j - 5k$, find the following:

I. $-3A + 7B - 8C$

soln

$$\begin{aligned} -3A &= -3(2i - j) \\ &= -6i + 3j \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7B &= 7(3i + j - 11k) \\ &= 21i + 7j - 77k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8C &= 8(4i + 4j - 5k) \\ &= 32i + 32j - 40k \end{aligned}$$

$$-3A + 7B - 8C = -17i - 22j - 37k$$

II. If $K = 2A + 4B - C$, find the direction cosine of K

soln

$$K = 2A + 4B - C$$

$$2A = 2(2i - j) = 4i - 2j$$

$$4B = 4(3i + j - 11k) = 12i + 4j - 44k$$

$$C = 4i + 4j - 5k$$

$$2A + 4B - C = 12i - 2j - 39k$$

$$K = \sqrt{12^2 + (-2)^2 + (-39)^2}$$

$$K = \sqrt{1669}$$

$$K = 40.85$$

∴ The direction of K are

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{12}{40.85}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{-2}{40.85}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{-39}{40.85}$$

III. $A \times B \times C$

$$A \times B = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -11 \end{vmatrix} = i(11-0) - j(-22-0) + k(2+3) \\ = 11i + 22j + 5k$$

$$A \times B \times C = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 11 & 22 & 5 \\ 4 & 4 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = i(110-20) - j(-55-20) + k(44-88) \\ = -130i + 75j - 44k$$

IV. $(3A \times B) \cdot (A \times 2B)$

soln

$$3A = 3(2i - j) = 6i - 3j$$

$$2B = 2(3i + j - 11k) = 6i + 2j - 22k$$

$$3A \times B = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 6 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -11 \end{vmatrix} = i(33-0) - j(-66-0) + k(6+9)$$
$$= 33i + 66j + 15k$$

$$A \times 2B = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -22 \end{vmatrix} = i(22-0) - j(-44-0) + k(4+6)$$
$$= 22i + 44j + 10k$$

$$(3A \times B) \cdot (A \times 2B) = (33 \times 22) + (66 \times 44) + (15 \times 10)$$
$$= 3780$$

3)

$$A - 2B - C$$

soln

$$2B = 2(3i + j - 11k) = 6i + 2j - 22k$$

$$A = 2i - j$$

$$C = 4i + 4j - 5k$$

$$A - 2B - C = -8i - 7j + 27k$$

2. Define perpendicular and co-planar vectors.

Two vectors A and B are said to be perpendicular if their scalar product is equal to zero.

Three vectors A , B and C are said to be coplanar if their triple scalar product $[A \cdot (B \times C)]$ is equal to zero.

$$[A \cdot (B \times C)] = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$[A \cdot (B \times C)] = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(a_1 \times b_2) + (a_2 \times b_3) + (a_3 \times b_1) = (a_2 \times b_1) + (a_3 \times b_2) + (a_1 \times b_3)$$

$$a \cdot b = c$$

cop

$$a \cdot b = c \Rightarrow (a_1 \times b_2) + (a_2 \times b_3) + (a_3 \times b_1) = (a_2 \times b_1) + (a_3 \times b_2) + (a_1 \times b_3)$$

$$a \cdot b = c$$

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