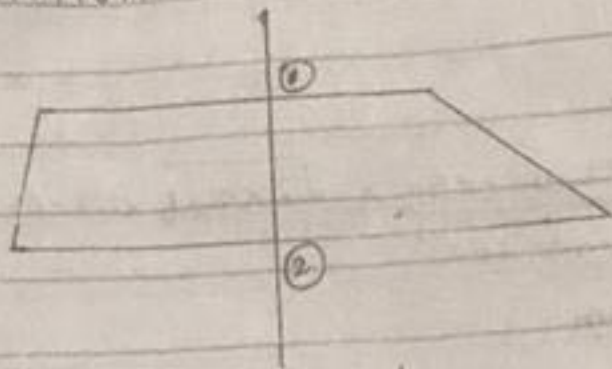


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18/ENG061058.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.  
FLUID MECHANICS ASSIGNMENT.

1) Solution.



$$v_1 = 5 \text{ m s}^{-1} \quad v_2 = 2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

1% at smaller end = 2.5m

$$h_1 = 0.35(v_1 - v_2)^2$$

Pressure at 2g,  $L = 2.0 \text{ m}$

lower end

$$L = Z_1 - Z_2$$

$$= \frac{0.35(5-2)^2}{2 \times 9.81} - \frac{0.35(3)^2}{2 \times 9.81} = \frac{0.35(9)}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.16 \text{ m}$$

Pressure head =  $P_2 / \rho g = ?$ , applying Bernoulli's Equation:

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + Z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + Z_2 + h_e$$

$$Z_2 = 0, Z_1 = 2.0$$

$$2.5 + \frac{(5)^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 2.0 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + \frac{(2)^2}{2 \times 9.81} + 0.016$$

$$2.5 + 1.27 + 2.0 = \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + 0.203 + 0.16$$

$$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = (2.5 + 1.27 + 2.0) - (0.203 + 0.16)$$
$$\frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 5.77 - 0.363 = \underline{5.407 \text{ bar}}$$

(2) Inlet diameter = 200mm 20cm = 0.2 m

Throat diameter = 100mm 10cm = 0.10 m

$$\text{Area of inlet } = d_i = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (0.2)^2 = 0.0314 \text{ m}^2$$



$$v = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.08} = \underline{\underline{6.39 \text{ m/s}}}$$

$$5) \text{ Rate of Pump} = 0.05 \text{ m}^3/\text{min} = 500 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\text{Pressure change} = 15 \text{ bar}$$

$$\text{Speed rotation} = 1700 \text{ rev}$$

$$\text{Normal displacement} = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$$

$$\text{Torque input} = 15 \text{ Nm}$$

Solution:

$$\text{flow rate} = \text{Normal displacement} \times \text{speed}$$

$$= 15 \times 1700 = 25,500 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min} = 25.5 \text{ dm}^3/\text{min}$$
$$= 25.5$$

Volumetric efficiency

$$= \frac{\text{Actual flow}}{\text{Ideal flow}} = \frac{500}{25.5} = 19.60$$

$$Q = \frac{(500 \times 10^{-3})}{60 \text{ s}} = 8.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

fluid power

$$\Delta P = 100 \times 10^5 \text{ Nm}^2, \text{ fluid power} = Q \Delta P = 8.33 \times 10^{-3} \times 100 \times 10^5$$

$$\text{fluid power} = 83300 \text{ W}$$

shaft power

$$= \frac{2\pi NT}{60} = \frac{2\pi \times 1700 \times 25.5}{60} = 4541.4 \text{ Nm}$$

Overall efficiency

$$= \frac{\text{fluid power}}{\text{shaft power}} = \frac{83300}{4541.4} = 18.342$$

$$\text{Shaft power} \quad 4541.4$$

$$\text{Overall efficiency} = 18.342 \text{ or } 18.342\%$$



$$\text{Area of throat} = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{22 \times 1}{7 \times 4} \times (0.01)^2 = 0.0785 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$C_d = 0.98, \text{ Pressure } (P_1) = 17.655 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2, S = 10000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$P_1/\rho g = \frac{17.653 \times 10^4}{9.81 \times 1000} = 18 \text{ m}$$

$$P_2/\rho g = 30 \text{ cm of mercury} = -0.3 \times 13.6 = -4$$

Differential head

$$h = P_1/\rho g - P_2/\rho g = 18 - (-4) = 22 \text{ cm of water}$$

$$Q = \frac{C_d \times a_1 a_2 \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{(a_1)^2 - (a_2)^2}} = \frac{0.98 \times 314.16 \times 0.007854 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}}{\sqrt{(314.16)^2 - (0.007854)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{50328837.21 \times 165555}{304} = 0.165 \text{ m}$$

304

$$= 165.56 \text{ l/s}$$

$$(3) D_1 = 15 \text{ cm } D_2 = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$C_d = 0.64, S.g = 0.9$$

Solution:

$$A_1 = \pi d^2/4 = \pi \times (0.15)^2/4 = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \pi d^2/4 = \pi \times (0.3)^2/4 = 0.07068 \text{ m}^2$$

$$H = \pi \left[ \frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{H}{\pi} \left[ \frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right] = 7.05$$

$$Q = \frac{C_d \cdot A_0 A_2 \sqrt{2gh}}{A_2^2 - (A_0)^2}$$

$$Q = \frac{0.64 \times 0.01767 \times 0.07068 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.05}}{\sqrt{(0.07068)^2 - (0.01767)^2}}$$

$$Q = \frac{9.35 \times 10^{-3}}{40.112} = 2.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$(4) \text{ Dnt of mercury level, } x = 170 \text{ mm} = 0.17 \text{ m, } S.g \text{ of mercury} = 13.6,$$

Specific gravity = 1.026, Solution:

$$H = x \left[ \frac{S.g}{S_0} - 1 \right] = 0.17 \left[ \frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 2.0834 \text{ m}$$