**NAME: BAMBE CHIOMA OYINDAMOLA**

**MATRIC NO: 15/MHS02/018**

**CORURSE CODE: NSC 408**

**COURSE TITLE: ADVANCED MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING II**

**ASSIGNMENT**

**Question**

**Answers are in bold and capital letters**

HOSPITAL FINAL EXAMINATION

1. In head injury where there is an accumulation of blood between the first layer of Meninges and skull is called

sub dural haematoma
Sub arachnoid haematoma
**EXTRADURAL HEAMATOMA**Intracebral heametoma

1. The normal pressure of cerebrospinal fluid in the adult is

**10-20MMH20**
80-120mmHg
10-40mmHg
40-180mmH20

1. An X-ray examination of the spinal cord and vertebral canal following injection of a radio opaque contrast substance into  the spinal subarachnoid space is

spinal angiography
Electro encephalography
**MYELOGRAPHY**
Electromyography

1. Which of the following intravenous fluid will be of help to a patient with burns in correcting fluid and electrolyte imbalance

Darrow’s solution
**NORMAL SALINE**
5% dextrose in water
10% dextrose in water

1. The most accurate indication of fluid balance status is

**INTAKE AND OUTPUT**Skin turgor
Complete blood count
Daily weight

1. Another name for Cerebrovascular accident

Cerebral shunt
Cerebral gasp
**APOPLEXY**Cerebral tag

1. An amputee experience one of these types of pain

Transcient
**PHANTOM**
Superficial
Referred

1. Tracheostomy is performed at the level of

1st and 2nd tracheal ring
4cm above the suprasternal notch
**3RD AND 4TH TRACHEAL RING**
5cm above suprasternal notch

1. Which of the following urinary symptoms is closely associated with Schisotomiasis?

Polyuria
Oliguria
**HAEMATURIA**
Nocturia

1. Which of the following technique should be considered when inserting indwelling catheter?

Good hand washing technique
**SURGICAL ASEPTIC TECHNIQUE**
Medical aseptic technique
Strict reverse isolation technique

1. The following are true about nephrotic syndrome except

Decrease plasma protein
**DEGENERATIVE INFLAMMATORY DISEASE**
Presence of oedema
Hyperlipidaemia

1. Inability of lower oesophageal sphinster to open in response to swallowing due to lack of tone in the musculature above the sphincter is called

Oesophageal varices
Oesophageal atresia
**OESOPHAGIA ACHALASIA**Reflux oesophagitis

1. The abdominal pain experienced by a patient with Appendicitis becomes localized to

**LOWER RIGHT QUADRANT**Upper right quadrant
Lower left quadrant
Upper left quadrant

1. The common infectious agent in peritonitis is

Streptococcus
Salmonella
Escherichia coli
**ALL OF THE ABOVE**

1. A 75 year old man with urinary incontinence leaks urine when he coughs, sneezes and when he lifts object. What type of urinary incontinence do these symptoms indicate

**STRESS**Urge
Overflow
Reflex

1. The primary cause of acute tubular necrosis is

Trauma
**ISCHEMIA**
Obstruction
Inflammation

1. Red blood cells have a life span of approximately

2 months
3 months
**4 MONTHS**
6 months

1. The client most at risk of experiencing folic acid deficiency anaemia is the client

**WHO ABUSES ALCOHOL**Undergoing haemodialysis
With drug-induced malabsorption
Receiving total parentral nutrition

1. An example of anaemia which depresses the bone marrow is

Iron deficiency anaemia
Acquired haemolytic anaemia
**APLASTIC ANAEMIA**
Thalassemia

1. An incomplete fracture involving only one side of the periosteum.

Linear
Displaced
Obliquex
**GREENSTICK**

1. The procedure by which bone is brought into proper alignment.

Rehabilitation
Remobilization
**REDUCTION**
fixation

1. In Wallace rule of Nine, summation of Head, Neck and the anterior chest is equal to

9%
18%
**27%**20%

1. Gastric secreting tumour is described as

Steve Johnson syndrome
Reye’s syndrome
Pett’s syndrome
**ZOLLIGER ELLISON SYNDROME**

