

$$t = 0.1:15$$

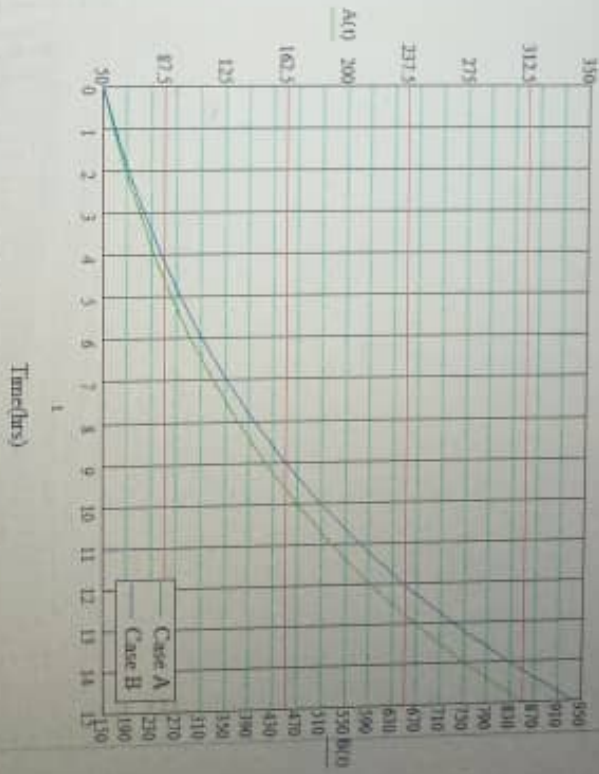
$$A(t) = 50 \exp(0.122 \cdot t)$$

t	A(t)
0	50
1	56.408
2	63.017
3	72.090
4	81.453
5	92.022
6	103.962
7	117.451
8	132.691
9	149.908
10	169.359
11	191.334
12	216.161
13	244.209
14	275.896
15	311.694

$$B(t) = 150 \exp(0.122 \cdot t)$$

t	B(t)
0	150
1	169.461
2	191.452
3	216.293
4	244.358
5	276.065
6	311.885
7	352.354
8	398.073
9	449.725
10	508.078
11	574.003
12	648.483
13	732.626
14	827.687
15	935.083

Number of bacteria for case A



Number of bacteria for case B

Numbers of bacteria versus time

Abisye Abolabi Abdulrahman
18ENG061002

ENG 282

Medical Engineering

$$y = y_0 e^{kt}$$

$$y = 3y_0, \frac{y}{y_0} = 3$$

$$A \frac{y}{y_0} = e^{kt} = 3 \text{ at } t = 9$$

$$B \frac{y}{y_0} = e^{kt} = 9 \text{ at } t = 18$$

$$A y_0 = 50 \dots \textcircled{i}$$

$$B y_0 = 150 \dots \textcircled{ii}$$

$$y_0 = 50 e^{kt} \dots \textcircled{iii}$$

$$y = 150 e^{kt} \dots \textcircled{iv}$$

$$A e \quad 3 = e^{kt}$$

$$\ln 3 = 1kt$$

$$\ln 3 = 9k$$

$$k = \frac{\ln 3}{9}$$

$$k = 0.122$$

$$9 = e^{kt}$$

$$\ln 9 = 18k$$

$$\frac{\ln 9}{18} = k$$

$$k = 0.122$$

$$y = 50 e^{0.122t}$$

$$y = 150 e^{0.122t}$$