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MATRIC NO: 15/ENG 04/033
COURSE CODE: EEE 552

Assignment

a) i) $E = \frac{TL}{\pi}$

$$\therefore L = \frac{E}{\pi}$$

with reflector factor

$$L = \frac{E}{\pi} \times \text{reflector factor}$$

$$= \frac{44000}{\pi} \times 85\%$$

$$= \frac{44000}{3.142} \times \frac{85}{100}$$

$$= 11903.24 = 1.19 \times 10^4 \text{ Cd/m}^2$$

ii) using $E = 0.22 \text{ lux}$

$$L = \frac{0.22}{3.142} \times \frac{85}{100}$$

$$= 0.0595 = 5.95 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Cd/m}^2$$

b) i) Total flux emitted by the globe

$$\phi = 120 \times 4\pi$$

$$= 1508.16 \text{ lumen}$$

flux absorbed by the globe

$$1508.16 \times \frac{30}{100} = 452.448 \text{ lumen}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{flux emitted by globe} \\ &= 1508.16 - 452.448 \\ &= 1055.712 \text{ lumen} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total luminance} = \frac{\text{flux emitted}}{\text{Area}}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \cdot 22^2}{4} = 380.182$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Luminance} &= \frac{1055.714}{380.182} \\ &= 2.777 \text{ lumen/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ii.) Candle power} = \frac{\text{lumen}}{\omega} = \frac{1055.712}{4\pi} = 84 \text{ Cd}$$

$$\text{c.) Area} = 75 \text{ cm}^2 = 75 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{thickness} = 2 \text{ cm} = 2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}{t} = \frac{8.85 \times 10^{-12} \times 6.5 \times 75 \times 10^{-4}}{2 \times 10^{-2}}$$

$$C = 21.57 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega &= 2\pi f = 2\pi \times 20 \times 10^6 \\ &= 125.664 \times 10^6 \text{ rad/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \phi = 0.04$$

$$\phi = \cos^{-1}(0.04)$$

$$\phi = 87.7^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta &= 90^\circ - \phi \\ &= 90^\circ - 87.7^\circ \\ &= 2.3^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Density} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Volume}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Mass of slab} &= 75 \times 2 \times 0.55 \\ &= 82.5 \text{ g}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Heat required} &= \text{Mass} \times \text{specific heat} \times \text{temp rise} \\ &= M C \Delta \theta \\ &= 82.5 \times 0.25 \times (80 - 30) \\ &= 1051.88 \text{ cal}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total heat required} = \frac{1051.88}{1} \times \frac{85}{100} = 894.098 \text{ cal}$$

$$\text{Recall } 1 \text{ cal} = 4.186 \text{ J or W-s}$$

$$\text{Therefore energy input} = 894.098 \times 4.186 = 3742.7 \text{ W-s}$$

$$P = \frac{\text{Energy input}}{\text{time}}$$

$$\text{time} = 8 \times 60 = 480 \text{ secs}$$

$$P = \frac{3742.7}{480} = 7.797 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{Recall; } P_d = V^2 \omega C \tan \delta$$

$$7.797 = V^2 \times 125.664 \times 10^6 \times 21.57 \times 10^{-12} \times \tan(2.3^\circ)$$

$$V^2 = \frac{7.797}{1.08868 \times 10^{-4}} \quad V = 267.62 \text{ V}$$

$$P = IV \cos \phi$$

$$I = \frac{P}{V \cos \phi}$$

$$I = \frac{7.797}{267.62 \times 0.04} = 0.7284 \text{ A}$$