1. Which of the following is the most appropriate in dietary advice for a patient after colostomy?

High fibre or cellulose food
High Corns, pineapple, beans and cabbage
**LIGHT, LOW RESIDUE DIET**
Patient should eat very fast

1. Another name for Ventral hernia is

**INCISIONAL HERNIA**
Umbilical hernia
Inguinal hernia
Femoral hernia

1. Chirrosis of the liver can be caused by the following except

Metabolic disorders
Infection
**TRAUMA**Alcohol

1. Which of the following procedures can be used to relieve ascites

Postural drainage
**PARACENTESIS ABDOMINIS**
Gastrocentesis
Protocentesis

1. The strong flexible inelastic fibrous bands that attach muscle to bone are

**TENDONS**ligamentCartilage
Periosteum

1. When the edges of bone were broken into many fragments, the fracture is called

Complicated
Compact
**COMMUNITED**
Communicated

1. Which of the following arthritis has autoimmune reaction as a causative factor

Osteoarthritis
Gout arthritis
Infective arthritis
**RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS**

1. The bone disorder resulted from an imbalance between Calcium reabsorption and formation and bone formation is called

Osteomyelitis
**OSTEOPOROSIS**
Osteomalacia
Cancer of the bone

1. The use of Kirschner wire, Steinmann pin, Crutchfield tong and other appliances is applicable to which type of traction?

Manual
Skin
**SKELETAL**All of the above

1. The type of skin grating, where the graft material is taken from another body but of the same specie with the recipient is

Isologous graft
**HOMOLOGOUS GRAFT**Heterogous
Auto graft

1. The aspect of pharmacology that deals with the action of drug in the presence of disease is

Pharmacokinetics
**PHARMACOGENETICS**Pharmacology
Pharmacotherapeutics

1. The drug’s name that can be use internationally because it is not protected by law is .....

Trade mark
generic
**CHEMICAL**
Official

1. A drug with solid preparation sometimes coated with sugar is called

Capsule
**TABLET**
Pills
Mixture

1. The abbreviation p.r.n. means

Every morning
After meal
Midnight
**WHEN NECESSARY**

1. Administration of drug through the use of radium on the skin to affect the internal organ is called

Innuction
**IONIZATION**
Intraperitoneal
Topical route

1. Condition which the drug user has a compelling desire to continue taking the drug to experience its effect is

Drug addiction
Drug tolerance
**Drug dependence**
Drug abuse

1. The most appropriate term which adverse drug response is caused by excessive dosing is

Side effects
Iatrogenic response
**TOXICITY**Idiosyncrasy

1. The following are blood schizotocidal antimalaria drugs  except

Quinine
Chloroquine
**PALUDINE**primaquine

1. The following antiviral agents can be used in the treatment of HIV/AIDS except

Delaviridine
Zidoviridine
Indinavir
**AMANTADIN**

1. The following antibiotics act by inhibiting protein synthesis except

Streptomycin
Erythromycin
Tetracycline
**PROCAINE PENICILLIN**

1. Spironolactone (Aldactone) is classified as .......................diuretics

**POTASSIUM SPARING**
Osmotic
Loop
Thiazole

1. The drug Lisinopril is used for

Diabetes
Asthma
**HYPERTENSION**
Peptic ulcer

1. One of the following methods can be applied to reduce tardive dyskinesia except

Drug holiday
Reduction of dosage
Use of vitamin B complex
**USE OF ANTI-NEUROLEPTIC DRUGS**

1. The best drug used in the management of hyperkinetic children.

**METHYLPHENIDATE**
Carbamazepine
Imipramine
Paroxetine

1. The physician orders 0.5gm of Diamox. You have 250mg tablets on hand. The patient should receive

4 tablets
1 tablet
**2 TABLETS**
½ tablet

1. When administering an intradermal injection, the needle is held at

90-degree angle to the skin
45-degree angle to the skin
40-degree angle to the skin
**10-15 DEGREE ANGLE TO THE SKIN**

