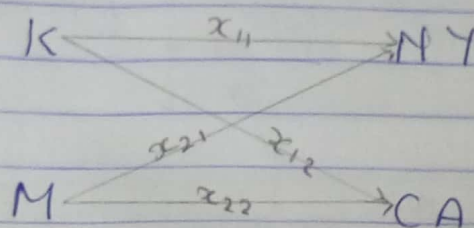


## QUESTION 2

PRODUCERS	NUMBER OF BAGS	TRANSPORTATION COST	
		NEW YORK (NY)	CALIFORNIA (CA)
Kansas (K)	15	\$ 2 a	\$ 3 b
Mexico (M)	8	\$ 4 c	\$ 1 d

PRODUCER      NO OF BAGS

DISTRIBUTION CITY	NO OF BAGS
New York	10
California	13



Decision variable:  $x_{ij}$

Producers constraint

$$x_{11} + x_{12} = 15$$

$$x_{21} + x_{22} = 8$$

Consumer constraint:

$$x_{11} + x_{21} = 10$$

$$x_{12} + x_{22} = 13$$

$$\text{Min } Z = a x_{11} + b x_{12} + c x_{21} + d x_{22}$$

~~$$\text{Min } Z = a_{11} x_{11} + a_{12} x_{12} + a_{21} x_{21} + a_{22} x_{22}$$~~

$$\text{Min } Z = 2x_{11} + 3x_{12} + 4x_{21} + 1x_{22}$$

subject to:

$$x_{11} + x_{12} = 15$$

$$x_{21} + x_{22} = 8$$

$$x_{11} + x_{21} = 10$$

$$x_{12} + x_{22} = 13$$

$$\forall x_{ij} \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \quad j = 1, 2$$

STEP 1: Find the Initial Solution

From \ To	NY	CA	Supply
Kansas	a 12	b 13	15
Mexico	c 4	d 11	8
Demand	10	13	

where the values in top right are the transportation costs from producer to consumer.

For cell a,

demand < supply,

hence,  $a = \text{demand}$

$$a = 10$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{supply} &= \text{supply} - a \\ &= 15 - 10 \\ &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{demand} &= \text{demand} - a \\ &= 10 - 10 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

From \ To	NY	CA	Supply
Kansas	a 10	b 5	5
Mexico	c 4	d 11	8
Demand	0	13	

For cell b,

demand > supply

hence,

$$b = \text{supply}$$

$$b = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{supply} &= \text{supply} - b \\ &= 5 - 5 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{demand} &= \text{demand} - b \\ &= 13 - 5 \\ &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

From \ To	NY	CA	Supply
Kansas	a 10	b 5	0
Mexico	c 4	d 11	8
Demand	0	8	

For cell c,  
there is no demand. Hence,  $c = 0$

For cell d,  
demand = supply  
 $d = \text{demand}$   
 $d = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{demand} &= \text{demand} - d & ; & \quad \text{supply} = \text{supply} - d \\ &= 8 - 8 & & \quad = 8 - 8 \\ &= 0 & & \quad = 0 \end{aligned}$$

From \ To	NY	CA	Supply
Kansas	10	5	0
Mexico	4	8	0
Demand	0	0	

Step II: Find  $R_s$  (rows) &  $k_s$  (columns)

Take  $R_1 = 0$   
 $R + K = C$

~~$R_1 + k_1 = 2$~~

$k_1 = 2 \quad k_2 = 3$

	From \ To	NY	CA	Supply
$R_1 = 0$	Kansas	10	5	0
$R_2 = -2$	Mexico	4	8	0
	Demand	0	0	

$R_1 + k_1 = C$

$0 + k_1 = 2$

$k_1 = 2$

$R_1 + k_2 = C$

$0 + k_2 = 3$

$k_2 = 3$

$$R_2 + K_2 = 1$$

$$R_2 + 3 = 1$$

$$R_2 = 1 - 3$$

$$R_2 = -2$$

Step III : Calculate Improvement Index for cell c

$$I = C - R - K$$

$$I = C - R_2 - K_1$$

$$I = 4 - (-2) - 2$$

$$= 4 + 2 - 2$$

$$= 4$$

Since improvement index is POSITIVE, we have reached optimal solution

$$X_{11} = 10$$

$$X_{12} = 5$$

$$X_{21} = 0$$

$$X_{22} = 8$$

From \ To	NY	CA
Kansas	10	5
Mexico	0	8

## QUESTION 1

$n$  = number of employees in a month;  $n = 30$

$c$  = number of carpets made in a month

$s$  = monthly salary of employee

$a$  = number of carpets made during overtime

$$\text{Overtime pay} = s + 0.8s = 1.8s$$

$$\text{carpets stored in hand} \geq 0$$

total carpets made in a month by each employee:

$$c = 30 + a$$

Workers can be hired or fired. Hence, workers in a month;

$$n = n + h - f$$

where  $h$  = no of hired employees

$f$  = no of fired employees

Number of carpets in hand:  $c_h$

$$c_h = c + ss - sc$$

$$c_h = c + ss - sc$$

where!  $ss$  = stored surplus

$sc$  = sold carpet

The objective function is to minimize cost.

The constraints are:

number of workers

number of stored surplus

number of hired employees

number of fired employees