

The success recorded in natural science in the 18th and 19th century was so enormous on the social and intellectual life of the then people of Europe that they started trusting the words of scientists and even sought their opinion on matters unrelated to science such as law and forensic evidence. Russell holds that emancipation from the authority of the church led to the growth of individualism even to the point of anarchy. Positivism rejects theoretical speculations that are not based on facts of experience as a means of obtaining knowledge.

There are a lot of problems with this conception of ideal knowledge seeking enterprise. First of all these

problems is observation upon which the basic positivism came is Laden with error

Social science is an area of study dedicated to the explanation of human behavior, interactions and manifestation either as an individual in a society Or collectively as a group including the institutions norms and mores such interactions created.

However the philosophy of social science arouse out of the curiosity that the central focus and the propelling motive of social science may be impossible due to methodological mismatch. We need to understand that

one of the essential features of science and scientific explanation is to provide a casual connection between an event and its cause.

Another problem with the project of social science is that according to max weber, methodology of science becomes inapplicable due to the fact that the object of study in social science is a man, a rational being with free will, desires, emotions and other sentient features.