

From  $\frac{d^2 E_y}{dx^2} = (j\omega\mu\epsilon - \gamma^2) E_y$

where  $\rightarrow \frac{d^2 E_y}{dx^2} = \gamma^2 E_y$

$E_y = E_0 e^{-\alpha x} = E_0 e^{-\gamma x} e^{j\omega t}$   
 $\frac{d^2 E_y}{dx^2} = j\omega\mu\epsilon E_y = \gamma^2 E_y$

$\gamma = \frac{r^2}{j\omega\mu\epsilon} = \alpha + j\beta$

from  $\sqrt{j} = \frac{1+j}{\sqrt{2}}$

we have;  $\gamma = \frac{j\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2} + j\sqrt{\frac{\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}}$

$\rightarrow \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}}$  &  $\beta = \sqrt{\frac{\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}}$

$\therefore E_y = E_0 e^{-\sqrt{\frac{\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}} x} \times e^{-j\sqrt{\frac{\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}} x}$

$\therefore$  we have;  $\rightarrow E_y = E_0 e^{-\alpha x} e^{-j\beta x}$

This indicates that the amplitude of the wave decreases exponentially as it penetrates a conductive medium by factor  $e^{-\alpha x}$

b) Skin depth is the depth of penetration of a wave inside a conductor

$\gamma = \sqrt{\frac{2\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}}$  and  $\omega = 2\pi f$

$\alpha = \sqrt{\frac{2\omega\mu\epsilon r^2}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{I}{\sigma \mu r^2}}$

$\therefore \delta = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\omega\mu\epsilon}}$  or  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\sigma \mu \omega}}$

$$f = 10 \text{ MHz} \approx 1 \times 10^7 \text{ Hz}$$

$$r = 5.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}, \quad \mu_r = 1 \quad \mu_0 = 1.257 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\delta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi f \mu_r}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi f \mu_0}}$$

$$\mu = \mu_r \times \mu_0 = 1 \times 1.257 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\delta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi \times 1 \times 10^7 \times 1.257 \times 10^{-6} \times 5.8 \times 10^{-7}}}$$

$$\delta = 2.09 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

$$b = 10 \text{ mm} \quad a = 3 \text{ mm}, \quad \epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$= 0.01 \text{ m} = 0.003 \text{ m} \quad \mu_0 = 1.257 \times 10^{-6}$$

a Capacitance Per meter

$$C = \frac{2\pi \epsilon_0 b}{\log \frac{b}{a}}$$

$$C = \frac{2\pi \times 8.85 \times 10^{-12}}{\log \frac{0.01}{0.003}}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi \times 8.85 \times 10^{-12}}{\log 28.03}$$

$$C = 2.84 \times 10^{-4} \text{ F/m}$$

B

Inductance per meter

$$L = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \log \frac{b}{a}$$

$$L = \frac{1.257 \times 10^{-6}}{2\pi} \log \frac{0.01}{0.003}$$

$$= \frac{1.257 \times 10^{-6}}{2\pi} \log 28.03$$

$$L \approx 2.90 \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$$

Characteristic Impedance

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{L/C}$$

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{2.90 \times 10^{-7}}{3.84 \times 10^{-4}}}$$

$$Z_0 = 86.90 \Omega$$

Phase velocity

$$v_p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2.9 \times 10^{-7} \times 3.84 \times 10^{-4}}} = 29.10 \times 10^7 \text{ m/s}$$