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Course: Mat 104

$$1. y = \frac{t^3 - t^2}{2t - 2t + 4}$$

$$\text{let } u = t^3 - t^2 \quad v = 2 - 2t + 4$$

Using the quotient rule

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v \frac{du}{dx} - u \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3t^2 - 2t \quad \frac{dv}{dt} = -2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3t^2 - 2t}{2 - 2t + 4} = \frac{-2 - 2t + 4(3t^2 - 2t) - t^3 + t^2}{(2 - 2t + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{6t^2 - 4t - 6t^3 + 4t^2 - 12t^2 - 8t + 2t^3 - 2t^2}{(2 - 2t + 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-4t^3 + 20t^2 - 12t}{(2 - 2t + 4)^2}$$

For a stationary point

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{t(t^2 + 5t - 3)}{(3-t)^2} = 0$$

$$t = \frac{5 - \sqrt{13}}{2} \approx 0.697$$

$$t = 0$$
$$t = \frac{\sqrt{13} + 5}{2} \approx 4.303$$

When $t = 0.697$

$$y = \frac{(0.692)^3 - (0.692)^2}{2 - 2(0.692) + 4}$$

$$y = -0.03$$

$$y = -0.03$$

$$(t = 0.692, y = -0.03)$$

When $t = 0$

$$y = \frac{(0)^3 - (0)^2}{2 - 2(0) + 4}$$

$$y = 0$$

$$y = 0$$
$$(t = 0, y = 0)$$

$$\text{When } t = 4.303$$

$$y = \frac{(4.303)^3 - (4.303)^2}{2 - 2(4.303) + 4}$$

$$y = -23.67$$
$$(t = 4.303, y = -23.67)$$

$$2y^3 - 5x^2 + 2 - 7y^3 = 0, \text{ Find } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$4y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 20x^2 - 2(7y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$4y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2(7y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 20x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (4y^2 - 14y^2) = 20x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{20x^2}{4y - 7y^2}$$

$$6xy^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 10y^3 = 0$$

$$6xy^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 10y^3 = -9x - 2y^3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-9x - 2y^3}{6xy^2 - 10y}$$

$$6xy^2 - 10y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ at } (x=1, y=2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-9(1) - 2(2)^3}{6(1)(2)^2 - 10(2)}$$

$$= \frac{-9 - 16}{12 - 20}$$

$$= -6$$

$$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} \text{ at } x=1, y=2 \text{ is } -6$$