

Sheet 1 of 1

A 25kVA, 415V three phase 4 pole, 60Hz wye connected Synchronous generator has a synchronous reactance of 1.5Ω /phase and negligible stator resistance.

The generator is connected to an infinite bus of constant voltage magnitude

- Determine the excitation voltage E_A , when the machine is developing rated kVA at 0.8 PF lagging.
- The field excitation current I_f increased by 20% without changing the power input from the prime mover, find the stator current I_s , power factor and reactive power Q supplied by the machine
- With the field excitation current I_f as in part a) the input power from the prime mover increased by very slowly. What is the steady state limit? Determine the stator current, power factor and reactive power Q .

Solution:

$$S_r = 25 \text{ kVA} \quad V_L = 415 \text{ V}, \quad 3-\phi, \quad 4\text{-pole}$$

$$f = 60 \text{ Hz}, \quad X_s = 1.5 \quad R_s = 0$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.8 \text{ (lagging)}$$

$$E_A = V_t + jX_s I_a + R_s I_a$$

$$= V_t + jX_s I_a$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.8$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.8$$

$$V_L = 415$$

$$V_p = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= 239.6 \text{ V}$$

→

$$I_a = \frac{S_r}{\sqrt{3} \times V_L} = \frac{2.5 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3} \times 415}$$

$$= 34.78 \angle -36.87^\circ$$

$$E_s = \sqrt{P} + jX_2 I_a$$

$$= 239.6 \angle 0^\circ + 1.5 \angle 90^\circ \times 34.78 \angle -36.87^\circ$$

$$= 270.31 \angle 41.76^\circ$$

$$= 272.51 \angle 8.7^\circ \text{ V}$$

b If I_a is increased by 20%, find I_a , P.f. & ϕ

$$I_a = \frac{E_a - V}{jX_2}$$

$$I_a = \frac{E_{a2} - V}{jX_2}$$

$$E_{a2} = 1.2 \times E_a = 1.2 \times 273.5$$

$$= 328.2$$

$$I_a = \frac{328.2 \angle 7.47^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= 28.44 - j57.20$$

$$= 63.90 \angle -63.6^\circ \text{ A}$$

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$$E_1 \sin \delta_1 = E_2 \sin \delta_2$$

$$\sin \delta_2 = \frac{E_1 \sin \delta_1}{E_2}$$

$$= \frac{273.5 \sin 8.76^\circ}{328.2}$$

$$= 0.127$$

$$\delta_2 = \sin^{-1}(0.127)$$

$$\delta_2 = 7.47^\circ$$

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i) P.f. = $\cos \phi$

$$\cos(63.6^\circ)$$

$$= 0.4 \text{ (lagging)}$$

iii) $Q = \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \sin \phi$

$$\sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 63.90 \times \sin 63.6^\circ$$

$$4141.29$$

$$= 4.14 \text{ KVAR}$$

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$$c) I_{A3} = \frac{E_{a3} - V}{jX_2}$$

Since it's using the same condition as in (a)

$$= \frac{273.51 \angle 90^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{182.34 + j159.73}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$I_{A3} = \underline{242.4 \angle 41.21^\circ} \text{ A}$$

$$ii) P.f = \cos \phi$$

$$= \cos(41.21)$$

$$= 0.75 \text{ leading}$$

$$iii) Q = \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \sin \phi$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 242.4 \times \sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 242.4 \times \sin 41.21$$

$$= 114791.21$$

$$\underline{= 115 \text{ KVAR}}$$