

FADARE · R. Omotunde

16/ENG04/066

EEE 552

a  $E = \pi L = I/r$

brightness,  $L = \frac{E}{\pi} \times \text{reflection factor}$

reflection factor = 85%

i for 44,000 lux

$$L = \frac{44,000}{\pi} \times 0.85 = 11,904.79 \text{ cd/m}^2$$

$$L = 1.19 \times 10^4 \text{ cd/m}^2$$

ii for 0.23 lux

$$L = \frac{0.23}{\pi} \times 0.85 = 0.059524 \text{ cd/m}^2$$

$$L = 59.524 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cd/m}^2$$

b luminous intensity = 120 cp

TOTAL flux emitted =  $I \times \omega$

$$= 120 \times 4\pi = 1507.9644 \text{ lumen}$$

flux <sup>absorbed</sup> emitted by globe after 30% absorption.

$$1507.9644 \times 0.3 = 452.3893 \text{ lumen}$$

flux emitted by globe = TOTAL flux - absorbed flux.

$$= 1507.9644 - 452.3893$$

$$= 1,055.5751 \text{ lumen}$$

bi Luminance =  $\frac{\text{flux emitted}}{\text{Area}} = \frac{1,055.5751}{\pi \times 0.22^2}$

$$= 6942.15 \text{ lm/m}^2$$

ii candle power, cp =  $\frac{\text{flux emitted}}{\omega} = \frac{1,055.5751}{4\pi}$

$$= 84 \text{ cd}$$

c  $A = 75 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $t = 2 \text{ cm}$ ,  $C = 0.255 \text{ cal/g}^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $\rho = 0.55 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ,  $t = 8 \text{ mins}$

heat required =  $mc\Delta\theta$

$$Q = \frac{m}{Y}, \quad m = 0.55 \times 75 \times 2$$

$$m = 82.5 \text{ g}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}{L} = \frac{8.85 \times 10^{-12} \times 6.5 \times 75 \times 10^{-4}}{2 \times 10^{-2}} = 21.57 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F}$$

$$f = 20 \text{ MHz}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 2 \times \pi \times 20,000,000 = 125.664 \times 10^6 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\text{Power factor} = \cos \phi = 0.04$$

$$\phi = \cos^{-1} 0.04 = 87.7^\circ$$

$$\delta = 90^\circ - \phi = 90 - 87.7 = 2.3^\circ$$

$$\text{Heat required} = mc\Delta\theta = 82.5 \times 0.255 \times (80 - 30) \\ = 1051.88 \text{ cal}$$

15% of heat is losted on the slab so

$$\text{TOTAL heat} = 1051.88 \times 0.85 = 894.098 \text{ cal}$$

$$1 \text{ cal} = 4.186 \text{ (W-s) J}$$

$$894.098 \text{ cal} = 894.098 \times 4.186$$

$$\text{power input} = 3742.7 \text{ (W-s)}$$

$$P = \frac{\text{Energy}}{\text{time}} = \frac{3742.7}{8 \times 60} = 7.797 \text{ Watts}$$

$$P_d = V^2 \omega C \tan \delta$$

$$V^2 = \frac{P_d}{\omega C \tan \delta}$$

$$V^2 = \frac{7.797}{125.664 \times 10^6 \times 21.57 \times 10^{-12} \times \tan 2.3^\circ}$$

$$\sqrt{V^2} = 267.62 \text{ V}$$

$$P = IV \cos \phi$$

$$I = \frac{P}{V \cos \phi} = \frac{7.797}{267.62 \times 0.04}$$

$$I = 0.7284 \text{ A}$$