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 19/ENG02/043  
 MAT102 / COMP.FNG

### Computer Engineering

- 1 Show that the points A(6, -5), B(-2, 1) C(0, 3) form an isosceles triangle.
  2. If P, Q and R are points (5, -3), (-4, 9) and (4, -15) respectively. find the rotation which (a) P divides QR (b) R divides PQ.
- Solution

(1) A(6, -5) B(-2, 1) C(0, 3)

$$AB = \sqrt{(6+2)^2 + (1-5)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{64 + 36}$$

$$= 10 \text{ Sq unit}$$

$$BC = \sqrt{(0+2)^2 + (3-1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4 + 4}$$

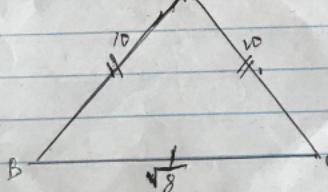
$$= \sqrt{8} \text{ Sq unit}$$

$$AC = \sqrt{(0-6)^2 + (3+5)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2}$$

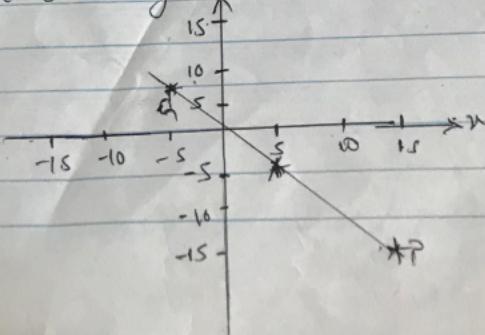
$$= \sqrt{36 + 64}$$

$$= \sqrt{100} \text{ Sq unit} = 10 \text{ Sq unit}$$



Isosceles Triangle (A, B, C)

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① Internal division  $\Rightarrow C(x, y) = \left( \frac{x_1 + kx_1}{L+k}, \frac{y_1 + ky_1}{L+k} \right)$

Using  $x$

$$5 = \frac{4L + 14K}{L+K}$$

$$5L + 5K = 14L + 14K$$

$$9L = 9K$$

The ratios which  $P$  divides  $QR$  is  $1:1$

② External Division  $\Rightarrow C(x, y) = \left( \frac{x_1 L - x_2 K}{L-K}, \frac{y_1 L - y_2 K}{L-K} \right)$

Using  $y$

$$-15 = \frac{9L - (-3)K}{L+K}$$

$$-15L - 15K = 9L + 3K$$

$$-15L - 9L = 3K + 15K$$

$$-24L = 18K$$

$$-4L = 3K$$

$$4L = 3K$$

$$\therefore \frac{L}{K} = \frac{3}{4} \therefore \frac{L}{K} = \frac{4}{3}$$

The ratio that  $R$  divides  $PQ = 4:3$