

Modulim Tochukwu Adrian

17/Eng04/04/

Electrical/Electronics Engineering

EEE 326 am

A 25kVA, 415V 3 phase 4 pole, 60Hz Wye connected synchronous
reactance of 1.5 Ω /phase

- Determine excitation voltage when delivering kVA at 0.8pf
- If pf increased by 20% w/o changing power and I_r and θ
- What is steady state and determine stator current

Solution

$$S_r = 25 \text{ kVA} \quad V_L = 415 \text{ V} \quad 3 \phi \quad 4 \text{ pole}$$

$$n = 4$$

$$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\text{pf} = 0.8 \text{ (lagging)} \therefore \cos \theta = 0.8 \Rightarrow \theta = 36.87^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } E_a &= V_f + jX_s I_a + R_a I_a \\ &= V_f + jX_s I_a \\ \therefore \theta &= 36.87^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$V_L = 415$$

$$V_f = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= 239.6 \angle 0^\circ$$

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$$I_a = \frac{S_c}{\sqrt{3} \times V_c} = \frac{25 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3} \times 415}$$
$$= 34.78 \angle 36.87^\circ$$

$$E_s = V_p + jX_2 I_a$$
$$= 239.6 \angle 0^\circ + 1.5 \angle 90^\circ \times 34.78 \angle 36.87^\circ$$
$$= 270.5 + j41.74$$
$$\Rightarrow 473.51 \angle 8.7^\circ \text{ V}$$

b)

$$I_a = \frac{E_a - V}{jX_2} \quad I_A = \frac{E_a - V}{jX_2}$$

recall $E_1 \sin \delta_1 = E_2 \sin \delta_2$

$$\sin \delta_2 = \frac{279 \sin 8.7^\circ}{628.20}$$

$$\sin \delta_2 = 0.127$$

$$\delta_2 = \sin^{-1} 0.127 \Rightarrow 7.41^\circ$$

$$I_A = \frac{328.2 \angle 7.41^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{328.2 \angle 7.41^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{1.5 \angle 90^\circ}$$

$$= 2.844 - j57.21$$

$$= 65.90 \angle -65.61^\circ$$

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$$ii) \text{ Pf} = \cos \theta \quad \cos(63.6)$$

$\therefore 0.4$ lagging

$$Q = \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \sin \theta$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 63.90 \times \sin 63.6^\circ$$

$$= 414 \text{ kVAR}$$

$$c) I_A = \frac{E_{as} - V}{jX_2}$$

n.b = same conditions in a)

$$= \frac{273.91 \angle 90^\circ - 239.6 \angle 0^\circ}{j1.5}$$

$$= 182.34 + j159.73$$

$$I_{A3} = 242.4 \angle 41.21^\circ$$

$$ii) \text{ Pf} = \cos(41.21)$$

$$= +0.75$$

Since it's positive it is leading

$$Q_c = \sqrt{3} \times V_L \times I_L \times \sin \theta$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times 415 \times 242.4 \times \sin(41.21)$$

$$= 115 \text{ kVAR}$$