

#EE552

Assignment 1

Q (i) Recall

$$E = \pi L$$

$$L = \frac{E}{\pi}$$

Reflection factor = 85%

Brightness $L = \frac{\text{illumination } E}{\pi} \times \text{Reflection factor}$

$$L = \frac{E}{\pi} \times 85\%$$

$$L = \frac{44,000}{3.14159} \times \frac{85}{100} \Rightarrow 11.905 \times 10^3 \text{ Cd/m}^2$$

(ii) when illumination $E = 0.22 \text{ lux}$

$$L = \frac{0.22}{3.14159} \times \frac{85}{100} \Rightarrow 0.059 \text{ cd/m}^2$$

$$\approx 59.52 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cd/m}^2$$

100 lm/m²
200 - 70

b given Parameters

Luminous intensity $I = 120 \text{ CP}$

Globe diameter = 22 cm = 0.22 m

$$I = \frac{\Phi}{\omega}$$

$$\Phi = I \times \omega \quad \text{Recall } \omega = 4\pi$$

$$\Phi = 120 \times 4\pi$$

also 30% is absorbed by the globe

$$\therefore = 120 \times 4\pi \times \frac{30}{100} = 144\pi \Rightarrow 452.389$$

flux emitted by globe = flux from the source - flux absorbed by globe

$$\Rightarrow 120 \times 4\pi - 452.389 \Rightarrow$$

$$= 1507.964 - 452.389 = 1055.575$$

$$\text{Luminance} = \frac{\text{flux emitted}}{\text{Area}} \Rightarrow \frac{1055.575}{\pi \times 0.22^2} = 6942.1 \text{ lm/m}^2$$

$$(ii) \text{ Candle Power } CP = \frac{\text{Lumen}}{\omega} = \frac{1055.575}{4\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow 83.9999 \approx 84 \text{ Cd.}$$

C Given Parameters. $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12}$; $\epsilon_r = 6.5$; $f = 2 \text{ MHz}$
Area = 75 cm^2 ; Density = 0.55 g/cm^3 ; $\cos \phi = 0.04$
 $t = 2 \text{ cm}$; $\theta_1 = 30$ $\theta_2 = 80$

Recall

$$\text{Heat Required} = m c \Delta \theta$$

$$\text{Density} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{Volume}}$$

Density

$$0.55 = \frac{\text{mass}}{75 \times 2}$$

$$\text{mass } m = 0.55 \times 75 \times 2$$

$$m = 82.5 \text{ grams.}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}{t}$$

$$A = 75 \text{ cm}^2 = 75 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$C = \frac{8.85 \times 10^{-12} \times 6.5 \times 75 \times 10^{-4}}{2 \times 10^{-2}}$$

$$C = 2.1571875 \times 10^{-11}$$

$$C = 21.57 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$C = 21.57 \text{ pF}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$\omega = 2 \times \pi \times 20 \times 10^6 = 125663706.1 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\cos \phi = 0.04$$

$$\cos^{-1} 0.04 = \phi$$

$$\phi = 87.7$$

$$\delta = 90 - \phi \Rightarrow 90 - 87.7 = 2.3$$

$$\text{Heat required} = mc \Delta \theta$$

$$= 82.5 \times 0.255 \times (80 - 30)$$

$$= 82.5 \times 0.255 \times 50$$

$$= 1051.8 \text{ Cal.}$$

$$\text{Total heat required} = 1051.88 \times 85\%$$

$$= 1051.88 \times 85/100 = 894.098 \text{ cal}$$

Recall

$$1 \text{ cal} = 4.186 \text{ (W s)}$$

$$894.098 = ?$$

$$P_{in} = 894.098 \times 4.186$$

$$P_{in} = 3742.7 \text{ (W s)}$$

$$\text{Power} = \frac{\text{Energy}}{\text{time}} \Rightarrow \frac{3742.7}{8 \times 60} = 7.797 \text{ W}$$

$$P_L = V^2 \omega C \tan \delta$$

$$7.797 = V^2 \times 1250664 \times 10^6 \times 21.52 \times 10^{-12} \times \tan 2.3$$

$$V^2 = 7.797 / 1.08868 \times 10^{-4} \Rightarrow \sqrt{7.797 / 1.08868 \times 10^{-4}}$$

$$V = 267.62 \text{ V}$$

$$P = IV \cos \phi$$

$$I = \frac{7.797}{287.62 \times 0.04} = 0.728 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{or } 728 \text{ mA}$$