

MAT 104 Assignment

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Assignment

1. $\int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{4x^2-1}} dx$

Soln.

$$\int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{4x^2-1}} dx$$

$$\text{Let } u = \sqrt{4x^2-1}$$

$$u^2 = 4x^2 - 1$$

$$2udu = 8x dx$$

$$dx = \frac{2udu}{8x}$$

$$u^2 = 4x^2 - 1$$

$$4x^2 = u^2 + 1$$

$$x^2 = \frac{u^2 + 1}{4}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{u^2 + 1}{4} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\int 2 \left(\frac{u^2 + 1}{4} \right)^{1/2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2udu}{8 \left(\frac{u^2 + 1}{4} \right)^{1/2}}$$

$$\int \frac{H'}{82} du$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int du$$

$$\int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{4x^2-1}} = \frac{1}{2} x u + C$$

$$= \frac{u}{2} + C$$

$$\int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{4x^2-1}} = \frac{\sqrt{4x^2-1}}{2} + C = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{4x^2-1} + C$$

where c is a constant for the integration

$$2 \int \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

Solt.

$$\int \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$\text{Let } \theta = \sin^{-1} x$$

$$x = \sin \theta$$

~~$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \cos \theta$$~~

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \cos \theta$$

$$dx = \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$\int \frac{\sin^{-1} \sin \theta}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2 \theta}} \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$\int \frac{\theta \cos \theta}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \theta}} d\theta$$

$$\int \frac{\theta \cos \theta}{\cos \theta} d\theta$$

$$\int \theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\theta^2}{2} + C$$

$$= \frac{(\sin^{-1} x)^2}{2} + C$$

$$\int \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(\sin^{-1} x)^2}{2} + C$$

where C is a constant for the integration

$$3. \int (\tan x)^6 \sec^2 x dx$$

Solt.

$$\int (\tan x)^6 \sec^2 x dx$$

$$\text{let } u = \tan x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \sec^2 x$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$\int u^6 \times \sec^2 x \times \frac{du}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$\int u^6 du$$

$$= \frac{u^7}{7} + C$$

$$= \frac{(\tan x)^7}{7} + C$$

$$\int (\tan x)^6 \sec^2 x \, dx = \frac{(\tan x)^7}{7} + C$$

where C is a constant for the integration