1. Drugs which have a local action in the urinary tract and often used to treat minor infections of this tract are called

Diuretic
Antidiuretics
Urinary hormone
**URINARY ANTISEPTICS**

1. An example of Lozenges pharmacological preparation

Dequadrin
Streptomycin
**FERROUS SULPHATE**
Vitamin B complex

1. Which of these is not an Aminoglycoside

Streptomycin
Gentamicin
**CHYMOTRYPSIN**
Neomycin

1. A false interpretation of true perception of a real object is

**ILLUSION**delusionHallucination
Derealisation

1. A person who deliberately pretends to have an illness is said to be

Neurotic
Psychosis
**MALINGERING**Using conversion

1. Psychosexual developmental theory is propounded by .................

**SIGMUND FREUD**
Erick Erickson
Abraham Maslow
Carl Rogers

1. As part of the personality structure, the super ego acts on which principle?

Reality
**CONSCIENCE**
Pleasure
Displeasure

1. A defence mechanism where the individual channels unacceptable behaviour to a more socially acceptable means is ........

**SUBLIMATION**Substitution
Introjections
Conversion

1. Odipus complex and Eclectra complex is closely associated with which stage of psychosexual development?

Oral stage
Anal stage
Genital stage
**PHALLIC STAGE**

1. Aspect of psychiatry that is concerned with promotion of mental health is ..............psychiatry.

Child
Forensic
**COMMUNITY**Transcultural

1. Recurrent, persistent, intrusive and unwanted thought, impulses or images that interfere with interpersonal, social or occupational function is

**OBSESSION**
Compulsion
Delusion
conversion

1. The following are symptoms of Manic psychosis except

Restlessness
**POVERTY OF THOUGHT**Poor judgement
None of the above

1. The part of the brain that control the individual emotion is

Hypothalamus
Thalamus
Limbic system
**CEREBRUM**

1. The types of Schizophrenia where the patient presents persecutory delusion with other symptoms is ...............Schizophrenia

Simple
Hebephrenia
**PARANOID**
Catatonic

1. The neurotransmitter that is closely associated with Mood disorders is

Dopamine
**SEROTONIN**
Acetylcholine
Adrenaline

1. When Electro convulsive therapy,ECT is administered without any pre-medication, it is called.................ECT

Operative
**STRAIGHT**
Modified
Blocked

1. A person who deliberately pretends to have an illness is said to be

Neurotic
Psychosis
**MALINGERING**Using conversion

1. The longest aspect of human mind is contained in

Conscious
**UNCONSCIOUS**
Preconscious
Subconscious

1. Muscle rigidity affecting jaw muscles (masticatory muscles) which make a tetanus patient to unable to open the mouth is called

Risu sardonicus
Opisthotonos **TRISMUS**Devil smile

1. Which of the following is not a component of community health?

Biostatistic
Epidemiology
Nutrition
**Epistemiology**

1. The component of health care delivery that has to do with care of elderly and mothers is regarded as

Rehabilitative service
**SPECIAL SERVICE**
Curative service
Preventive service

1. Activities undertaken to create awareness and elicit support of the community members

Community diagnosis
Community profile
Community advocacy
**COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION**

1. The conference where primary Health Care was fully established fully at Alma ata was held

December 22nd 1976
January 19th 1979
**SEPTEMBER 28TH 1978**
January 23rd 1977

1. In organization of PHC in Nigeria, who performs the role of promoting research activities, especially as regards endemic disease?

Federal government
State government
Zonal government
**LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

1. The type of health education where the use of audio-visual aids like charts, make it more meaningful is..................health education.

