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EEE 326 ASSIGNMENT

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EEE 326 ASSIGNMENT & SOLUTION

A 25 KVA, 415V, three phase 4 pole 60Hz wye connected synchronous generator has a synchronous reactances of 1.5Ω/phase and negligible stator resistance. The generator is connected to an infinite bus (of constant voltage magnitude and constant frequency) at 415V and 60Hz.

a) Determine the excitation voltage E_a , when the machine is delivering rated kVA at 0.8 pf lagging.

b) The field excitation current I_f increased by 20% without changing the power input from the prime mover. Find the stator current I_a , power factor and reactive power Q supplied by the machine.

c) With the field excitation current I_f as in part a) the input power from the prime mover is increased very slowly. What is the steady state limit? Determine stator current, power factor and reactive power Q .

Solution:

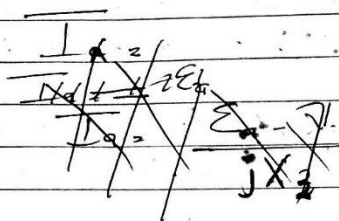
$S_r = 25 \text{ KVA}$ $V_L = 415 \text{ V}$, 3- ϕ , 4-pole
 $f = 60 \text{ Hz}$ $X_s = 1.5$ $R_s = 0$
 $\cos \theta$, p.f = 0.8 lagging

a. $E_a = V_f + jX_s I_a + R_s I_a$
 $\equiv V_f + jX_s I_a$
 $\cos \theta = 0.8$
 $\theta = 36.87^\circ$
 $V_L = 415$ $V_p = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}} = 239.6 < 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{I_a} = \frac{S_r}{\sqrt{3} \times V_L} &= \frac{25 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3} \times 415} \\ &= 34.78 \angle -36.87^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{E_a} &= \sqrt{P} + jX_2 \overline{I_a} \\ &= 239.6 \angle 0^\circ + 1.5 \angle 90^\circ \times 34.78 \angle -36.87^\circ \\ &= 270.3 + j41.74 \\ &= 270.3 + j41.76 \\ &= 273.51 \angle 8.7^\circ \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

(b) If I_{f1s} increased by 20%, find $\overline{I_a}$, p.f & θ



$$\overline{I_a} = \frac{\overline{E_a} - V}{jX_2}$$

$$\overline{I_a} = \frac{\overline{E_{a2}} - V}{jX_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_1 \sin \delta_1 &= E_2 \sin \delta_2 \\ \sin \delta_2 &= \frac{E_1 \sin \delta_1}{E_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{273.51 \sin 8.7^\circ}{328.2}$$

$$\sin \delta_2 = 0.127$$

$$\delta_2 = 7.47^\circ$$

$$\overline{E_{a2}} = 1.2 \times \overline{E_a} = 1.2 \times 273.51$$

$$= 328.2$$

$$\overline{I_a} = \frac{328.2 \angle 7.47^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{j1.5}$$

$$= \frac{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}{j1.5} \times 28.44$$

$$= 28.44 \angle -63.6^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ii) } p.f &= \cos \theta \\ &= \cos(-63.6) \\ &= 0.4 \text{ lagging} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{iii) } Q &= \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \sin \theta \\ &= \sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 63.90 \times \sin 63.6 \\ &= 4141.29 \\ &= 4.14 \text{ KVAR} \\ &= 41.4 \text{ KVAR} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{c) } I_{A_3} = \frac{E_{A_3}}{jX_2}$$

Since its using the same condition as in (a)

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{273.51 \angle 90^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ} \\ &= 182.34 + j159.73 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_{A_3} = 242.4 \angle 41.21^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ii) } p.f &= \cos \theta \\ &= \cos(41.21) \\ &= 0.75 \text{ leading} = 0.75 \text{ leading} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{iii) } Q &= \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \sin \theta \\ &= \sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 242.4 \times \sin 41.21 \\ &= 114791.21 \\ &= 115 \text{ KVAR} \end{aligned}$$