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DEPARTMENT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

MATRIC NO: 19/SCI01/078

NUMBER 1 and 2

① If $A = 5i - 7j - 6k$; $B = j + 4k$; $C = 4i - 4j + k$
To find $-r(A+B) \cdot (C-A)$
 $\Rightarrow -8(5i - 7j - 6k + j + 4k) \cdot (4i - 4j + k - (5i - 7j - 6k))$
 $= -8(5i - 6j - 2k) \cdot (9i - 4j + k - 5i + 7j + 6k)$
 $= (-40i + 48j + 16k) \cdot (4i + 3j + 7k)$
 $= -160 + 144 + 122 = \underline{96}$

② $T = \frac{dr/dt}{|dr/dt|}$
where $r = xi + yj + zk$
 $\therefore r = (-3t)i + (t^2)j + (4t^3)k$
 $\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{d[(-3t)i + (t^2)j + (4t^3)k]}{dt}$
 $\frac{dr}{dt} = -3i + 2tj + 12t^2k$
at $t=1$; $\frac{dr}{dt} = -3i + 2(1)j + 12(1)^2k$
 $= -3i + 2j + 12k$
 $\left| \frac{dr}{dt} \right|_{t=1} = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (2)^2 + (12)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{9 + 4 + 144}$
 $= \sqrt{157} = 12.53 //$

Number 2 completion

$\therefore T = \frac{-3i + 2j + 12k}{12.53} //$

Number 3

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x = -8t^2, \quad y = t^2 - 4t, \quad z = t + 1$$

$$r = xi + yj + zk = (-8t^2)i + (t^2 - 4t)j + (t + 1)k$$

$$\textcircled{v} \text{ Velocity} = \frac{dr}{dt} = (-16t)i + (2t - 4)j + k$$

$$\textcircled{a} \text{ Acceleration} = \frac{dv}{dt} = -16i + 2j + k$$

Number 4 and 5

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{4} \quad (\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) \times \bar{C} \\
 \bar{A} \times \bar{B} &= \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 2 & -4 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = i \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \\
 &= i(2-12) - j(1-8) + k(-3-4) \\
 &= i(-10) - j(1+8) + k(-7) \\
 &= -10i - 9j - 7k
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) \times \bar{C} &= \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -10 & -9 & -7 \\ 0 & 4 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = i \begin{vmatrix} -9 & -7 \\ 4 & -3 \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} -10 & -7 \\ 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} -10 & -9 \\ 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \\
 &= i(27 - (-28)) - j(30 - 0) + k(-40 - 0) \\
 &= i(55) - 30j - 40k \\
 &= \underline{\underline{55i - 30j - 40k}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{5} \quad R &= 4\sin 3t i + 4e^{3t} j + 7t^3 k \\
 \int R &= i \int_0^1 4\sin 3t dt + j \int_0^1 4e^{3t} dt + k \int_0^1 7t^3 dt \\
 \int R &= 4i \int_0^1 \sin 3t + 4j \int_0^1 e^{3t} + 7k \int_0^1 t^3 \\
 \int R &= \frac{4i}{3} (-\cos(3t)) \Big|_0^1 + \frac{4j}{3} e^{3t} \Big|_0^1 + \frac{7k}{4} t^4 \Big|_0^1 \\
 \int R &= \frac{-4 \cos(3t)}{3} i \Big|_0^1 + \frac{4e^{3t}}{3} j \Big|_0^1 + \frac{7t^4}{4} k \Big|_0^1 \\
 \int R &= \left[\frac{-4 \cos(3(1))}{3} - \left(\frac{-4 \cos(3(0))}{3} \right) \right] i + \left[\frac{4e^{3(1)}}{3} - \frac{4e^{3(0)}}{3} \right] j \\
 &\quad + \left[\frac{7(1)^4}{4} - \frac{7(0)^4}{4} \right] k
 \end{aligned}$$

Number 5 completion

$$\int_0^1 R = \left[-1.33 - \left(\frac{-4}{3} \right) \right] i + \left[\frac{80.34}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \right] j + (1.75 - 0) k$$

$$\int_0^1 A = (-1.33 - (-1.33)) i + (26.78 - 1.33) j + 1.75 k$$

$$R = 0i + 25.45j + 1.75k = 25.45j + 1.75k$$

