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① $L = 2m$

$$V_1 = 5m s^{-1}$$

$$V_2 = 2m s^{-1}$$

$$P = 2.5m$$

$$h_L = 0.35(V_1 - V_2)^2 / 2g = \frac{0.35(5-2)^2}{2 \times 9.8} = 0.16m$$

$$2.5 + \frac{5^2}{2 \times 9.8} + 2 = x + \frac{2^2}{2 \times 9.8} + 0.16$$

$$2.5 + 1.27 + 2 = x + 0.203 + 0.16$$

$$x = 5.77 - 0.363 = 5.407m$$

② $d_1 = 20cm$; $q_1 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.2^2}{4} = 0.0314m^2$

$d_2 = 10cm$; $q_2 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.1^2}{4} = 0.00785m^2$

$$P_1 = 17.658 N cm^{-2} \approx 17.658 \times 10^4 N m^{-2}$$

$$\rho_w = 1000 Kg m^{-3} \quad \rho_m = 13.6 Kg m^{-3}$$

$$\text{Pressure head (inlet)} = \frac{P_1}{\rho_w g} = \frac{17.658 \times 10^4}{1000 \times 9.81} = 18m$$

$$\text{Pressure head (throat)} = 30cm \text{ of mercury} = 0.3 \times 13.6 = 4.08m$$

$$h = 18 - (-4.08) = 22.08m \text{ of water}$$

$$Q = C_d \left(\frac{q_1 q_2}{\sqrt{q_1^2 - q_2^2}} \right) \sqrt{2gh} \quad [C_d = 0.98]$$

$$= 0.98 \left(\frac{0.0314 \times 0.00785}{\sqrt{0.0314^2 - 0.00785^2}} \right) \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}$$

$$= 0.98 \left(\frac{0.0002355 \times 20.81}{0.0304} \right) = 0.98 \times 0.00775 \times 20.81 = 0.158m^3/s \approx 158ls^{-1}$$

③ $d_{nozzle} = 15cm$ $Q_{nozzle} = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.0176m^2$

$d_{pipe} = 30cm$ $Q_{pipe} = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.3^2}{4} = 0.0706m^2$

$$K_{out} = 0.9$$

reading of manometer

pressure head = 30cm of mercury

$$C_d = 0.64$$

$$h = 0.5 \left(\frac{13.6}{0.9} \right) = 0.5 \times 14.11 = 7.055m \text{ of oil}$$

$$Q = C_d \left(\frac{q_1 q_2}{\sqrt{q_1^2 - q_2^2}} \right) \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= 0.64 \times \left(\frac{0.0706 \times 0.0176}{\sqrt{0.0706^2 - 0.0176^2}} \right) \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.055}$$

$$= 0.64 \times \left(\frac{0.00124}{0.06897} \right) \times 11.65 = 0.64 \times 0.018 \times 11.65$$

$$= 0.134m^3 s^{-1} \approx 134ls^{-1}$$

④ difference = 170mm = 0.17m

$$S.g \text{ of } Hg = 13.6 ; S.g \text{ of seawater in pipe} = 1.026$$

$$h = x \left(\frac{S_{Hg}}{S_{seawater}} - 1 \right) = \left(\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right) = 2.0834m$$

$$V = \sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.0834}$$

$$= 6.39m s^{-1}$$

⑤ $Q = 0.05m^3/min$

$$P_2 - P_1 = 15bar$$

$$\text{Rotation} = 1700 \text{ rev/min}$$

$$S = 10cm^3/rev$$

$$\text{torque} = 15Nm$$

$$\text{Volumetric Efficiency} = \frac{\text{theoretical flow (pump's displacement) \times speed}}{\text{actual flow}}$$

$$\therefore T_e = 1700 \times 10 = 17000 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ min}^{-1} \approx 0.017m^3 \text{ min}^{-1}$$

$$\therefore V.E = \frac{0.017}{0.05} \times 100 = 34\%$$

$$\text{Fluid Power} = \frac{\text{Pressure (Pi)} \times \text{flow}}{1014} \quad (15bar = 217.557 \text{ Psi})$$

$$= \frac{217.557 \times 0.05}{1014} = 0.0063hp \quad (1hp = 746W)$$

$$\therefore \text{Fluid Power} = 0.0063 \times 746 = 4.73W //$$

$$\text{Shaft Power} = \frac{\text{hydraulic Power (} \frac{Q \Delta P}{60,000} \text{)}}{\text{Efficiency}}$$

$$\text{hydraulic Power} = \frac{50 \times 1500}{60,000} = 1.25KW$$

$$\therefore P_s = \frac{1.25}{0.34 \times 1} = 3.69KW //$$

$$\text{Overall efficiency} = \frac{\text{volumetric eff} \times \text{mech eff}}{\text{displacement} \times \text{Pressure}} = \frac{0.0001 \times 15 \times 10^5}{211} = 23.56 \approx 24\%$$

$$\therefore \text{overall efficiency} = \frac{34 \times 24}{100} = 8.16\% //$$