Personal
**GROUP**Impersonal
All of the above

1. Which of the following is NOT a preventive service of health care delivery system

Environmental sanitation
**PROVISION OF PROSTHESIS**
Disposal of waste
None of the above

You are working in one of the Health centres in the village and a mother brought her child who is 10 and half months old to the centre on Tuesday 6th February, 2012 for the first time for immunization. Use this to answer Question 7 to 11

1. Which of the following vaccine should not be given to the baby?

**MEASLE VACCINE**DPT
Hepatitis
Yellow fever vaccine

1. If the baby is to receive hepatitis vaccine, which of the following route is appropriate?

Intradermal
**INTRAMUSCULAR**Subcutaneous
Intravenous

1. In the administration of oral polio, which of the following can serve as contra-indication?

Prematurity
Baby on steroid
Malnourished baby
**ALL OF THE ABOVE**

1. After taking the first dose of DPT, when will be the next appointment for the second dose

20th March
27th march
27th February
**13TH MARCH**

1. If BCG is given, what types of immunity will it confers on the baby?

Natural active
Natural passive
**ARTIFICIAL ACTIVE**Artificial passive

1. Which of the following source of water is easily contaminated by chemicals used in the industries and agriculture

Rain
**SURFACE**
Underground
Sear

1. A carrier who can infect others during the time when he/ she has not manifest the first symptom of a disease is..............carrier.

Convalescent
Chronic
**HEALTHY**
Incubatory

1. Diseases like Cholera and Typhoid fever can be transmitted through.............. route.

**INGESTION**Inhalation
Contact
Injection

1. The best way to achieve interruption of the pathway of transmission in disease control is by

Isolation technique
**IMMUNIZATION**
Environmental sanitation
All of the above

1. Haemolytic disease of the new born include these, except

ABO incompability
Rhesus incompability
Isoimmunisation
**THALASEAMIA**

1. RhoGam prevents the development of maternal sensitization in

ABO incompability
**RHESUS INCOMPABILITY**
Isoimmunisation
Thalaseamia

87. Phototherapy is indicated in

(A) **ABO INCOMPABILITY**

(b) Rhesus incompability

(c) Isoimmunisation

(d) Thalaseamia

88. Koplick’s spot is a feature in

(a)Febrile convulsion

(b)Tetanus

(c)meningitis

(D**)  MEASLES**

89. one of these is not a congenital malformation in Newborn

**BREAST ENGORGEMENT**
hydrocephalus
microcephally
cleft palate

90. Another name for Risus sardonicus.

Devil’s sign
**DEVIL’S SMILE**Facial rigidity
Facial spasm

91. What type of pneumonia is predominant among the paediatric age

Hydrostatic
Pneumocystic carini
**BRONCHOPNEUMONIA**
Lobar pneumonia

92. A child age 2-3 years can be regarded as

**TODDLER**
Per-school child
Infant
School child

93. In motor development of a child, when do you expect the child to have a good control of head?

1-2 months
**3-6 MONTHS**
6-9 months
10-12 months

94. Which of the following congenital abnormalities should be suspected if a pregnant woman has hydraminos

Cleft palate
Spinal bifida

TRACHEA-OEOPHGEAL FISTULA
Exomphalos

95. A type of congenital abnormality where there is a form of dwarfism in which the long bones are short but the trunk has a normal development is called

Polydiactylism
Talipe’s foot
Hypospadiasis
**ACHENDROPLASIA**

96. Which of the following organism is responsible for whooping cough in children

**BORDETELLA PERTUSIS**
Coryne bacterium diphtheria
Whooping cough virus
Adenovirus

97. The most concentrated source of energy in the body

Protein
**FAT**Carbohydrate
Vitamin

98. An obese who is to undergo surgery requires more?

Analgesic
ANAESTHETIC AGENT
Anticholinergic
Antispasmodic

99. Which of the following is a comfort device

**BED RAIL**
Bed strippers
Bed cradle
Bed canvass

100. One of the following is not a nurse theorist

King Imogene
Myra Levine
**CARL ROGERS**
Gordon majory