

$$1 \quad \mu = 0.9 \text{ poise}, \quad D = 0.12 \text{ m}, \quad L = 12 \text{ m}$$

a, Reynold number when flow is 785 N of oil in 25 secs

$$Re = \frac{\rho D u}{\mu}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Flow } Q = 785 \text{ N in 25 secs} = 785 \text{ kg m s}^{-2} \times V = M$$

$$F = mg$$

$$m = \frac{F}{g}$$

$$= \frac{785}{9.81}$$

$$= 80 \text{ kg}$$

$$\dot{m} = \frac{80}{25}$$

$$= 3.20 \text{ kg s}^{-1}$$

$$\rho = 900 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$$

$$\dot{m} = \rho u A$$

$$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\pi (0.12)^2}{4} = 0.0113 \text{ m}^2$$

$$u = \frac{\dot{m}}{\rho A}$$

$$= \frac{3.20}{900 \times 0.0113} = 0.315 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$900 \times 0.0113 = 10.17$$

$$10.17 = 0.315 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$\therefore Re = \frac{900 \times 0.12 \times 0.315}{0.09}$$

$$= \frac{34.02}{0.09}$$

$$= 378$$

\rightarrow The flow is laminar

$$b, \Delta P = \frac{32 \mu u L}{D^3}$$

$$= \frac{32 \times 0.09 \times 0.315 \times 12}{0.12^3}$$

$$= \frac{10.9864}{0.00144}$$

$$= 756 \text{ Nm}^{-2}$$

$$P = \rho g h$$

Making h the subject of the formula

$$h = \frac{P}{\rho g}$$

$$= \frac{756}{900 \times 9.81} = 0.0858 \text{ m}$$

2 $D = 0.06 \text{ m}$ $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ $L = 850 \text{ m}$ $Q = 8.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$

$$V = 0.5 \text{ strokes} \rightarrow 0.00005 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$M = V \times \rho = 0.00005 \times 1000 = 0.05 \text{ Nm}^{-1}$$

$$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (0.06)^2}{4} = 0.002827 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q = uA$$

$$u = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{8.5 \times 10^{-3}}{2.827 \times 10^{-3}} = 3.01 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$a, \Delta P = \frac{32 M u L}{D^2} = \frac{32 \times 0.05 \times 3.01 \times 850}{(0.06)^2} = 4093.6$$

$$= 3.6 \times 10^{-3} = 1.137 \text{ kNm}^{-2}$$

$$P = \rho g h$$

$$h = \frac{P}{\rho g}$$

$$\rho g = \frac{1.137 \times 10^3}{1000 \times 9.81} = 1.137 \times 10^3$$

$$= \frac{1.137 \times 10^3}{9.81} = 115.91$$

$$b, \tau_0 = \frac{M u}{S_y}$$

$$\gamma_0 = - \left(\frac{\delta p}{\delta x} \right) \times \frac{y}{2}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{0.06}{2} = 0.03 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{\delta p}{\delta x} \right) &= \frac{-1137 \times 10^3}{850} \\ &= - \left(\frac{-1137 \times 10^3}{850} \right) \times \frac{0.03}{2} \\ &= - (-1337.65) \times 0.015 \\ &= 20.06 \\ &\approx 20 \text{ Nm}^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$C_1 \quad Re = \frac{\rho D u}{\mu}$$

$$= \frac{1000 \times 0.06 \times 3.01}{0.05}$$

$$= 180.6$$

$$0.05 = 3612$$

→ The flow is laminar