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17/10/2020

Electrical/Electronics

EEE 326

A 25 kVA, 415V, three phase, 4 pole, 60Hz, wye connected synchronous motor has a synchronous reactance of 1.5 Ω /phase and negligible stator resistance. The generator is connected to an infinite bus at constant voltage magnitude and constant frequency of 415V and 60Hz.

- i.) Determine the excitation voltage E_f when the machine is delivering rated kVA at 0.8 pf lagging without changing the power input from the prime mover. Find the stator current I_a , power factor and reactive power Q supplied by the machine.
- ii.) With the field excitation constant I_f as in part i, the input power from the prime mover is increased by very slowly. What is the steady state limit? Determine stator current, power factor and reactive power Q .

Solution

$S_g = 25 \text{ kVA}$, $V_L = 415 \text{ V}$, 3- ϕ , 4 pole
 $f = 60 \text{ Hz}$, $X_s = 1.5 \Omega$, $R_s = 0$
 $\cos \theta = 0.8$, pf = 0.8 lagging

a.) $E_f = V_t + jX_s I_a + R_s I_a$
 $= V_t + jX_s I_a$
 $\cos \theta = 0.8$

$\theta = 36.87^\circ$
 $V_t = 415$, $V_f = \frac{415}{0.8} = 518.75$
 $= 239.6 \angle 0$

$$I_a = \frac{E_p}{\sqrt{3} \times 4} = \frac{25 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3} \times 415} = 34.78 \angle -36.87^\circ$$

$$E_p = V_L + jX_L I_a = 239.6 \angle 0^\circ + 1.5 \angle 90^\circ \times 34.78 \angle -36.87^\circ = 270.3 + j41.74 = 278.51 \angle 8.74^\circ$$

b.) If I_a is increased by 20%, find I_{a2} and θ

$$i.) I_a = \frac{E_{p2} - V_L}{jX_L}$$

$$E_{p2} = 1.2 \times E_p = 1.2 \times 278.51 = 328.2$$

$$I_a = \frac{328.2 \angle 8.74^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{28.44 - j57.20}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ} = 63.90 \angle -63.6^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$ii.) \text{ pf} = \cos \theta$$

$$= \cos(-63.6^\circ) = 0.4 \text{ lagging}$$

$$iii.) \theta = \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_a \times \sin \theta = \sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 63.90 \times \sin 63.6^\circ = 41141.29 = 41.14 \text{ kVAR}$$

$$E_1 \sin \phi_1 = E_2 \sin \phi_2$$

$$E_1 \sin \phi_2 = E_1 \sin \phi_1$$

$$\frac{E_2}{E_1} = \frac{\sin \phi_1}{\sin \phi_2}$$

$$= \frac{278.51 \cos 8.74^\circ}{328.2}$$

$$E_2 \sin \phi_2 = 0.127$$

$$E_2 = \frac{0.127}{\sin 63.6^\circ} = 7.47$$

$$c. 7.1) I_a = \frac{E_a - V}{i X_c}$$

Recall that it's using the same condition as in c)

$$= \frac{273.51 \angle 90^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= 182.34 + j159.73$$

$$I_{a3} = 242.4 \angle 41.2^\circ \text{ A}$$

ii.) $pf = \cos \theta$

$$\cos(41.2^\circ)$$

$$= 0.75 \text{ leading}$$

iii.)

$$P = \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \cos \theta$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 242.4 \times \cos(41.2^\circ)$$

$$= 114791.21$$

$$\approx 115 \text{ kW VAR}$$