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Computer Engineering

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FLUID MECHANICS

ENG 214

To get h;

$$\frac{P_1}{w} - \frac{P_2}{w} = h.$$

$$P_1 = 17.668 \times 10^4 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$w = 9.81 \times 10^3 \text{ N/m}^3$$

But we have that throat vacuum pressure = 30 cm of Hg

$$= 0.3 \text{ m Hg}$$

$$= 0.3 \times 13.6 = 4.08$$

$$\frac{P_2}{w} = -4.08 \text{ (since vacuum pressure)}$$

$$\text{Then } \frac{P_1}{w} = \frac{17.668 \times 10^4}{9.81 \times 10^3} = 18.$$

$$\therefore \frac{P_1}{w} - \frac{P_2}{w} ; 18 - (-4.08) = 22.08.$$

$$Q = C_d A_1 A_2 \sqrt{\frac{2gh}{(A_1^2 - A_2^2)}}$$

$$= 0.98 \times 0.0314 \times 7.85 \times 10^{-3} \times \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 9.81 \times 22.08}{(0.0314^2 - (7.85 \times 10^{-3})^2)}}$$

$$= 2.4156 \times 10^{-4} \times 684.59.$$

$$= 0.1653$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 0.1653 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

3.) Orificemeter; Given that:

$$d_o = 15 \text{ cm} = 15 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Pipe Diameter, } d_p = 30 \text{ cm} = 30 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$A_o = \frac{\pi \times (15 \times 10^{-2})^2}{4}$$

$$A_p = \frac{\pi \times (30 \times 10^{-2})^2}{4}$$

$$= 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 0.07069 \text{ m}^2$$

S.P.G of Oil = 0.9 (S_o)

Coefficient of discharge = 0.64

Reading of differential = 50 cm Hg.

$$\text{Differential head } h_1 = y \left[\frac{5hL}{50} - 1 \right]$$

$$5hL = 13.6$$

$$y = 50 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$h = 50 \times 10^{-2} \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right]$$

$$h = 50 \times 10^{-2} \times 14.11$$

$$= 7.055 \text{ m}$$

$$Q = C_d A_0 A_p \sqrt{\frac{2gh}{A_p^2 - A_0^2}}$$

$$= 0.64 \times 0.01767 \times 0.07069 \times \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 9.81 \times 7.055}{(0.07069^2) - (0.01767^2)}}$$

$$= \frac{7.994 \times 10^{-4} \times 11.765}{\sqrt{4.68 \times 10^{-3}}}$$

$$= 0.1374 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$4.) y = 170 \text{ mmHg} = 0.17 \text{ mHg}, \quad s.g.Hg = 13.6, \quad s.g.w = 1.026$$

$$\Delta h = y \left(\frac{s.g.Hg}{s.g.w} - 1 \right)$$

$$\Delta h = 0.17 \left(\frac{13.6}{1.026} - 1 \right)$$

$$\Delta h = 2.08 \text{ m}$$

$$V = \sqrt{2g\Delta h}$$

$$V = \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 2.08}$$

$$V = 6.388 \text{ m/s}$$

$$5.) Q = 0.05 \text{ dm}^3/\text{mm} = 8.33 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$\text{Speed of Rotabon} = 1700 \text{ Rev/min} = 28.3 \text{ Rev/sec}$$

$$\text{Nominal Displacement} = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev} = 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{rev}$$

$$\text{Torque Input} = 15 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\text{Pressure Change} = 15 \text{ bar} = 15 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\text{Ideal Flowrate} = \text{Nominal displacement} \times \text{Speed Rotabon}$$

$$= 10^{-5} \times 28.3 = 2.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$